

THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL



AN OLD TURK, CONSTANTINOPLE

Vol. IV. September, 1927 No. 9

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THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

SEPTEMBER, 1927

Peasants of Delarne

By HALLETT JOHNSON, *Secretary, Paris*

THE peasants of the province of Dalecarlia, which forms the heart of Sweden, are different from any class of people that are to be found in the United States in that they not only freely admit that they are peasants, but glory in the fact. In America we claim that all men are born free and equal, but our actions often belie the maxim, while in Dalarne the peasant in his every word and action lets it be known that he is the equal of any in the land, invariably addressing even the King by the pronoun "Du," the equivalent of the English "Thou," a word only used between equals. I recently visited a little Dalecarlian farm which had been in the present owner's family for 300 years and found on the living-room table signed photographs of the King and Queen of Sweden. The peasant told me that they had been given him by the King personally the last time His Majesty had called upon him. He added that the King's courtesy was not quite reciprocal, however, as when the Swedish ruler came to Rattvik he always called upon him immediately and when he, Lars Larson, came to Stockholm the previous winter and called upon the King, His Majesty could not receive him the same day but told him to come back on the morrow.

Needless to say the Dalecarlian who calls the King by his first name does not kowtow to a mere member of the nobility. An anecdote told of the old time before steam transportation would be equally true of their attitude today. A peasant in his working clothes drove up in an old farm wagon to a certain post station and

succeeded in changing his tired horses for the last two fresh animals that were to be had that day. As they were being harnessed up the Governor of the Province drove up in great style with coachmen and footmen in livery and finding that there were no extra horses demanded those which were being harnessed up by the peasant. The peasant calmly refused and the Governor, in a rage, said: "Do you know who I am? I am the Governor of the Province, Chamberlain to the King and a Knight of the Royal Order of the North Star." "Well, well," replied the peasant, "and do you know who I am?" The Governor was somewhat startled by this remark and wondering whether his questioner was a Prince travelling incognito, said: "No, who are you?" The peasant placed himself squarely in front of the nobleman and replied in no undecided tones: "I Am the Man That Ordered Those Horses."

The Dalecarlians have a certain right to treat even the King as their equal as it was by their aid that Gustavus Vasa drove the Danes from Sweden and made the foundation of the modern kingdom. The adventures of King Gösta in Dalarne form a more picturesque and thrilling narrative than the episodes told of King Alfred himself.

In 1520 a Danish King ruled in Stockholm. One young noble, however, had not trusted himself in the city controlled by Christian II and escaped into Dalecarlia. While Gustavus Vasa was at this time but a youth of 24, King Christian feared him and went over the province



with a fine tooth comb to find him. Gustavus donning a home-spun suit, cutting his hair squarely off and an axe over his shoulder, tramped the old province till he found work threshing grain in the barn of Anders Persson at Rankhyttan. The discovery by a girl on the farm of a gold embroidered collar showing above the peasant costume caused him to flee again and he found refuge in a cottage at Ornäs, but the Danes pursuing him thither he was forced to make his escape at midnight by the aid of a rope made of sheets given him by the peasant's wife, Barbro Stigsdotter. His next refuge, another peasant's house, was actually searched by Danish soldiers, but the quick-witted housewife saved him from recognition by striking him across the shoulders with her rolling pin crying: "Out with you, you lazy oaf, hustle out to the barn and finish your work." Later at Mora the ruse of concealing a small trap door into the cellar by placing a huge tub full of Christmas ale over it saved him from imminent danger.

After such adventures the young noble was heart-broken to find that the Dalecarlians were so sick of warfare that they would not rise against the Danes and he himself was therefore forced to start on a long journey on skis toward the Norwegian frontier and safety. It was only when the mountains of Norway were in sight that two peasants who had pursued him caught up and gave him the glad news that Dalarne could no longer stand the tyranny of the foreign invader and would rise under his standard. The skiers retraced their long wintry journey and Gustavus Vasa, instead of seeking sanctuary in Norway led a move-

ment which was to determine the fate of Sweden and in its results have great influence on the outcome of the 30 years' war and the protection of Protestantism.

When Gustavus reached Mora the peasants elected him "Lord and Chieftain over Dalarne and the whole realm of Sweden," and rose in his support like the Minute Men of our own revolutionary days. Their arms consisted only of axes and clubs, bows and arrows. Five thousand of them confronted the Danish army on the Dal River and the latter, although superior in numbers, beat a retreat. The peasants pursued them. But it took two years more of strenuous fighting to take Stockholm, where, on Midsummer's day in 1523 King Gustavus Vasa made a triumphant entry.

The peasants of Dalecarlia had not, however, like our own Minute Men limited themselves to driving out a king; they had placed another king upon the throne, but like our forebears they would not permit even the king of their own making to tax them without representation and when Gustavus in dire need of money attempted arbitrary measures they rose against him time and again until eventually their rights were recognized. The peasants had "set King Gustav in his high seat" but they were quite ready to attempt to unseat him if he tried to take from them their ancient liberties. At a time when the peasantry of the rest of Europe was suffering under the feudal system the Dalecarlian was making his rights respected and it has been well said that "in no other contemporary European state could so self-reliant a class of yeoman be found."

The qualities of the



Photo by Hallett Johnson

NINETY YEARS OLD



Dalecarlian are those which particularly appeal to Americans and from which Americans can learn many lessons. The peasant, while treating the King as an equal, treats his own servant, if he has one, in the same manner, and has an unequaled simple dignity and simplicity of character. He is entirely unaffected. At the small hotels in Dalarne the guests including Swedish nobles and members of the diplomatic corps can and do dance with the waitresses in their charmingly picturesque costumes and the wives of the most important visitors dance with the men servants without the slightest loss of dignity on either side. The peasants are magnificent physical specimens, tall and broad of shoulder and their fair hair and blue eyes recall vividly the days when their ancestors participated in the Viking expeditions. They are immaculately dressed in their traditional costume. The women's costume consists of a long, wide skirt of some thick dark blue or black material, with strips of bright colored cloth sewed horizontally in the shape of an apron, but forming part of the skirt. The blouse is white with long wide sleeves, narrow at the wrist, covered in part by a wide girdle of either bright green or red lustrous silk, laced together in front with bright ribbon and with narrow bands over the shoulder. Gay colored kerchiefs are worn about the neck. The kerchief is folded into a triangle, the two corners meeting and pinned in front with a silver pin, the other corners of the kerchief forming a V in the back. The hat belonging to this costume, shaped like a cornet, is made of thick black material and edged with red, two ribbons hanging down the back with woolen balls fastened to the ends.

The men dress in a short white coat, trimmed with bright red,

light-colored buckskin breeches, tied about the knee with bright red woolen ribbons upon the ends of which are little red balls which are allowed to hang down and swing back and forth. They wear either white or bright red woolen stockings and low shoes with big buckles of silver, or for daily wear wooden shoes.

Cleanliness is not only typical of their costumes but of their houses and persons as well.

We can follow to advantage, however, the example set us by the Dalecarlian in other ways. He is not restless but loves the land and is content to live and die upon it. Some of the old farms of the province have been in the possession of the same families for a dozen generations, and they would sooner part with their right hand than with their patrimony. The old province does not support all its sons and fortunately for us numbers of them cross the Atlantic but I have known of several cases where an emigrant, who was very successful in his new life, returned to Dalecarlia when he as the oldest son inherited a portion of the old estate. Usually the land is divided among the children

of the family and divisions and marriages often bring it about that a peasant will own several plots of land separated from one another by a considerable distance. He carries his worship of his own land to such an extent that rather than sell a distant part of his holding and buy land adjacent to his homestead he will walk for miles to cut the hay on a distant meadow and carry it back to his home.

Tradition is a strong force in the Dalecarlian's life and he is not easily separated from the customs of his ancestors. Even now he wears the old costume and is not deterred by its cost which is greater than the ugly modern suits which are manufactured by



Photo by Hallett Johnson

FIREPLACE IN A PEASANT COTTAGE



Photo by Hallett Johnson

LAKE SILJAN

Called the "Eye of the Dales"

the hundreds of thousands and therefore cheaper. Tradition also to some extent governs his means of locomotion, for although the unpicturesque bicycle and even the motor have some popularity there may still be seen on Lake Siljan, the Eye of the Dales, the old church boats shaped like Viking ships and rowed by 20 oarsmen singing hymns as they row and proceeding toward the parish church. The Dalecarlian has the most intense loyalty to his own parish and would as soon think of going to a church in another parish as he would of attempting to vote in a district in which he was not a resident. Many characteristics of these peasants bring them very close in spiritual relationship to our own forebears for they are the most

for there this pretty custom has been observed for a thousand years and, in fact, it is believed to be the survival of the custom of the tree worshippers who lived in hoary antiquity. In Dalecarlia the May Pole, which ushers in the summer is decorated with leaves, flowers and colored eggshells and a reproduction of such poles may be seen on the earliest Northern woodcuts.

Another pretty tradition which is still universally observed is the decoration of windows and doors with fresh green birch branches on midsummer's day; in fact, not only houses are decorated in this way, but horses and carriages and in the country one meets troops of young men and women carrying birch branches in their hands. Had MacBeth been in Dalecarlia on

any midsummer's day within the memory of man, he might readily have been excused for believing that the woods of Dunsinane (or of Siljanskogen) were approaching his castle.

Such pretty customs give the lie to the foreigner's first impression that the Swedish countryman is somewhat solemn and lacking in imagination, for while it is true that they lack the effervescent gaiety of the Frenchman and are somewhat shy, they



Photo by Hallett Johnson

A SIXTEENTH CENTURY HOUSE



possess great funds of quiet gaiety and an extraordinary depth of imagination. This is evident to anyone who has read that wonderful book by Selma Lagerlöf, descriptive of another province and called GOSTA BERLING, which is full of the most vivid imagination from cover to cover. It is through his imagination that the Swedish peasant keeps alive his folk-lore and even believes in many harmless and amusing superstitions. It would be surprising for a hard-headed Yankee to meet a Dalecarlian girl strolling through the Dales in the middle of a summer night with no apparent objective, but if he watched her carefully he would see her pick seven different kinds of white flowers and take them home. If the visitor from New England should inquire of the wandering maiden the object of her search he would receive no reply for according to the old tale she would believe that if she maintained perfect silence and upon her return home placed the seven white flowers under her pillow she would in dreamland see the face of her future husband.

It is a delight to be traveling through Dalecarlia and if you do not meet such maidens at midnight you at least see them in the long summer evenings dancing with the young men of their choice on the little wooden platforms which spring up like mushrooms in every country village with the approach of summer. They are not likely to be riotous or noisy in their enjoyment, but they are so evidently having a good time that it is a pleasure to watch them. Contentment and quiet fun is their objective rather than riotous gaiety and this may explain the fact that law and order are respected far more in

Sweden than they are with us. And with it all they are kindly towards each other and towards their dogs and their horses; they are hard to anger, but once given good cause beware their berserk rage. Since the time of King Knut or of the overrunning of Europe of the troops of Charles XII the fighting qualities of the Swede have never been doubted.

These sturdy peasants, when they come to our country, show themselves to be entirely adaptable and while they take advantage of the great opportunities we offer them, they assume the full duties of citizenship and are loyal Americans, while never forgetting their original homeland. It is because of such characteristics that we are glad to see numbers of the finest kind of emigrants asking to have their passports visaed for America in our Consulate General in Stockholm.

It may be true that in Sweden there is not an unalloyed enthusiasm at the departure of her sons from their own country, but as I remarked in a speech during the recent Swedish-American Week held in connection with the Gothenburg Exposition, even those holding a brief against leaving home sometimes change their mind as in the case of a certain old Irishman. It seems that Pat was addicted to the use of maxims upon every possible occasion and his son tired so of hearing them that much to Pat's disgust he ran away from home. Upon his son's return in rags a year later his father refused him admittance saying: "Micky, me boy, a rolling stone gathers no moss." Mickey fared forth again and this time we will imagine that he went to the United States. In any



Photo by Hallett Johnson

BED IN THE WALL



event he succeeded and on returning home a year or two later was not dressed in rags, but in a silk hat, yellow gloves and shiny shoes. Pat, upon seeing these outward evidences of success threw his arms around his son and changing his maxim to suit the occasion, shouted: "Micky, me lad, the rambling bee gathers the honey." And Dalecarlians usually bring back the honey when they revisit their native land.

BROUGHT UP TO BE A SOLDIER

Sir,—I beg to inform you that, being gladly to change my radical, I want to enrol into the American Tribe (or subject, as I dislike to stay here more on account of the unmannerly habit (also dirty). I therefore would like Your Honour to favour me, in permitting this, a particular or regulation regarding the custom of Your country. Notwithstanding I willing to go abroad but there is something to prevent me in the impossibility start of passage fare, so I desire the best way is, going to adequate as a sailor on some of your Man of War, so that we can start without obstruction. I am verily liking to act as a soldier or sailor, as my grandfather was the Major General when he was lived: It is also to say that the soldier is the basis of the higher and highest officialism, whether it is a way in

this, can Your men help me to do any good in making me into the enrollment. because I have my elder mother here—she is unable to support herself, so I think she best is in here in also order I can foster my mother if doing that. If you could do that I have many friends who are in the same inclination as I am. For this purpose I will have to entreat Your Honour to allow me in this, and oblige.

Yours very faithfully,

servant,

Y. S. D.

—From J. K. Davis.

CANDIDATE—CLERKSHIP

To His Excellency the
Ambassador of United States,
Dear Sir:—

I am encouraged by my knowledge of your kindness to beg your most valuable assistance with regard to the difficulties which at present surround me.

I, a native of N . . . K . . . , nineteen years of age, have been studied the English in a period of six years in S . . . C . . . University, moreover, I have a fair knowledge of Chinese. According the time of one year's ago, I am still a reach family, after the second revolution broken out,

my whole family, but my mother, were dead in the cannon-shot, and I suddenly became a poor and hypochondriac young man.

By the compelling of livelihood I was obliged to come here for finding my relation, sorry he had moved away.

At present I have not any money to support my daily expense, and I have no friend here. It is true that I am in a very brink of misery and ruin. Be that as it may, I venture to apply to you as a candidate-clerkship in your noble council.

I shall anxiously await your reply.



Photo by Hallett Johnson

LEAVING CHURCH

American Foreign Service Association

Report of Executive Committee for the year 1926-27.

THE Executive Committee has the honor to submit the following report covering the activities of the Association during the past year.

At the second annual meeting of the Association held in the Department on June 29, 1926, Messrs. Nelson T. Johnson, Frederic R. Dolbeare and Stokeley W. Morgan were elected members of the Executive Committee to fill the vacancies created by the transfer to the field of Messrs. White, Totten and Reed. Messrs. William Dawson and Coert du Bois remained on the Committee from the previous year.

At its first meeting the Executive Committee selected Mr. Dawson and Mr. Dolbeare as its Chairman and Vice Chairman, respectively. There has been no change in the personnel of the Committee during the year except those resulting from the transfers of Messrs. Dolbeare and du Bois, whose places were not filled owing to the impending election of a new Committee.

The other officers of the association, as elected by the Executive Committee in July, 1926, in accordance with the Articles of Association have been as follows:

Secretary-Treasurer of the Association, Mr. Wallace S. Murray.

Editor of the JOURNAL, Mr. Felix Cole.

Associate Editors of the JOURNAL. Messrs. J. Theodore Marriner and William W. Heard.

Business Manager of the JOURNAL, Mr. Frank C. Lee.

Associate Business Managers of the JOURNAL, Messrs. Monnett B. Davis and Eugene M. Hinkle.

Treasurer of the JOURNAL, Mr. Fletcher Warren.

Chairman of the Luncheon Committee, Mr. George Wadsworth.

All of the foregoing officers are still serving in the capacities indicated and the Executive Committee desires to take advantage of this opportunity to express to them its cordial and grateful appreciation of their willing and efficient cooperation.

A general meeting of the Association was held in the Department on December 6, 1926, for the purpose of considering certain amendments to the Articles of Association proposed by the Executive Committee.

At this meeting an amendment was adopted

providing for the annual election of a President, Vice President and Executive Committee by an Electoral College composed of officers detailed to the Department and chosen by a referendum vote of the active membership of the Association. This amendment which went into effect immediately and under which the officers for the year 1927-28 have already been elected was proposed by the Executive Committee upon the recommendation of a special committee composed of Messrs. Frederick T. F. Dumont, Chairman, and J. Theodore Marriner and J. Klahr Huddle.

A second amendment extending the powers of the Executive Committee with reference to the handling of funds and authorizing, under certain limitations, the use of the funds of the Association for the assistance of members, was likewise approved at the general meeting held on December 6, 1926, subject to ratification by a majority of the active membership. This amendment was subsequently duly ratified by a majority vote and is now in effect.

In view of the foregoing amendments and in order to make available, in particular to the field members, information concerning the Association and their rights and duties, the Executive Committee has had printed and distributed as a supplement to the July issue of the JOURNAL the Articles of Association as they now stand.

Thanks to the efficient and untiring efforts of the Editor and Business Manager and their associates the JOURNAL has been published regularly and has maintained a uniformly high standard.

During the past year, the Editor has with the approval of the Executive Committee undertaken to enlist the cooperation of a number of correspondents abroad with a view to obtaining a greater amount of information concerning the personal activities of the members. This plan is meeting with a cordial response and will, it is believed, considerably augment the usefulness and interest of the JOURNAL.

The greatest credit is due to Mr. Wadsworth for his exceedingly successful handling of the luncheons of the Association. Acknowledgment should likewise be made of the cooperation of the pupils of the Foreign Service School who have assisted Mr. Wadsworth during the winter.



The Executive Committee has had some correspondence during the year with Mr. Herman E. Gasch who is interested in establishing a Foreign Service club in premises situated at 1729 G Street, Northwest. While recognizing the advantages which such a club would afford and the desirability of the site suggested, the Committee has not been able to convince itself of the practicability of any proposals submitted to it thus far.

The question of obtaining group insurance for Foreign Service officers has been in the minds of a number of officers for some years and has been discussed from time to time by the Executive Committee and its predecessors. The matter has recently taken concrete form, thanks to the interest and efforts of Consul General Edward S. Cunningham, who, with the assistance of Messrs. Higgins, Trammell, and Hinkle, made a careful study of group insurance during a recent visit to Washington. A number of insurance companies have shown interest and have submitted proposals which the Executive Committee is turning over to its successors in office. The Committee ventures to express the opinion that this question is one of the most important now awaiting the consideration of the Association.

As is customary the reports of the Secretary-Treasurer, Business Manager of the JOURNAL and Treasurer of the JOURNAL are submitted separately by those officers.

Attention should be called to the impending receipt by the Association of the sum of \$8,268.20 about to be turned over to it by the former American Consular Association. With this addition to its funds the Association will commence the fiscal year 1927-28 with a balance on hand of \$9,647.43. Under the present articles the Executive Committee is authorized to make loans or donations from these funds subject to certain restrictions. The Committee is likewise authorized to invest in interest bearing securities of the United States any of the surplus funds of the Association. The retiring Committee has refrained from so investing any funds in view of the short time intervening between the ratification of the amendment authorizing the investment and the end of its term of office.

*William Dawson, Chairman,
Nelson T. Johnson,
Stokeley W. Morgan.*

Financial Statement

THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATION

For the Fiscal Year From July 1, 1926, to June 30, 1927

<i>Receipts</i>		<i>Disbursements</i>	
Balance from fiscal year 1925-26....	\$1,123.53	Subsidy to AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL	\$2,168.00
Annual dues	2,777.34	Clerical assistance	240.00
Funds transferred by Consular Association	303.29	Reimbursements and refunds.....	11.00
Reimbursements	25.00	Charge on draft.....	.25
		Flowers for funerals.....	60.59
		Supplies, printing, photos, frames, etc.	64.50
		Telegrams	2.30
			\$2,546.64
		Amount on hand (checking account and cash)	1,682.52
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	\$4,229.16		\$4,229.16

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct account of all moneys received and disbursed by me as Secretary-Treasurer of the American Foreign Service Association, for the period July 1, 1926, to June 30, 1927.

Signed this 11th day of July, at Washington, D. C.

WALLACE SMITH MURRAY,
Secretary-Treasurer.



Wallace S. Murray, Secretary-Treasurer

In Account With

THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATION

For the Period June 1-30, 1927

<i>Receipts</i>		<i>Disbursements</i>	
Balance in checking account.....	\$1,025.95	AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL June share dues.....	\$120.00
Checks and cash deposited on May 31	265.00	Harry A. Havens, salary for June...	20.00
Cash on hand.....	3.28		
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	\$1,294.23	Balance carried forward checking account	\$140.00
Dues received, 26-27 regular, 26 at \$5	130.00	Balance carried forward, checks and cash for deposit.....	\$1,150.95
Dues received, 27-28 regular, 15 at \$5	75.00		
Dues received, 26-27 associate, 4 at \$5	20.00	Balance carried forward in cash on hand	508.29
From Consular Association.....	303.29		23.28
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	\$528.29		\$1,682.52
Total receipts	\$1,822.52	Total disbursements.....	\$1,822.52

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct account of all moneys received and disbursed by me as Secretary-Treasurer of the American Foreign Service Association, for the period June 1-30, 1927.

Signed this 11th day of July, A. D., 1927, in the
City of Washington, District of Columbia.

WALLACE SMITH MURRAY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Annual Report of the Business Manager

American Foreign Service Journal

June 30, 1927

THE Management takes pleasure in reporting that the past year, the first one in which the JOURNAL has been operating on its own financially, has been successful from a business standpoint, the funds on hand at the end of the the year indicate that there has been a considerable profit.

1. *Business Organization.*

The business staff of the JOURNAL has remained the same throughout the year. At the

beginning of the year, Mr. Eugene M. Hinkle was elected to the position of Associate Business Manager made vacant by the resignation of Mr. H. L. Williamson, and Mr. Fletcher Warren was elected to the position of Treasurer in place of Mr. Hugh S. Fullerton.

2. *Administration.*

It will be remembered that the Executive Committee in a meeting of January 11, 1926, approved the Manager's suggestion to the effect that

(Continued on page 305)

THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL

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The American Foreign Service Journal is published monthly by the American Foreign Service Association, and is distributed by the Association to its members gratis. The Journal is also open to private subscription in the United States and abroad at the rate of \$4.00 a year, or 35 cents a copy, payable to the American Foreign Service Journal, care Department of State, Washington, D. C.

The purposes of the Journal are (1) to serve as an exchange among American Foreign Service officers for personal news and for information and opinions respecting the proper discharge of their functions, and to keep them in touch with business and administrative developments which are of moment to them; and (2) to disseminate information respecting the work of the Foreign Service among interested persons in the United States, including business men and others having interests abroad, and young men who may be considering the foreign Service as a career.

Propaganda and articles of a tendentious nature, especially such as might be aimed to influence legislative, executive or administrative action with respect to the Foreign Service, or the Department of State, are rigidly excluded from its columns.

Contributions should be addressed to the American Foreign Service Journal, care Department of State, Washington, D. C.

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MARVELOUS, INDEED

Dear Friend:

I am now on my last lap of my trip around the world, after my call on you and getting a kodak of you.

Was a pleasure to of met up with you, and to see your quarters, finding you so well taken care of, for Americans that never travel wonder how and where you are housed. so find you well cared for, and congratulate you on your position. America intrusting her cares on you. Marvelous.

I did so enjoy my European travels, a day at League of Nations and got to see the Pope, so going home to stay put for a while after six months of constant travel.

Many thanks for your kindness to me during my call on you. Best of good wishes to you and family.

Very sincerely yours,

.....

WEARED PENCES

Dear Mr. P—— Pleas,

When my mother went to America I asked her to buy me a pair of clothes but she said that she hasn't enough money for her steamship ticket, and now my pences* are beginning to ter up and I have no other money to buy any others because at the end of the month I just have enough to pay to Mr. C——the meal and the others.

I kindly beg you Mr. P—— to see if you have a pair of weared pences* to give me until my mother will be able to send me money to comand a good pair of clothes.

I am,

Very respectfully yours,

E. H.

*Mr. P—— provided the petitioner with a pair of pants.

Shortly after Form 228, Declaration of Alien About to Depart for the United States, was instituted, some years ago, a British subject applied at the Singapore Consulate General for visa of his passport to enable him to proceed to Manila.

This is one of his answers to the questionnaire:

"I have previously resided in the Philippine Islands, as follows: Manila, Maternity Hospital, March 3-15, 1886. Object of residence: Being born."



ITEMS



THE President has appointed Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, Foreign Service Officer of Class 1, an Assistant Secretary of State. Mr. Johnson executed the oath of office and entered upon his duties on August 15.

Mr. Miles Poindexter, Ambassador to Peru, sailed from Callao on August 10 for the United States, accompanied by Mrs. Poindexter.

American Minister John Van A. MacMurray, Peking, departed for his post on August 12 for the United States. During the Minister's absence the Legation will be in charge of Counselor Ferdinand L. Mayer.

Teacher: Willie, what is an embassy?

Willie: A place where transatlantic flyers change their clothes.—*Life*.

Ambassador Myron T. Herrick, Paris, who was operated on at a hospital in Cleveland, has recovered sufficiently to return to his estate at Chagrin Falls, where he expects to remain several weeks to convalesce.

On July 27 American Minister Frederick A. Sterling, Dublin, presented his credentials to the Government of the Irish Free State. The Minister was escorted from the Consulate General by a troop of cavalry of the Saorstát Army.

According to one newspaper account of the ceremonies, "all civil participants in the reception were directed to wear full morning dress, which meant the resurrection of tall silk hats and black coats, now abandoned in Ireland except for public functions."

Mr. Robert Woods Bliss, newly appointed Ambassador to Argentina, sailed from New York for Buenos Aires on August 13 on the S. S. *American Legion*.

Consul General Robert Frazer, Jr., assigned for duty as an inspector, returned to Washington the early part of August. Consul General and Mrs. Frazer will spend their leave at Cape Cod.

The following successful candidates in the recent examination for the Foreign Service have been appointed Foreign Service Officers, unclassified (\$2,500) and instructed to report to the Department for duty on September 29, 1927:

Glenn A. Abbey.
George M. Abbott.
James C. H. Bonbright.
Sidney H. Browne, Jr.
Vinton Chapin.
Paul C. Daniels.
Landreth M. Harrison.
Terry S. Hinkle.
James C. King.
Bruce Lancaster.
Charles A. Page.
Alan S. Rogers.
Roger Sumner.
John T. Wainwright.
Thomas C. Wasson.
George H. Winters.

On July 19 a bomb was exploded in front of the American Consulate at Nice, breaking the windows of the office, but fortunately no one was hurt. Consul J. Lee Murphy, who was in charge at the time, informed newspaper correspondents that he had received many threatening letters recently concerning the Sacco-Vanzetti case, and it was presumed that the bombing was the work of some one who wished to make a demonstration on behalf of these men.

Consul William E. Chapman, Puerto Mexico, was severely wounded on the evening of July 18, when two men entered the building during the night and attempted to assassinate him. While the wounds were severe, the latest reports indicate that Mr. Chapman is slowly improving and will soon be completely restored to health. The motive for the attack has not been made clear, though it is possible that the Consul may have incurred the enmity of certain persons engaged in the illicit liquor traffic with the United States.



Consul Charles Forman, Buenaventura, sailed from his post for the United States on August 5.

Diplomatic Secretary W. Roswell Barker, Peking, has been granted 60 days' leave of absence, with permission to visit the United States, to be availed of during the present calendar year.

Consul Donald F. Bigelow, who has reported for duty in the Department, has been temporarily assigned for duty in connection with the forthcoming Interparliamentary Commercial Conference to be held in Rio de Janeiro in September.

Vice Consul Charles W. Allen, recently assigned to North Bay, called at the Department en route to his post.

Vice Consul C. H. Hall, Jr., Port Elizabeth, is now in the United States on leave of absence, which he is spending in Baltimore.

Mr. Roy W. Fox, formerly Vice Consul at Berlin, has been appointed clerk to the Customs Attaché at Berlin.

Diplomatic Secretary Paul Mayo, Brussels, who has been in the United States on leave, returned to his post on August 1.

Mrs. Francis H. Styles, wife of the Consul at Durban, accompanied by her young son, Michael, is visiting her parents, General and Mrs. Rufus H. Lane, U. S. M. C., at Falls Church, Va.

The Consulate at Newcastle, New South Wales, has been changed to a Consular Agency, while the agency at Brisbane has been raised to a consulate. Consul Robert L. Rankin will be in charge of the new office.

Foreign Service Inspectors were last heard from at the following places:

Consul General Thomas M. Wilson, en route to Constantinople.



AMERICAN DELEGATION TO CONFERENCE FOR LIMITATION OF NAVAL ARMAMENT
Lower row: Mr. Dolbear, Rear Admiral Long, Mr. Gibson, Rear Admiral Jones, Rear Admiral Schofield. Upper row: Mr. Tuck, Mr. O'Connor, Mr. Gordon, Lieutenant Commander Train, Captain Andrews, Captain Hephburn, Lieutenant Commander Frost, Mr. Dulles, Captain Reeves, Captain Smyth, Mr. Salmon



Consul General Louis G. Dreyfus, Jr., Paris.
Consul General Samuel T. Lee, Bluefields.
Diplomatic Secretary Matthew E. Hanna, Oslo.
Consul Keith Merrill, Santo Domingo City.

Consul General John K. Caldwell, Department, and family, spent their vacation at Cape Cod.

Consul General William Dawson, Department, is spending his vacation visiting relatives in Minnesota.

Consul Graham H. Kemper, Yokohama, spent one week of his leave in Washington, afterwards proceeding to his home. This is Consul Kemper's first visit to the United States since the Japanese earthquake, which occurred in September, 1923.

Vice Consul John F. Huddleston, Milan, called at the Department before proceeding to his home at Lakewood, Ohio, where he will spend his leave.

Diplomatic Secretary Copley Amory, Jr., Teheran, is dividing his leave between Boston and New York City.

Vice Consul Pattie Field, Rotterdam, who has been in the United States on leave, returned to her post on August 6.

Vice Consul H. Eric Trammell, recently assigned to Guatemala City, sailed for his post on August 6.

NELSON T. JOHNSON APPOINTED ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

The appointment of Nelson Trusler Johnson, Foreign Service Officer of Class II, to be an Assistant Secretary of State, which was announced on August 12, is sure to be greeted by the entire Foreign Service with pleasure in the deserved recognition of long and able service and gratification at the recognition extended by the President to the Service as such.

Mr. Johnson was born in Washington, D. C., on April 3, 1887, and was educated in the public

schools of the District and at the Friends' School in Washington. After two years in George Washington University he entered the Service in 1907 as student interpreter, and was sent to China, where he served until 1918, passing through the various grades from student interpreter to Consul of Class VI. In 1918 he was assigned to the Department of State, and in 1921 was attached to the American Delegation to the Disarmament Conference as an expert assistant. Following this Mr. Johnson was made Consul General at Large in November, 1921, and inspected offices in the Far East until the Spring of 1925, when he was detailed to the Department, where, in July, he was made Chief of the Division of Far Eastern Affairs. On the reorganization of the Service on July 1, 1924, he was made Consul of Class II.



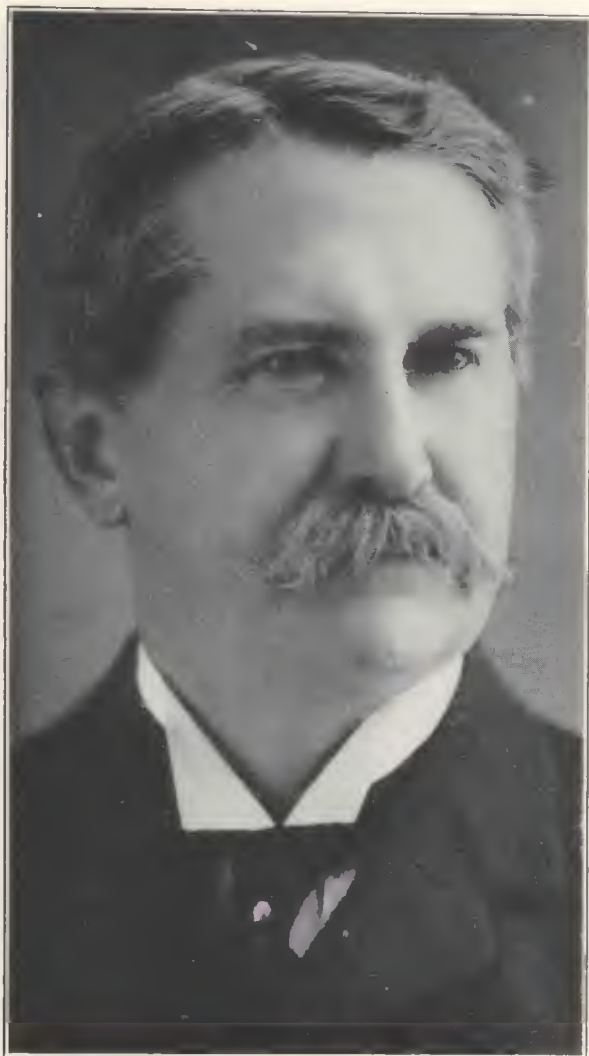
Harris & Ewing

NELSON TRUSLER JOHNSON
Assistant Secretary of State



The Hon. William Phillips, United States Minister to Canada, will reside at 66 Cartier Street, the residence of Mrs. Edward F. Fauquier, during her absence in England. Mr. Phillips has left for his summer home in northern Maine, and during his absence Mr. H. Dorsey Newton will act as Charge d'Affaires of the Legation.

On July 1 the Ottawa jubilee program was given to the public in Riviere du Loup by Clerk Casper de Olivares, of the consulate there, from a balcony of the city hall, by means of his Atwater-Kent set.



HENRY WHITE
Died July 15, 1927

Harris & Ewing

Diplomatic Secretary Dana G. Munro, who has been spending his leave in Washington, sailed for Managua on August 9.

Vice Consul Samuel E. Green, Sofia, is spending his leave of absence at his home in Baltimore.

Mr. Harry A. Havens, Assistant Chief, Division of Foreign Service Administration, spend a vacation at his home in Whitehall, N. Y.

On August 2 members of the Division of Eastern European Affairs presented a silver loving cup to Isaac Edwards, messenger in the Department, for faithful service covering a period of 25 years.

Edwards, born in 1882, was appointed a temporary laborer for a term of three months in the office of the Secretary of War in 1899, became a laborer in the State Department in 1902, and an assistant messenger under civil service rules in 1906. He became a messenger for the Department in 1921. The inscription on the cup read: "Division of Eastern European Affairs to Isaac A. Edwards for faithful service in the Department of State on the 25th anniversary of his appointment, August 1, 1927." Upon becoming a messenger he became Mr. Adees's messenger and continued in that capacity until Mr. Adees's death.

James D. Summers has been appointed Trade Commissioner to investigate the market for aeronautical products and is to be stationed at Panama City, Panama.

Thirty countries were represented at a luncheon given by the Liverpool Consular Corps to bid farewell to their president, Mr. Leo J. Keena.

Mr. J. F. Caroe, Consul for Denmark, presided, and shipping and trade interests were strongly represented. Letters were received from the lord mayor, Sir Thomas Royden (Cunard Steamship Company, Ltd.), Lieut. Col. A. Buckley (chairman, Chamber of Commerce), Mr. R. D. Holt (chairman, Mersey Docks and Harbor Board), and others, who were unable to attend, paying high tributes to Mr. Keena's meritorious work during his three years in the port and city.

At the suggestion of the chairman, it was agreed that greetings should be sent to Mrs. and Miss Keena in Paris.

The staff of the Liverpool Consulate presented Mr. Keena with a silver cigarette box in memory of their service together.

Mr. Keena left Liverpool on July 26.



American Foreign Service Journal

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

(July 1, 1926-June 30, 1927)

Receipts

Balance from year 1925-1926.....	\$2,408.56
American Secretaries of State—Felix Cole	9.60
Advertising	4,670.89
Association payments for year.....	2,048.00
Miscellaneous	5.02
Refund of expense money by Business Manager	40.00
Refund of postage for year.....	290.96
Sale of extra copies of JOURNAL and subscriptions	405.45

Total receipts for year..... \$9,878.48

*The savings account was opened on January 3, 1927, and draws interest at the rate of 3 percentum per annum, payable July 1 and January 1. The first payment of \$22.50 will be made July 1, 1927.

I certify the foregoing to be a correct statement of the balance on hand this 30th day of

GENERAL BUSINESS MEETING OF THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATION

July 14, 4.30 P. M.

In conformance with Section VIII of the Articles of Association of the American Foreign Service Association, a general business meeting of the Association was held on July 14, 1927, at 4.30 p. m., in Room 212 of the Department of State for the purpose of submitting to the members in Washington the annual reports of the Executive Committee, the Secretary-Treasurer, and the Business Manager of the JOURNAL.

The following members were present: Messrs.

Disbursements

Albert A. Knopf Co.—American Secretaries of State.....	\$8.40
Business trip by Business Manager.....	100.00
Clerical assistance.....	407.40
Envelopes	151.95
Photos and prints.....	24.00
Postage	600.00
Printing	5,500.17
Refund of subscriptions.....	12.35
Savings account.....	1,500.00
Stencils	8.76
Telegrams	16.23

Total disbursements for year.. \$8,329.26
Total receipts for the year..... \$9,878.48
Total disbursements for the year.... 8,329.26

Balance in checking account
June 30 \$1,549.22 || Balance in savings account, June 30.. | *1,500.00 |

Balance carried forward
June 30..... \$3,049.22

June, 1927, and a true record of receipts and disbursements for the year ended June 30, 1927.

FLETCHER WARREN, *Treasurer,*

American Foreign Service Journal.

Washington, D. C., June 30, 1927.

Caldwell, Cole, Dawson, Dumont, Erhardt, Galbraith, Heard, Hosmer, Johnson, Josslyn, Keiser, Keller, Lee, Murphy, Murray, Packer, Peck, Rand, Stanton, Thaw, Wadsworth, and Warren.

The Secretary read the report of the Executive Committee of which a true copy is attached hereto. The annual statement of the Secretary-Treasurer was also read, as well as the report of the Business Manager of the JOURNAL. Upon motions duly made and recorded, these reports were unanimously approved and accepted by the meeting.

There being no further business to transact, the meeting was adjourned at 5 p. m.

WALLACE S. MURRAY,

Secretary-Treasurer.



CHANGES IN FIELD SERVICE OF BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Cook, A. Douglas, entered on duty as Assistant Trade Commissioner in Berlin.

Grab, Frederic D., was appointed an Assistant Trade Commissioner to specialize in the foodstuffs market of Venezuela with headquarters in Caracas.

Guinn, Paul S., formerly of the Boston District Office, has been appointed an Assistant Trade Commissioner and assigned to The Hague Office to succeed Assistant Commercial Attaché Phillip E. McKenney, who has returned to the United States.

Schuette, H. C., is to assist Mr. H. H. Kelly in his automotive investigations, and has been assigned to Paris as Assistant Trade Commissioner.

Summers, James D., by whose appointment as Aeronautics Trade Commissioner, the bureau has undertaken an entirely new type of investigation, has his headquarters in Panama City.

Tewksbury, Howard H., who has been District Manager of the Detroit District Office, has been appointed Trade Commissioner to Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hill, Benjamin D., for several years a tobacco specialist in the Foodstuffs Division, has been appointed a Trade Commissioner to conduct a thorough investigation of European tobacco markets, and assigned to Brussels, Belgium.

Lane, Clayton, formerly Assistant Chief of the Regional Information Division, has been made a Trade Commissioner to Vienna, Austria.

Lyon, Charles E., has been made a Commercial Attaché and transferred from London to take charge of our new office at Berne, Switzerland.

Foster, Julian B., Trade Commissioner, has been transferred from Sydney to the new office at Wellington, New Zealand, which will be opened about September 1.

Hertz, Walter B., has been made a Trade Commissioner to conduct leather investigations, with headquarters at Hamburg, Germany.

Lee, Frederic E., has been appointed a Trade Commissioner at London, England.

Mann, William D., Assistant Trade Commissioner, is being transferred from Alexandria to Cairo, Egypt.

Nones, Hiram T., for several years Assistant Chief of the Textile Division, has been appointed Assistant Trade Commissioner to conduct textile investigations in the Near East.

Butts, Thomas, formerly Assistant Chief of the Machinery Division, has been made a Trade Commissioner to Paris, France.

Baldwin, Charles F., formerly of the Press Section, was appointed an Assistant Trade Commissioner and assigned to Sydney, Australia.

Montz, Miss Verna R., who for several years has been secretary to Assistant Director Taylor, has been appointed a clerk to Trade Commissioner and assigned to the new office at Vancouver.

On July 16 Mr. Kenneth M. Hill, formerly of the Specialties Division, was made an Assistant Trade Commissioner to the new office at Berne, Switzerland.

On July 18 Mr. Halbert E. Watkins, for many years in the export business, takes charge of the new office at Caracas, Venezuela, as Commercial Attaché.

On July 18 Charles A. Livengood, formerly Trade Commissioner at Rome, has been designated Commercial Attaché and assigned to the Madrid Office.

On July 25 Assistant Trade Commissioner De Forest A. Spencer was transferred from Tokyo to the Rome Office.

CHANGES IN MILITARY ATTACHE AND LANGUAGE OFFICER PERSONNEL

Maj. William W. Hicks will leave about the middle of August for duty as Military Attaché to Austria and Czechoslovakia. After a short period of duty in Vienna the office will be moved to Prague, where Major Hicks will be permanently stationed.

Maj. Edwin M. Watson recently sailed to assume his duties as Military Attaché to Belgium and the Netherlands, with station in Brussels, relieving Maj. Donald C. McDonald, who sailed for the United States the latter part of July.

Capt. Hugh Barclay returned to the United States the last of June, having been relieved as Military Attaché to Brazil. A successor has not yet been appointed.

Col. James Hanson will be relieved as Military Attaché to Chile in November, 1927, by Col. Thomas F. Dwyer.

Maj. James A. Gillespie will leave in August for duty as Military Attaché to Colombia and Venezuela, with station at Bogota.

Capt. Henry C. Clark returned to the United States the middle of June on the expiration of his tour of duty as Military Attaché to Cuba. A successor has not yet been appointed.



Lieut. Col. William I. Westervelt returned to the United States the latter part of June, having been relieved as Assistant Military Attaché in Paris.

Maj. George E. A. Reinburg has been appointed Assistant Military Attaché in Berlin and will leave in a short time.

Maj. John A. Baird will be relieved about August 1 as Assistant Military Attaché in London by Lieut. John C. MacArthur. Lieut. Col. Kenyon A. Joyce will be relieved the last of August as Military Attaché in London by Col. John R. Thomas, Jr.

Maj. Martin F. Scanlon is en route to the United States, having been relieved as Assistant Military Attaché in Rome by Maj. George E. Lovell, Jr.

Lieut. Col. Edward Davis arrived in Washington early in July, having been relieved as Military Attaché to Mexico. A successor has not yet been appointed.

Capt. George O. Clark, Lieut. Robert J. Hoffman, and Lieut. Thomas G. Cranford have returned to the United States, following a four-year course of study of the Japanese language in Tokyo. The vacancies thus caused have been filled by Capt. Coleman F. Driver, Capt. Tobin C. Rote, and Lieut. E. Carl Engelhart.

Capt. Marvil G. Armstrong and Capt. Samuel V. Constant have been relieved as language officers and Assistant Military Attachés in Peking. Lieut. Morris B. DePass, Lieut. Clarence J. Kanaga, and Lieut. Thomas D. White have been detailed as language officers at Peking. Capt. Thomas J. Betts, Capt. John P. Ratay, and Lieut. David D. Barrett, the senior language officers in Peking, has been appointed Assistant Military Attachés.

UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Surg. R. M. Grimm. Relieved from duty at Washington, D. C., and assigned to duty at Antwerp, Belgium.

Surg. D. E. Robinson. Relieved from duty at London, England, and assigned to duty at Naples, Italy.

Surg. L. O. Weldon. Relieved from duty at Liverpool, England, and assigned to duty at Genoa, Italy.

Passed Asst. Surg. L. A. Fullerton. Directed to proceed from Oslo, Norway, to Berlin, Germany, for examination, August 1, for promotion.

Asst. Surg. A. J. Aselmeyer. Relieved from duty at Washington, D. C., and assigned to duty at Naples, Italy.

Asst. Surg. R. A. Vonderlehr. Relieved from duty at Washington, D. C., and assigned to duty at Cobh, Irish Free State.

Surg. W. C. Billings. Relieved from duty at New York City and assigned to duty at Liverpool, England.

Surg. J. S. Boggess. Relieved from duty at Detroit, Mich., and assigned to duty at London, England.

Surg. M. V. Ziegler. Relieved from duty at Cobh, Irish Free State, and assigned to duty at Prague, Czechoslovakia.

Passed Asst. Surg. W. Y. Hollingsworth. Relieved from duty at Antwerp, Belgium, and assigned to duty at Palermo, Italy.

Asst. Surg. F. J. Halpin. Relieved from duty at Hongkong, China, upon arrival of Asst. Surg. F. C. Stewart, and assigned to duty at Washington, D. C., August 6, 1927.

A. A. Surg. L. M. Taylor. Relieved from duty at Galveston, Tex., upon arrival of A. A. Surg. Fleetwood Gruver, and assigned to duty at Tampico, Mexico, August 8, 1927.

A. A. Surg. Fleetwood Gruver. Relieved from duty at Tampico, Mexico, and assigned to duty at the Quarantine Station, Galveston, Tex., August 6, 1927.

FROM MADRID

Consul Richard Ford, newly assigned to Sevilla, was a recent caller at the consulate in Madrid while en route from the frontier to his new post.

Consul John S. Calvert, who has been assigned to the Consulate General at Barcelona since November 27, 1923, departed for the United States July 2 on 60 days' leave of absence at his home in Raleigh, N. C.

The members of the Canadian and American colonies in Barcelona, including the members of the staff of the American Consulate General, joined together in celebration of their national holidays, July 1 and July 4, respectively, by giving a dinner dance at the Ritz Hotel on the night of July 2. Officers from the United States destroyers *Smith Thompson* and *John D. Edwards*, visiting Barcelona at the time, were present.



Vice Consul Courtland Christiani, of Cardiff, spent part of his leave of absence in Spain during July. He formerly was Vice Consul at Barcelona.

Col. Charles O. Shepard, first American Consul at Yedo (now Tokyo), Japan, and Charge d'Affaires in Japan successively from 1868 to 1874, has an article in the July number of the magazine *Japan* relating his experiences during the trip from Washington to his post. The assigning of an officer in those days apparently was a simple affair, for he says, "I was furnished with a passport, a copy of the Consular Regulations, and a bunch of blank legal forms, and then was turned loose on the unsuspecting world."

He traveled to San Francisco on the Union Pacific Railway during the first week of its operation as a passenger carrier, and made the trip across the Pacific in a paddle-wheel steamer. Two months were allowed by the Department for the journey from Washington to Japan.

Colonel Shepard, now nearing his ninetieth year, resides in Pasadena, Calif.

The staff of the Embassy moved on July 2 and 3 to San Sebastian for the summer.

FROM VANCOUVER

Consul L. R. Blohm and family, of Vancouver, are enjoying home leave by touring the Northwestern States.

Mrs. George A. Bucklin, wife of the American Consul at Victoria, British Columbia, recently returned from a visit to tourist resorts in southern Alaska.

Mr. E. Carleton Baker, formerly American Consul General at Mukden, was a recent visitor at the Consulate General at Vancouver.

The parents of Vice Consul Sidney A. Belovsky, Vancouver, Mr. and Mrs. A. Belovsky, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting him.

Vivian, the eldest daughter of Consul and Mrs. H. S. Tewell, Vancouver, recently underwent operations for mastoiditis and vein infection. Although seriously ill, hope for her recovery is now entertained.

Mrs. Frederick M. Ryder, wife of Consul General Ryder, retired, recently returned to her home at Vancouver after an extended visit in France.

Mrs. Robert E. Leary and little son recently arrived in Vancouver, via the Panama Canal from Palermo, to join Mr. Leary, who has been appointed Vice Consul at Vancouver.

FROM SINGAPORE

Minister Harold O. Mackenzie passed through Singapore on June 17 on the way to his new post at Bangkok. He traveled from America by the Pacific route.

Consul General Southard spent practically all of June traveling on official business to Surabaya, Batavia, Medan, and Penang. At the first place he found Consul Groth busier even than the proverbial bee trying to run an active office without a Vice Consul, but still with time for keeping up his contacts. In Batavia the Consulate General and the Trade Commissioner's office have developed a commendable cooperation. Hoover and Renshaw each have good words for the other, even when the other isn't within hearing distance. The leading Dutch planters at Medan told Consul General Southard that if Redecker would devote the same conscientious energy to running a plantation that he gave to the American Consulate he could easily clear a hundred thousand dollars a year under the prevailing bonus system in that opulent colony. At Penang the office was found running with smooth efficiency, notwithstanding the demands recently made on Ebling's time in putting over his successful real estate deal on behalf of the United States Government. Ebling appears to consider it regrettable that the newly purchased building will begin its consular career as a bachelor's residence, but doesn't see how he can help it just now.

In keeping with the local usage, Consul General and Mrs. Charles L. Hoover gave a reception on May 24, 1927, in celebration of the elevation of the Batavia office to a Consulate General. Over 300 guests were present and a Hawaiian orchestra provided music for dancing.



Consul General and Mrs. Southard gave a reception at their home for the officers of the Argentinian naval training ship, *President Sarmiento*, which stopped at Singapore recently. The Singapore Consulate General represents the interests of Argentina.

Consul General Charles L. Hoover, Batavia, has recently returned from a few weeks' vacation at Darjeeling, India.

Dr. A. Horace Hamilton, formerly of the Government Health Service of the State of North Borneo and later of the Philippine Department of Public Instruction, has recently joined the staff of the Batavia Consulate General.

Consul Edward M. Groth, Surabaya, recently climbed the famous Idjen Plateau of East Java. The plateau is the crater floor of a gigantic volcano, which has now been quiet for centuries. He reports that the view from the top, which is about 7,000 feet above sea level, is one of the finest in Java.

Vice Consul Edwin McKee left Singapore June 26 for home leave of absence. He traveled by the Suez route and visited Egypt and several European cities on his way.

Vice Consul D. M. White, Surabaya, is on home leave of absence, which he is dividing between Georgia and Washington, D. C.

Robert M. J. Fellner, American clerk at Singapore, has returned from a month's leave, during which he visited Manila and several cities in China and Japan.

The Fourth of July was celebrated by the American community of Singapore by a dinner and dance at the Adelphi Hotel. About 200 were present, and Consul General Southard made an address appropriate to the occasion.

FROM LONDON

Consul Stillman W. Eels and Mrs. Eels are spending a week's leave in London. Mrs. Eels attended the garden party held July 21 at Buckingham Palace.

IN THE NATION'S CAPITAL

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The U. S. S. *Detroit* (cruiser), Vice Admiral Guy H. Burrage, U. S. N., commanding, visited Edinburgh July 12-20, 1927. Admiral Burrage laid a wreath at the National Scottish War Memorial during the opening ceremony, which was performed on July 14, 1927, by His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales. He was afterwards presented to their majesties, the King and Queen and to the prince.

The admiral and a number of his officers and their wives were invited and attended the garden party given by their majesties at Holyrood Palace on July 15, 1927, where the admiral, his family, and a number of his officers were presented to their majesties.

The admiral and his staff were entertained at luncheon by Gen. Sir William Peyton, K. C. B., Scottish command, at dinner by Rear Admiral Bowring, R. N., commanding the coast of Scotland, and 24 officers of the navy attended a civic luncheon given in their honor by the lord provost and corporation of Edinburgh. During part of his stay in port, Admiral and Mrs. Burrage were the house guests of the Duke and Duchess of Atholl.

Congressman Royal H. Weller, of New York, was a recent caller at the Edinburgh Consulate.

For the school year just closed Homer Brett, Jr., aged 12, was ranked first in his form at the Nottingham High school. He is the only American boy in the school, which has more than 600 students.



FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS

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FROM MEXICO CITY

Prior to returning to Mexico City from leave, Consul General Alexander M. Weddell visited William and Mary College at Williamsburg, Va., and was made a member of Alpha Chapter of Phi Beta Kappa. It will be recalled that the old college ranks next after Harvard in age, having been founded in 1693. Phi Beta Kappa itself was organized there on December 5, 1776, by a band of young radicals, including such names as Thomas Jefferson and John Marshall, while those rebellious lads, George Washington and Patrick Henry, also figured as members, if not founders.

To Members of the United States Foreign Service

Secretary of State Kellogg, in an address before the Council on Foreign Relations, said: "FOREIGN AFFAIRS has been of real assistance to the State Department." Mr. Hughes, while Secretary of State, said: "FOREIGN AFFAIRS is one of the most helpful contributions to a better understanding of our foreign relations ever made by private enterprise."

Following the suggestion of several members of the Service, therefore, FOREIGN AFFAIRS makes the following special offer, good only until January 1, 1928.

A THREE YEARS' SUBSCRIPTION FOR \$10

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This offer is strictly limited to present members of the American Foreign Service. The rate is far below any other rate which we have ever allowed. It may apply either to new subscriptions or to renewals. Our only condition is that copies of the review must be addressed in care of the Department of State, Washington.

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New York, N. Y.

Betas in Mexico now include, in addition to Weddell, Consul Lewis and Miss Josephine Bennett, of the Consulate General; George Wythe, Acting Commercial Attaché of the Embassy; and Vice Consul Satterthwaite, of Guadalajara; while George W. Hinman, Jr., representing the Hearst Press; Judge D. J. Haff; and Mrs. Herbert P. Lewis, make up the list of fratres in urbe.

Vice Consuls Harry B. Ott and Stephen E. Aguirre, of Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, in charge of that post during the absence on leave of Consul Harry L. Walsh, enjoyed the distinction of being the first to talk by long-distance telephone with their colleagues at Monterey and Saltillo, Mexico. The Mexican Telephone and Telegraph Company inaugurated this service by delegating the honor of the first to talk over the new line to these American consular officers.

Consul and Mrs. Harry L. Walsh and seven children departed on leave from Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on July 21, 1927, by automobile for Baltimore, Md., their home, where they contemplate spending their vacation. Telegraphic advices from Consul Walsh to the Nuevo Laredo Consulate on July 27 stated that they were crossing the Mississippi River at St. Louis, and on July 28 they were heard from at Terre Haute, Ind.

Vice Consul Gerald W. Bahl, of Monterey, spent Sunday, July 24, in Laredo, Tex.

FROM PARIS

The condition of Mr. Harlan Miller, Second Secretary of the Embassy in Paris, who was recently operated on in the American Hospital in Paris, has improved, although he is still seriously ill and may have to undergo a long convalescence.

Mr. Edwin C. Wilson, First Secretary of the Embassy in Paris, spent several weeks of leave during August at Baden Baden.

Mr. Louis A. Sussdorff, First Secretary of the Legation in Riga, and Mrs. Sussdorff spent part of their leave in Paris, leaving afterwards for a visit to The Hague.



AMERICAN
Secretaries of State
and
THEIR DIPLOMACY

(12 vols., of which 3 have appeared)

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SERVICE
AND EMPLOYEES OF THE
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FOREIGN SERVICE CHANGES

The following appointments, transfers, promotions, retirements under the Foreign Service Reorganization Act, and resignations, have occurred since July 11, 1927:

Diplomatic Branch

Frederic R. Dolbeare, now Counselor of Legation, Berne, assigned Counselor of Legation, Ottawa.

Cornelius Van H. Engert, First Secretary, Santiago, assigned First Secretary, Teheran.

Gerhard Gade, now Third Secretary, Oslo, assigned Third Secretary, Montevideo.

Stuart E. Grummon, now Third Secretary, The Hague, assigned Third Secretary, Madrid.

Myron A. Hofer, now First Secretary, Montevideo, assigned First Secretary, Santiago, Chile.

Hallett Johnson, now First Secretary, Paris, assigned First Secretary, Oslo.

David McK. Key, now Vice Consul, Antwerp, commissioned a Diplomatic Secretary and assigned Third Secretary, Berlin.

John H. MacVeagh, now Second Secretary, Managua, assigned to the Department.

Jay Pierrepont Moffat, First Secretary, Ottawa, detailed to the Department.

Dana G. Munro, First Secretary, Panama, assigned First Secretary, Managua.

Edward L. Reed, now First Secretary, Berlin, assigned First Secretary, Brussels.

Consular Branch

The following appointments, transfers, promotions, retirements under the Foreign Service Reorganization Act, and resignations, have occurred in the Consular Branch of the American Foreign Service since July 11, 1927:

Ellis A. Bonnet, now Vice Consul, Belize, assigned Vice Consul, Piedras Negras.

Maurice P. Dunlap, Consul, Port au Prince, assigned Consul, Stockholm.

Fred C. Eastin, Jr., Consul at Sao Paulo, has resigned.

Robert F. Fernald, now Consul, Saloniki, assigned Consul, Lagos, Nigeria, where a new consulate will be opened.

Maxwell M. Hamilton, Consul, Shanghai, assigned to the Department.

Samuel W. Honaker, Consul on duty in the Department, assigned as Consul, Port au Prince.

Robert D. Longyear, now Consul, Geneva, assigned to the Department.

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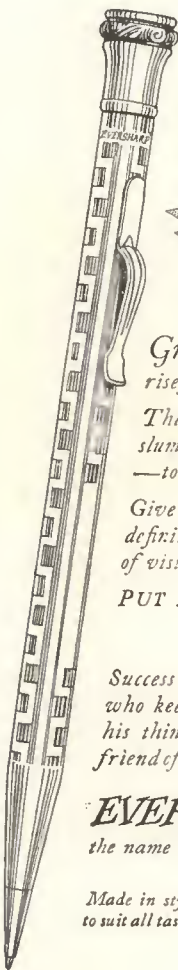
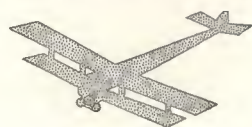
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Charles J. Pisar, now Consul, Rangoon, assigned Consul Saloniki.

Harold B. Quarton, now Consul, Coblenz, detailed Consul, Habana, his assignment to Stuttgart having been canceled.

Robert L. Rankin, Consul at Newcastle, Australia, assigned Consul, Brisbane, Australia, where a new office will be established.

Sydney B. Redecker, Consul, Medan, assigned Consul, Naples.

Samuel Sokobin, now Consul, Tientsin, assigned Consul, Foochow.

G. Russell Taggart, Consul, London, Ontario, assigned Consul, Belize.

Samuel R. Thompson, now Consul, Bristol, assigned Consul, Rio de Janeiro.

Howard K. Travers, Consul at Naples, assigned Consul, St. Vincent, where a new office is to be established; assignment canceled, Travers to remain at Naples.

Ernest A. Wakefield, Consul, Prince Rupert, assigned Consul, Ensenada.

Digby A. Willson, now Consul, Rio de Janeiro, assigned Consul, Bristol.

Howard F. Withey, Consul, Limoges, assigned Consul, London, Ontario.

Non-Career

William C. Archibald, appointed Consular Agent at Chanaral, Chile, where an agency is being established.

Robert H. Fetner, now a clerk in the Consulate, Buenaventura, has been appointed Vice Consul there.

Franklin J. Kelley, now Vice Consul, Southampton, appointed Vice Consul, Brisbane, where an office is being established.

Walter B. Lowrie, now Vice Consul, Port Said, appointed Vice Consul, Southampton.

Clifford W. McGlasson, now Vice Consul, Prague, appointed Vice Consul, Port Said.

Alanson E. Russell, appointed Consular Agent at Tocopilla, Chile, where an agency is being established.

Stephen C. Worster, now Vice Consul, Rosario, appointed Vice Consul, Antofagasta.

Paul J. Reveley, now clerk in the Consulate, Munich, appointed a Vice Consul there.

COMMERCIAL

During the month of July, 1927, there were 3,087 Trade Letters transmitted to the Department as against 3,382 in June, 1927.

A total of 1,906 reports, of which 874 were rated miscellaneous, was received during the



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month of July, 1927, as compared with 1,927 reports, of which 845 were rated miscellaneous, during the month of June, 1927.

There were 656 trade lists transmitted to the Department, for the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, during the month of July, 1927, as against 858 during the month of June, 1927.

MARRIAGES

Grew-Moffat. On Wednesday, July 27, at Hancock, N. H., Miss Lilla Cabot Grew was married to Mr. Jay Pierrepont Moffat. The bride is the daughter of the newly appointed Ambassador to Turkey and Mrs. Joseph Clark Grew, while the groom is a Foreign Service Officer assigned to the Legation at Berne.

Donegan-Phillipopoulos-Vendouzis. Consul and Mrs. Alfred W. Donegan, Munich, announce the marriage of their daughter, Marguerite, to Mr. Jean Phillipopoulos-Vendouzis on July 12 at Hamburg, Germany.

Grosvenor-Coville. Miss Lilian Waters Grosvenor and Mr. Cabot Coville were married on July 28 at Beinn Bhreagh Hall, Baddeck, Nova Scotia.

The bride is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Gilbert Grosvenor, while the groom is a Foreign Service Officer, recently assigned as a Language Officer at Tokyo.

Damm-Erickson. Consul and Mrs. Henry C. A. Damm, Nogales, announce the marriage of their daughter, Alice Clara, to Mr. Swan Arthur Erickson on April 23, 1927.

BIRTHS

A daughter, Leon Hanson, was born at Santa Rosa Hospital, San Antonio, Tex., on July 22, 1927, to Vice Consul and Mrs. Oscar C. Harper. Vice Consul Harper is at present in charge of the consulate at Piedras Negras.

A son, Harold Clifton, Jr., was born at Vera Cruz, Mexico, on July 30, 1927, to Vice Consul and Mrs. Harold Clifton Wood.

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A daughter, Marice Anne, was born at Montreal, Canada, on June 6, 1927, to Vice Consul and Mrs. John F. Deming.

PACIFIC FOREIGN TRADE COUNCIL

Announcement by William Pigott of topics to be covered at the Fifth Annual Convention of the Pacific Foreign Trade Council indicate that the meeting in Victoria September 15, 16, and 17 is to be of very practical value to the business men who attend.

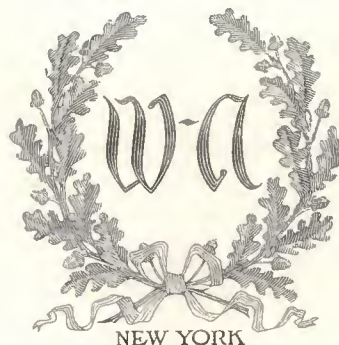
Wayne E. Butterbaugh, Director of Traffic Management, La Salle Extension University, Chicago, has been secured to carry the subject of "Ways of Regaining for Pacific Ports the Traffic Between the Far East and the United States that in Recent Years Has Been Diverted to Atlantic Ports."

Irving E. Vining, President of the Oregon State Chamber of Commerce, will talk on the "Application of American Statesmanship in Interpreting International Problems."

The subject of "Commercial Air Service," carried by W. P. McCracken, Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Aeronautics, Washington, D. C., will be especially opportune at a time when Col. Charles A. Lindbergh is in the Northwest also to arouse interest in this modern method of transportation.

Other topics, for which speakers will shortly be announced, are "Barriers to Export Trade of the Pacific," "Foreign Credit Insurance," "Protecting the Importer in Customs Matters," "Trading in Wheat Futures," "Developing Foreign Trade Through Travel," "Value of Imports in Developing our Foreign Trade," "Handicaps to Pacific Shipping Interests," "Far East Finance and General Trade Conditions," and "Foreign Markets for Forest Products."

The Trade Adviser Service has been established to further aid this purpose. This will be conducted by Trade Commissioners, who have been called in by the United States Department of Commerce from Australia, India, Philippines, China, Japan, Central and South America, and Canada. Delegates needing advice on specific problems will be given the benefit of the Trade Commissioners' experience and research. Mr. S. H. Blalock, District Director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in Seattle, is organizing this feature of the convention.



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The meeting this year is being held outside of the United States for the first time, and it is believed that in cooperation rather than competition lies the success for the distribution of our surplus; therefore even greater interest than heretofore is being evidenced in the Pacific foreign trade all over the world. Among the prominent United States citizens who will attend are James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation and Chairman of the National Foreign Trade Council; Warren F. Purdy, Assistant to A. C. Dalton, President of the United States Merchant Fleet Corporation; Royal S. Copeland, United States Senator from New York; John W. Summers, United States Congressman from the State of Washington; A. M. Free, United States Congressman from California.

Pacific coast financial interests will have such representative delegates as John E. Barber, Vice President of the First National Bank, Los Angeles; J. A. H. Kerr, Vice President of Security Trust & Savings Bank, Los Angeles; G. B. Holt, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Vancouver, British Columbia.

Delegates from overseas will include F. A. Pauline, Agent General of British Columbia, stationed at London, England; a representative of the Chamber of Commerce of Italy; a representative from the Tokyo Chamber of Commerce; Angel Garri, President of the Chamber of Commerce, Santiago, Cuba; and Francisco Suris, of the *Cuba Foodstuff Record*, Havana, Cuba; an official representative of Mexico.

Canada is vying with the United States in the importance of their attending delegates, which will be such as Randolph Bruce, Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia; Dominion Ministers from Ottawa; Premier and Provincial Ministers and mayors of western Canada.

The Pacific Coast Rivers and Harbors Committee is to hold its annual meeting in Victoria at a time which will permit delegates to attend the sessions of the Pacific Foreign Trade Council. The Canadian Chamber of Commerce, which is holding its annual meeting in Vancouver prior to the Victoria Convention, is to join with the Pacific Foreign Trade Council on September 15, the opening day. This will bring about 150 Canadian manufacturers to the sessions in Victoria, according to E. W. McL. Clarke, Managing Secretary of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce in Montreal. A delegation of 350 of the Empire Mining Congress, consisting of representatives from all over the world, will be in Victoria at the opening of the convention.

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FOREIGN SERVICE SCHOOL

The Foreign Service School has held the following lectures:

Executive Office; Mixed Claims Commissions, Mr. George F. Kennan.

Tariff Commission, Mr. Walton C. Ferris.

Taxation, Mr. John B. Ketcham.

Trade promotion and trade protection work under the direction of Mr. Frederick T. F. Dumont, with the assistance of Messrs. H. Merle Cochran, Carol H. Foster, and John G. Erhardt.

Introduction to the Near East, Mr. G. Howland Shaw.

Extraterritoriality in the Near East, Mr. Francis M. Anderson.

The Lausanne Conference, Mr. Joseph C. Grew.

Recent Negotiations with Turkey, Mr. G. Howland Shaw.

The Balkans, Mr. Maynard B. Barnes.

Foreign Credits, Mr. Charles Lyon Chandler, Manager, Foreign Commercial Department, Corn Exchange National Bank, Philadelphia.

Inventories and the Representation of Foreign Interests, Mr. Harvey B. Otterman.

Philippine Islands, Mr. Nicholas Roosevelt, New York Times.

Persia, Mr. Wallace S. Murray.

Persia and the Imbrie Incident, Mr. Murray.

Afghanistan, Mr. Murray.

Morocco, Mr. Henry Carter.

Egypt and the Sudan, Mr. George Wadsworth.

Chambers of Commerce, Mr. Chauncey D.

Snow, Manager, Foreign Commerce Department, United States Chamber of Commerce.

Organization for Foreign Trade, Mr. Snow.

Marine Insurance, Mr. James L. Madden, Manager, Insurance Department, United States Chamber of Commerce.

American Participation in World Insurance, Mr. Madden.

Civil Service Commission; United States Bureau of Efficiency; Personnel Classification Board, Mr. William Gwynn.

Department of Labor, Mr. Noel H. Field.

Liberia, Mr. Reed Paige Clarke.

Sources and Principles of International Law, Prof. Ellery C. Stowell.

Syria, Palestine, and Iraq, Mr. George Wadsworth.



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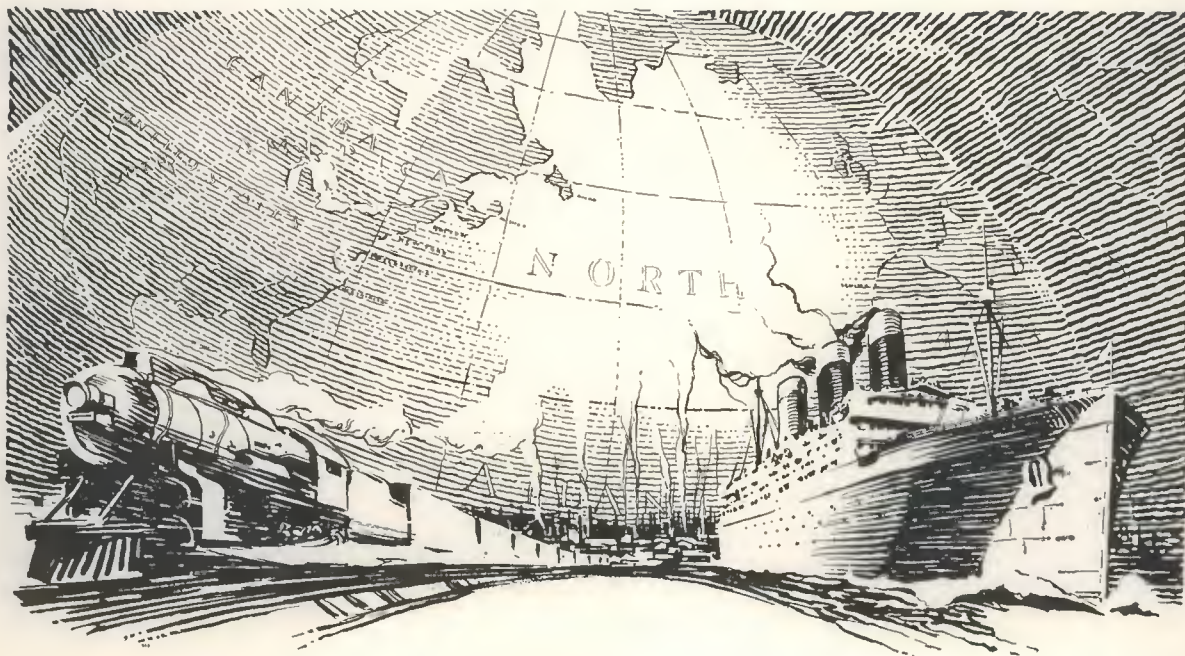
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India	Australasia	Jugoslavia

Arabia and Ethiopia, Mr. Wadsworth.
Economic Conference at Geneva, Dr. Arthur N. Young.

Foreign Loans, Mr. Frederick Livesey.

Extradition, Mr. Joseph R. Baker.

Leases and miscellaneous phases of administration (opening and closing of offices, consular districts, etc.), Mr. Harvey B. Otterman.

Department of Justice and the Judiciary, Mr. Henry A. W. Beck.

Post Office Department, Mr. Thomas F. Sherman.

Accounting, Mr. William McNeir.

Allowances and Estimates, Mr. Harry A. Havens and Mr. Robert D. Murphy.

Protection, Mr. Green H. Hackworth, Solicitor of the Department.

Morocco, Mr. Henry Carter and Mr. Elbridge D. Rand.

Consular Regulations and Circular Instructions, Mr. Felix Cole.

Leaves of Absence, Mr. Harvey B. Otterman.

Personnel Work, Career Officers, Mr. Edward J. Norton.

Personnel Work, Employees not of Career, Mr. Frank C. Lee.

Welfare and Whereabouts Work, Mr. Richard S. Leach.

Indexes, Archives, and Codes, Mr. David A. Salmon.

United States Veterans' Bureau; Alien Property Custodian, Mr. Lawrence Higgins.

Interstate Commerce Commission, Mr. Nathan Scarritt.

The foregoing lectures concluded the program of the 1926-27 term of the Foreign Service School.

The Consulate General at Tokyo, Japan, reports a new manner of addressing mail to consular offices in that an envelope recently received there was directed to the "American Consultation."

The *Red Cross Courier*, organ of the American National Red Cross, in its issue of March 15, 1927, has the following to say about consular co-operation:

"Enthusiastic response and immediate cooperation from United States Consuls and our citizens living abroad is always strikingly apparent. During the Tenth Roll Call the representatives of the



State Department called upon prominent Americans to plan and carry through the Roll Call for the Red Cross, and in every case the responsibility was shouldered willingly.

"To illustrate this attitude toward their Red Cross: E. M. Lawton, Consul General in Sydney, Australia, forwarded \$289.60 in annual, contributing, sustaining, supporting, and life membership fees; North Winship, Consul in Cairo, Egypt, sent \$190 in membership fees and with the fund was a letter which requested that next year a larger supply of membership cards be sent for the Roll Call in Cairo; Frederick W. Baldwin, Vice Consul at Lausanne, Switzerland, called upon Alfred C. Boswell, an American resident, to act as treasurer of a Roll Call Committee. The committee forwarded \$1,024.97, which is an extraordinary return from a foreign community.

"Then there is Tampico, Mexico, which sent \$714.44. Consul General Arthur C. Frost enlisted the assistance of a working committee, which, in turn, secured the cooperation of busi-

ness houses and banks. The enthusiasm and interest aroused overcame obstacles in the face of local business depression.

"Examples could be multiplied, but the foregoing will serve to illumine a record which, year after year, is increasingly brilliant and which brings home to National Headquarters the abiding faith in their Red Cross of Americans in far-distant lands."

Consul General Hollis writes from Lisbon that at a recent Rotary Club dinner four of the guests were all stationed together at Lourenco Marques over 25 years ago. They were Messrs. Pedro Pessoa Lancastre, then Collector of Customs at Lourenco Marques; d'Almeida, then Governor of the Colony, now retired, and a large importer of American automobiles into Portugal; Colonel Coelho, then Port Engineer and now Chief Engineer of the Portuguese Railways; and, finally, Consul General Hollis himself.



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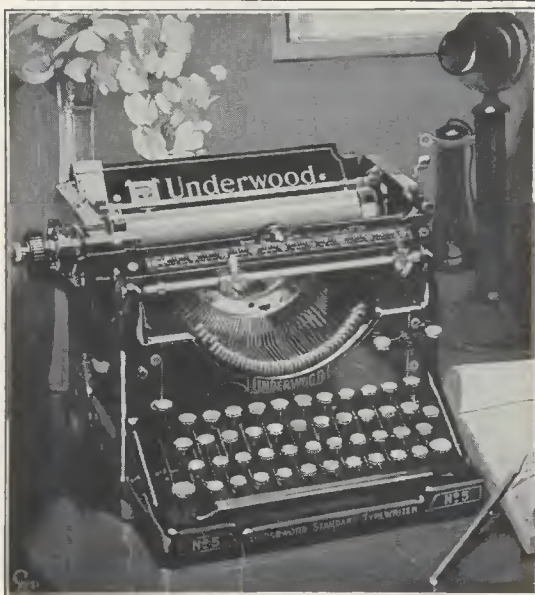
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"Dear Consul.

"Desire Canadian clients.

"Smith.

"4

"22

"27"

Needless to say, the communication was given the same attention had it covered several pages.

The *San Antonio Express*, one of the leading newspapers of the Southwest, which circulates over a large portion of that section of the country, carried a leading editorial in a recent issue based on Consul William P. Blocker's report on the completion of the Southern Pacific's railroad construction in Western Mexico.

From D. B. Levis, Vice Consul, Newcastle-on-Tyne:

A new kind of Consul has been invented by the Grammar School of Aberdeen, Scotland, which dates from before 1256, and which Byron attended before he went to Harrow. The school has a flourishing Former Pupils' Club which appoints Old Boys as "Consuls" or representatives all over the world.

For example, Dr. Logie Danson, the Bishop of Labuan and Sarawak, is the "Consul" at the latter place. One banker is the "Consul" at Rio de Janeiro and another is at Warsaw. A railway manager is the man for Palestine at Haifa; a rubber planter represents the interests of the school in Sumatra, and His Britannic Majesty's Vice Consul at Prague is the "Consul" in Czechoslovakia. India heads the list with nine "consuls," Canada has seven, South Africa five. There are three each in America and Malaya, and two each in Australia, the Straits Settlements, North West Indies and Nigeria. And there is one at Shanghai, where the Old Boys have presented the school with a clock.



One of the State Department's speedy typists recently wrote, in a letter about a very ticklish and highly controversial question (which had been handled by the Department in a way not entirely to the liking of the person most concerned), that its previous communication had "outched" one of the points.

The Berlingske Tidende, of Copenhagen, Denmark, published the following in January of this year, which will be of interest to all who knew the late Oliver B. Harriman, who died while Secretary of Legation at Copenhagen:

"One will recall the great attention that was attracted when Oliver Harriman, Secretary of the American Legation, died here suddenly about one year ago, stricken by heart failure. There was something spontaneously affecting about the sudden removal of this young and gifted diplomat, far from his people and home country, and his death aroused great sympathy everywhere. The official expression of sorrow was the more marked at his funeral, as Secretary of Legation Harriman was at the time acting as Chargé d'Affaires during the interval due to the departure of Dr. Prince.

"As a beautiful token of the gratitude which the near relatives of Mr. Harriman, who were unable to follow the deceased to his last resting place, feel on this account, it is now announced that his mother, Mrs. James Low Harriman, upon the recommendation of the former American Minister here, Dr. Prince, has given a bequest of 15,000 dollars to the University of Copenhagen in memory of her deceased son. This magnificent gift was received through Prof. Otto Jespersen. In accordance with the provisions made by Mrs. Harriman, the bequest will be employed for the support of students of English at the University, its distribution taking place annually."

ANNUAL REPORT, BUSINESS MANAGER

(Continued from page 281)

the annual subsidy previously granted by the Association for the maintenance of the JOURNAL be discontinued. The plan substituted was to divert to the JOURNAL \$4.00 of each \$5.00 association annual membership dues; to permit the JOURNAL



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to retain all monies collected from outside subscriptions at the rate of \$4.00 a year, miscellaneous sales, advertising, etc.; and to disburse from such receipts all necessary expenditures for the upkeep of the JOURNAL. In this way the JOURNAL has been enabled to transact its business as a business unit, and so far the plan has been satisfactory. Under this system it has been found exceedingly easy to establish at any one time the exact status of the JOURNAL.

3. General Advertising.

The advertising throughout the year has kept up to a standard sufficient to indicate a profit. Toward the latter part of the year several of the advertisers found it necessary to discontinue their advertising, and in order to build up this department the Manager made a trip to New York with a view to obtaining new ads. As a result, and through efforts of the staff locally, some four pages of additional advertising have been obtained.

4. Financial Status.

There is attached the annual financial statement compiled by Mr. Warren showing the status of the JOURNAL's finances for the past fiscal year. This statement indicates that the sum of \$2,408.56 was carried over from the previous fiscal year. It may be noted that during the year \$4,670.89 were received for advertising and \$2,048 as the JOURNAL's share of the annual membership dues. The total receipts for the year were \$9,878.48. As regards disbursements, the largest item was for printing amounting to \$5,500.17. This is an increase over the previous year caused principally by special printing items, such as \$256 for the printing of 10,000 copies of "What Your Consuls Do" for distribution at the Sesquicentennial Exposition in Philadelphia; an item of some \$50 for the printing of an index to the JOURNAL; and a similar amount for the printing of an overleaf containing the articles of association.

It may also be noted that since January 1, 1927, the sum of \$1,500 was withdrawn from the JOURNAL funds and placed in a savings account,

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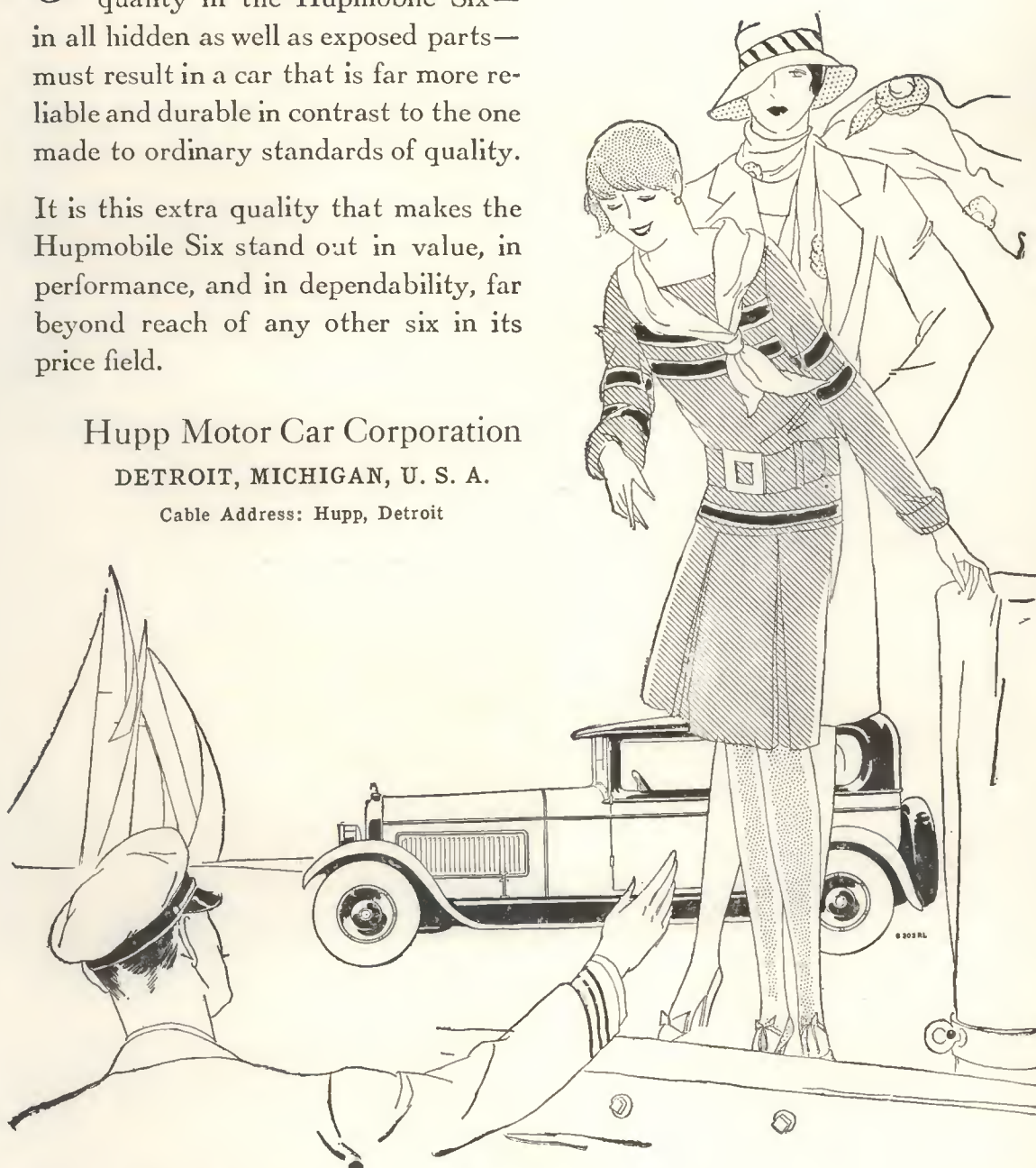
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drawing interest at the rate of 3 percent per annum. Following the compilation of the annual financial statement made by Mr. Warren, an additional sum of \$500 was also placed on interest at 3 percent. The total amount thus placed, \$2,000, while drawing interest at the rate of 3 percent, may be refunded at any time to the Association for the purpose of making proper and permanent investments, and it is respectfully suggested that the Executive Committee may desire to take this action in the near future. As additional amounts accrue which can be withdrawn and still not interfere with sums necessary for current expenses, a report will be made to the Executive Committee for such action as may be deemed necessary. The JOURNAL funds are with the Federal-American Bank, Washington, D. C.

The total disbursements for the year amounted to \$8,329.26. The balance on hand from the year 1925-26 was \$2,408.56. The balance carried forward as of June 30, 1927, was \$3,049.22. The JOURNAL, therefore, shows a profit for the year of \$640.66.

At present there are no outstanding accounts against the JOURNAL and no amounts due it from any source.

5. Circulation.

At present 1,200 copies of the JOURNAL are printed each month, and the distribution is indicated in the attached table. It is interesting to note that approximately 96 percent of the Foreign Service officers are either members of the Association or are subscribers to the JOURNAL. It might also be noted that the free list has been increased from 168 to 210. This has been caused principally by the increased number sent to members of Congress, there being 60 now on the free list as compared with 30 of last year.

The Manager desires to thank the Executive Committee, the Editorial staff, the associate managers and business staff, the members of the Association in general, and the advertisers for their splendid and gratifying support received during the year.

Respectfully submitted for approval,

F. C. L.,
Business Manager.

To the Consular Representatives of the United States:

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company puts at your disposal its services in writing your bond. Special attention is given to the requirements of consular officers, our Washington manager, Mr. Lee B. Mosher, having formerly been in the Consular Service. When you have in mind any form of bond, this company will be pleased to write it for you.

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The American Foreign Service Association is an unofficial and voluntary association embracing most of the members of *The Foreign Service of the United States*. It was formed for the purpose of fostering *esprit de corps* among the members of the Foreign Service, to strengthen service spirit and to establish a center around which might be grouped the united efforts of its members for the improvement of the Service.



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