

THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL



Harris & Ewing

WILLIAM R. CASTLE, JR.
Assistant Secretary of State

Vol. VII AUGUST, 1930 No. 8

BANKING AND INVESTMENT SERVICE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

The National City Bank of New York and Affiliated Institutions

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$242,409,425.19

(AS OF MARCH 27, 1930)

HEAD OFFICE
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK



FORTY ONE BRANCHES IN
GREATER NEW YORK

Foreign Branches in ARGENTINA . BELGIUM . BRAZIL . CHILE . CHINA . COLOMBIA . CUBA
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC . ENGLAND . INDIA . ITALY . JAPAN . MEXICO . PERU . PHILIPPINE
ISLANDS . PORTO RICO . REPUBLIC OF PANAMA . STRAITS SETTLEMENTS . URUGUAY . VENEZUELA.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK (FRANCE) S. A.

Paris

41 BOULEVARD HAUSSMANN

44 AVENUE DES CHAMPS ELYSÉES

Nice: 6 JARDIN du ROI ALBERT 1er

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION

(OWNED BY THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK)

Head Office: 55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Foreign and Domestic Branches in UNITED STATES . SPAIN . ENGLAND
and Representatives in The National City Bank Chinese Branches

BANQUE NATIONALE DE LA REPUBLIQUE D'HAITI

(AFFILIATED WITH THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK)

Head Office: PORT AU-PRINCE, HAITI

CITY BANK FARMERS TRUST COMPANY

(AFFILIATED WITH THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK)

Head Office: 22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK

Temporary Headquarters: 43 EXCHANGE PLACE

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY

(AFFILIATED WITH THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK)

HEAD OFFICE
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK



OFFICES IN 50 LEADING
AMERICAN CITIES

Foreign Offices: LONDON . AMSTERDAM . GENEVA . TOKIO . SHANGHAI

Canadian Offices: MONTREAL . TORONTO

The National City Company, through its offices and affiliations in the United States and abroad,
offers a world-wide investment service to those interested in Dollar Securities.

LONDON OFFICE: 34 BISHOPSGATE, E.C. 2.

THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL

PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATION

VOL. VII, No. 8

WASHINGTON, D. C.

AUGUST, 1930

The Victory

By JOSEPH EMERSON HAVEN, *Consul, Florence, Italy*

The Consul pushed his way through the small crowd gathered around the doorway of the mean little pension on the back street and went up the narrow stairs.

Small doubt could exist that the basement of the building was used as a storehouse for virulent forms of Italian cheese and that next door, probably a cabman and certainly his horse had lodgings. Up through these fundamentals and into the more aristocratic regions of garlic, yesterday's cabbage soup and the myriad of musty smells which only a mean little pension on a back street can yield, the Consul climbed until, nearing the third floor, a new odor assailed his nostrils and the answer to his first question of "How," was all too evident.

By the door of the room at the rear of the corridor stood a police officer and the slattern figure of the "padrona" who in hushed but emphatic phrases called on the Saints to bear witness that such as this had never before happened in her house which had always been law-abiding—and now the reputation of her pension was ruined and God alone could say what was to come of it all.

Saluting the officer, who stepped aside, and pushing by the excited pension keeper, who had begun anew her recital for the edification of a gallery of awed faces, peering over the railings from the floor above, the Consul entered the little room that showed grim and sullen in the gray light of early morning which filtered in through what remained of the dirty window pane, broken by the police in the first vain effort to save that which now lay so still on the sagging and discouraged looking iron bed.

A chair, a "cloudy" mirror, an almost empty suitcase, a pile of nondescript clothing on the floor at the foot of the bed, a washstand, a pitcher against which had been placed a letter, a passport and a tiny American flag, completed the brief inventory of the room from which had so recently slipped a soul into the Great Beyond.

The Consul shivered slightly for while scenes of tragedy were not unknown to him in his career, the chill earliness of the hour, the pitiful surroundings, and the presence of that which represented a futile struggle against circumstances, made him heartsick. His eyes took in the hideous and soiled wallpaper, greasy near the wall over the bed where countless heads of uncomfortable but tired "guests" had left their record; farther along, many mute testimonials of battles waged with mosquitoes (and probably other insects), in which the two-footed warrior had conquered the six-footed invaders; and still farther along the same wall, the hopeless and bewildered blend of color where dirty water had splashed when thrown too hurriedly into the slop bucket.

The sordidness and the symbol of mute protest on the bed beneath the sheet, the smell of stale food, the echo of the "padrona's" continued wail which had by now reached a sniveling stage, and the accusing odor of gas made the Consul's head swim and it was not until he felt a hand on his arm that he realized he was not alone but that the Commissario had returned with the police surgeon whose duty it was to certify that one more feeble flame had flickered out before the cold wind of adversity.



At a nod from the Commissario, the Consul picked up the passport and turned to compare the photograph therein with the face now exposed by the police surgeon as he gently drew back the sheet.

The face seemed to hold a tired little smile but it told nothing beyond age, suffering, loneliness and perhaps—hunger. The passport picture (as all such travesties are), told even less. But the *name*—!

This time the Consul started in earnest for his mind leapt backward over a period of 40 years when as a little boy, he and his chum, with blistered necks and breaking backs had valiantly striven for several hot Saturday afternoons, digging out dandelion roots from a neighbor's lawn in order that each might secure a promised "quarter."

What a sum that had been to boyish eyes but what a glimpse of pure romance it symbolized for it still cast its spell over the Consul and brought back the darkened upper gallery of the Opera House, two intent faces pressed against the protecting iron rail, and far, far below in the magic aura of the footlights, a FIGURE which personified to boyish imagination, all that was heroic. What an afternoon that had been and how cold waves had crept up their spines, alternating with exciting heart thrills as their hero fought his victorious way against adversity through three acts. And was ever a moment more surcharged with emotion than when at the supreme climax, with upraised shining sword and eyes to Heaven, the shining embodiment had proclaimed in that deep, thrilling voice, "The WORLD is mine."

The Consul was interrupted in his musing by the voice of the Commissario, "Forse il Signor Console conosce—"

Yes, the Signor Console *did* know but how could he make the functionary of the law comprehend that the ashes which lay before him had once been the glowing fire in which his boyish eyes had seen visions of the great world—visions which had led him eventually from his prosaic home in the Middle Western town to the ranks of the Foreign Service.

Taking the little American flag from the washstand, the Consul advanced quietly to the bedside and slipped it into the wrinkled hand which lay above the stilled heart. "The world was yours, Maestro," he said, "you made it better for having lived therein, and you have left it for greater worlds to conquer."

THE HALL MARK

By THOMAS D. BOWMAN, *Consul General,
Belfast, Northern Ireland*

I am not one who relishes being always an outlander. In most posts where I have been stationed it has not been possible to conceal foreign nationality. Theretore, I looked forward to my residence in the British Isles with the hope that I should be able to mingle with the public undistinguished as an alien.

I harbored no doubts regarding my pronunciation, but it never occurred to me that my appearance could betray my nationality, particularly in a city where such names as Carr, Johnson, Dawson and—aye, even my own, occupy generous spaces in the directory.

But disillusionment came before I reached Belfast. A London barber, before I had spoken a word, inquired if I had just arrived from America. Even after I had acquired a suit made by a local tailor, a tram—oh, you know, street-car conductor, not being otherwise occupied, remarked to me: "I've been in America, lived in Hoboken five years."

I was perplexed. I studied the faces about me. In nearly every individual I saw a counterpart of a familiar face back home, corresponding to the general similarity of names already mentioned. What then was peculiar about me that stamped me as "American?"

The explanation came from an unexpected quarter. An eccentric individual, who daily rides the same tram—I beg pardon, street car, that I do, sat down beside me one morning and engaged in a friendly conversation during which he remarked:

"I suppose you Americans find those glasses very comfortable?"

I suppose Harold Lloyd is to blame.

THE OLIVER BISHOP HARRIMAN FOREIGN SERVICE SCHOLARSHIP

The Advisory Committee of the Oliver Bishop Harriman Foreign Service Scholarship announces that the scholarship for the scholastic year 1930-31 has been awarded to Messrs. Edgar W. Lakin and Tyler G. Kent.

PRIMO DE RIVERA

AN APPRECIATION WRITTEN ON THE DAY OF HIS FUNERAL

By MARGUERITE AULD EDWARDS (MRS. CLEMENT S. EDWARDS), *American Consulate, Valencia, Spain*

WAS it yesterday that we greeted Primo de Rivera in the full strength of his splendid manhood and physique, and today we have heard the dirge of his funeral mass?

In October he came to Valencia for the last time as head of the Government to attend the naval maneuvers. When we entered the doors of the reception room of the fine, new city hall, we saw him. He was standing in the center of the room, head and shoulders above the crowd that moved about him—a handsome, amiable-looking gentleman. With difficulty we made our way to his side to receive the usual cordial greeting in his curiously husky voice. Four or five times, with long intervals between, we have had the pleasure of meeting and talking with Primo, and each time he has remembered us. This was one of his attractions. Although a dictator, he had a total absence of dictatorial manners; a dignified, cordial Spanish cabellero, ready to give the hand in friendly greeting to whomever claimed the honor, but at the same time there was no one who could have the slightest doubt that he was in the presence of a personage. There was the splendid physique, the steely eye, the personality, the dignity that told a story of power.

When we first came to Valencia, Primo had just become dictator, and now that he has gone I look back through those six years and realize the marvelous improvements that have been accomplished in this city during his period of office. Valencia has gone through a renaissance. It has changed from a country city into a metropolis. A splendid sewage system has been installed to replace old, defective canals constructed in the time of the Moors. Cobblestones have almost entirely disappeared. Streets have been broadened and straightened and public squares installed. In the business districts whole sections of buildings have been torn down to do away with narrow, congested streets which interfered with traffic and marred the beauty of the city. A new beach and splendid highway leading to it have been opened up. A new and most necessary bridge across the river to take care of heavy traffic has been put under construction. One of the finest markets in Spain, or even Europe, has been erected. An extensive and cheap taxi system started; traffic officers; new uniforms for the police; beautifying of public squares and parks; and the elimination of goats

which formerly traveled the streets delivering milk from door to door. There is no one, knowing Valencia in past days, in fact, who does not exclaim at the change effected during the years of the dictatorship. All in all, Valencia has had a rebirth, and everyone who has her interest at heart is hoping that the good work will go on.

In this patriotic work of bringing additional dignity to a fine old city Primo was helped by his great friend, the Marques de Sotelo. In old days Primo was Captain General of Valencia, and it was his custom to spend many of his evenings in the Agriculture Club, which, as most of Valencian money is in land, is the most important men's club. Here he met and talked with the Marques who was then Commander of the Port, and the friendship then started lasted until Primo's death.

Almost as soon as Primo became dictator, the Marques took over the mayorship of Valencia, and at the same time was head of the Union Patriótica, organized as a support for the dictatorship. He loved and admired Primo supremely, and for six years almost his every thought was given to upholding and supporting him and carrying out his policies and wishes. He was with him in Paris the day before he died, having reached Barcelona on his homeward trip, when the sad news was delivered to him.

Primo had many enemies, but he had many friends and his friends believed in him. I feel that they were still hoping and half expecting that, although forced out of office and an exile in a foreign land, he would come back again for the glory of his country.

Primo had his faults, but that he was a hard-working patriot, a courteous, dignified gentleman, and a good friend who never forgot, his worst enemies would not dare to deny.

I shall always remember him as I saw him three years ago, when he stepped down from the platform where he had been assisting in the launching of a ship, and stood for a moment to draw himself up to his full height and glance with his keen eye to front, to right, to left, absorbing every detail of his surroundings (looking for friend or foe, I know not which, since both were doubtless present in the crowd which surrounded him), and then with firm tread and a smile of good fellowship marched away with his entourage.

Although I saw Primo only occasionally, I have

a feeling of distinct loss; there is, in fact, almost a personal quality to my feeling. Perhaps this is purely sentimental—a regret that such a splendid, fine figure of a man, who has known power and prestige, should have gone at his bitterest moment. Had he lived, if not restored to the service of his country, it is my belief that he would at least have received recognition. But, an exile in a foreign land, he drank his cup of hemlock—for there can be no doubt but that bitterness had its share in his death—and left behind friends and many a foe besides to mourn him.

Primo may not have been a great man, but at least there was greatness in him. Yesterday, in full power and prestige, loved by some, hated by others. Today, struck down by an unkind fate in a foreign land—asleep on his funeral bier. Tomorrow, and 10 years, 20, 50 years from tomorrow, coming again into his own. Patriot, gentleman, friend.



Photo from F. M. Dearing
Greetings after presentation of letters of credence
by Fred Morris Dearing, Ambassador to Peru, to
President Laguna, May 23, 1930

IMPORTANT CORRECTION

The JOURNAL, in the paragraph in its July issue announcing the commendation given various officers for their excellent work in connection with recent visa fraud cases, failed to state that Consul Merle H. Cochran, at Paris, had received an identically similar commendation. This omission is particularly unfortunate as Mr. Cochran was not only an important witness at the trial at New York, but he also played a very important part in bringing the case to a successful conclusion.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSO- CIATION

HELD IN THE DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION
ROOM OF THE DEPARTMENT ON
JUNE 30, 1930, AT 5.00 P. M.

Dr. Munro, chairman of the Executive Committee, called the annual meeting of the American Foreign Service Association to order, 24 members of the Association being present.

The chairman referred to a report which had been prepared in regard to matters considered by the Executive Committee during the fiscal year and stated that the report would be printed in the FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL.

In connection with the two questions mentioned in the annual report which might call for amendments to the Articles of Association, it was decided that comments with regard to the proposed amendments should be invited through the columns of the JOURNAL and that after sufficient time had elapsed to afford members of the Association an opportunity to express their comments to the new Executive Committee, that committee should then decide whether to take the necessary steps to take formal amendments of the Articles of Association.

The meeting passed a vote expressing appreciation of the work of the retiring Executive Committee.

There being no further business to transact, the meeting adjourned at 5.30 p. m.

MAXWELL M. HAMILTON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Report of the Executive Committee of the American Foreign Service Association for the Year July 1, 1929, to June 30, 1930.

AT THIS annual meeting of the American Foreign Service Association the Executive Committee desires to present this statement, prepared by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Association, with regard to the condition of the American Foreign Service Association and the matters which have occupied the attention of the Executive Committee during its incumbency.

On June 30, 1930, the membership of the Association consisted of 648 active members, 30 associate members and 4 honorary members, making a total of 682 members.

Of the 648 active members of the Association, 591 were Foreign Service Officers and 17 were retired Foreign Service Officers, leaving a remainder of 40 other active members. On June 30 the total number of Foreign Service Officers was 699, of whom 648 were members of the Association. In other words, on June 30 only 51 Foreign Service Officers were not members of the Association. This number, while not large, should be smaller, and it is believed that all Foreign Service Officers should enroll as members of the Association, for it is only by means of a thoroughly organized and completely representative body that the Association can achieve the purposes for which it was formed.

On June 11, 1930, the Electoral College of the Association, elected in accordance with the Articles of Association, met and elected the following officers of the Association for the year beginning July 1, 1930:

President, Ralph J. Totten; vice president, G. Howland Shaw; Executive Committee, Homer M. Byington, Pierre de L. Boal, Walter C. Thurston, Orsen N. Nielsen, James J. Murphy, Jr., Charles S. Winans (alternate), Richard Ford (alternate), Richard M. de Lambert (alternate).

The present Executive Committee, consisting of Mr. Dana G. Munro (chairman), Mr. Pierre de L. Boal (vice chairman), and Messrs. Walter C. Thurston, John G. Erhardt, and John F. Simmons, held its first meeting on September 9, 1929. During the year the committee held 13 meetings.

A number of the more important questions which have occupied the attention of the Executive Committee are mentioned briefly below:

The committee has given considerable thought and attention, in cooperation with the officers of THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL, to the question of improving the quantity and quality of contributions to the JOURNAL. With that end in mind, it has taken steps to see that editorial contributions were requested from persons who were considered particularly qualified; it has looked into the question of there being offered for publication to periodicals with large circulation articles published in the JOURNAL; it has authorized such adjustments as seemed necessary and practicable in the salaries of the officers of the JOURNAL, and it has, as you know, made arrangements for the holding of a prize competition.

During the year the Executive Committee concluded arrangements whereby Foreign Service Officers may obtain, under especially favorable conditions, membership in the University Club.

Under the provisions of Section IV of the Articles of Association, the committee has taken up such matters as have been presented to it involving the granting of financial relief to members of the Association.

The committee has given consideration to two questions which have been presented to it involving the possible amendment of the Articles of Association. These questions are (1) the amendment or deletion of the last paragraph of Section XI of the Articles of Association, which reads as follows:

"Propaganda and articles of a tendentious nature, especially such as might be written to influence legislative, executive or administrative action with respect to the Foreign Service, or the Department of State, or other departments of the Government, shall be rigidly excluded from its (the JOURNAL'S) columns"; and (2) the question of amending Section V of the Articles of Association so as to avoid the distinction which is now made with regard to service in the Consular and Diplomatic Branches of the Foreign Service in balloting for the Electoral College and in electing the president, the vice president, and the Executive Committee of the Association. The Executive Committee, after discussion, has decided that these two questions should be presented



THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL



to the present annual meeting of the Association with a view to obtaining the attitude of the Association towards the question of authorizing the incoming Executive Committee to take steps to effect any necessary amendments in accordance with Section X of the Articles of Association.

The committee has effected arrangements with the mail room whereby a trial will be given to a plan under which the Association will place on deposit with the mail room a small sum to be used as a revolving fund from which there can be advanced the amounts required to cover insufficient postage on mail matter sent to the Department for forwarding to Foreign Service Officers abroad. It is hoped that this plan will enable mail matter to be forwarded promptly to the addressees and will eliminate the delay which now occurs in connection with first obtaining, either from the sender or the addressee, an amount sufficient to cover the postage.

The committee has given consideration to the question of obtaining, for placing in the Department of State, a memorial tablet to the Foreign Service dead, and has appointed a committee to institute action directed towards that end.

There is given below a financial statement of the American Foreign Service Association for the period July 1, 1929, to June 30, 1930, inclusive:

AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATION
Financial Statement for the Period July 1, 1929, to June 30, 1930, inclusive

RECEIPTS		
Balance brought forward.....		\$9,231.79
Interest on checking account.....	\$12.54	
Interest on savings account.....	247.80	
Dues	3,241.00	
From American Foreign Service Protective Association, reimbursement for clerical assistance.....	750.00	
		<u>4,251.34</u>
		\$13,483.13
EXPENDITURES		
American Foreign Service Journal..	\$2,762.00	
Clerical assistance	914.00	
Flowers	145.51	
Printing	65.00	
Postage	8.00	
Framing pictures	6.00	
Exchange	2.40	
Rubber stamps	1.55	
To Mail Room—revolving fund for prepayment of postage on parcels for Foreign Service Officers.....	15.00	
		<u>\$3,919.46</u>
Balance:		
Savings account	\$9,199.00	
Checking account	362.59	
Cash on hand.....	2.08	
		<u>\$9,563.67</u>
		\$13,483.13

As heretofore, the largest item of expenditure consists of payments made to THE FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL, which receives four out of every five dollars paid in as dues.

Attention is invited to the fact that the Protective Association has reimbursed the Foreign Service Association for funds advanced for clerical assistance. It may be stated that the Protective Association not only has repaid the advances made to it but has also taken over subsequent payment of these charges.

MAXWELL M. HAMILTON,
Secretary-Treasurer.



Photo from W. J. McCafferty
THE MARBLE WAT IN BANGKOK, SIAM
Bangkok is noted for its many beautiful "Wats," as the Buddhist temples are called in Siam



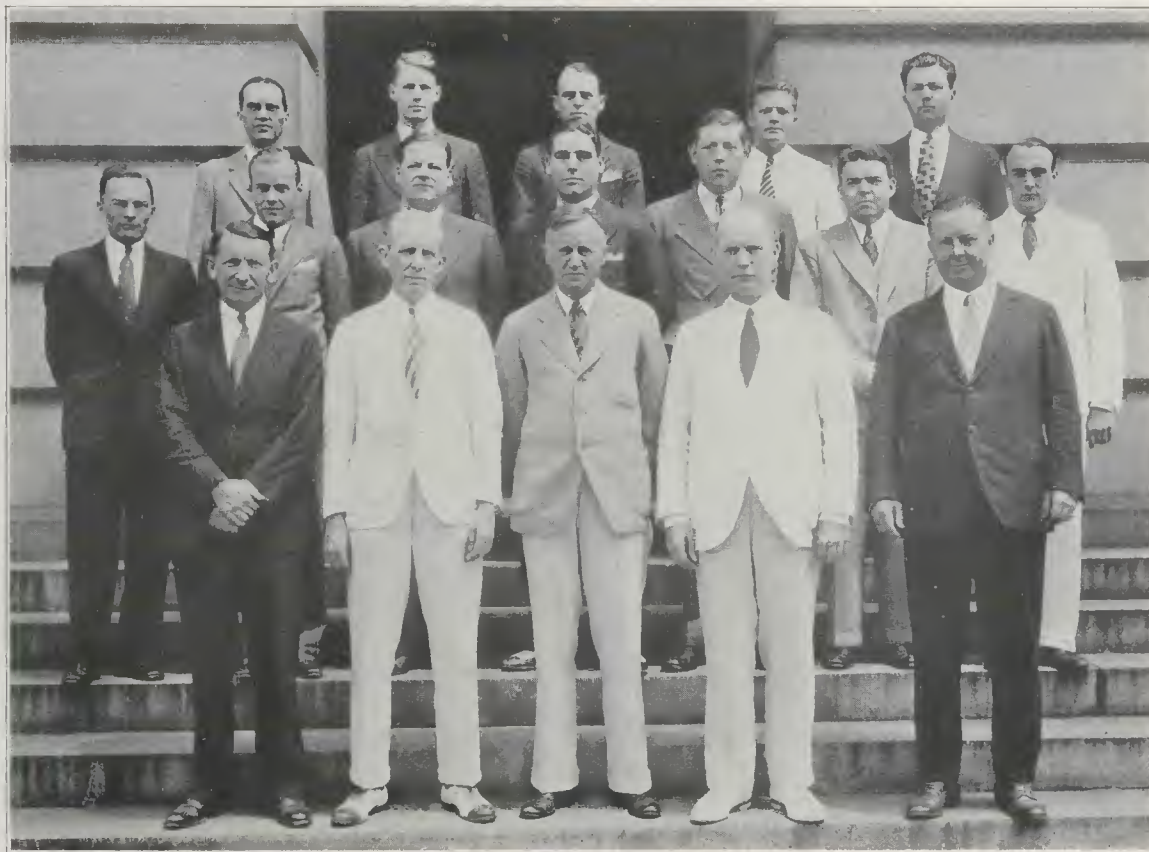
LEGACIES TO ASSOCIATION

Some of the American Foreign Service Officers have, according to a statement kindly furnished by Mr. Herbert C. Hengstler, for some time past discussed the matter of legacies to the American Foreign Service Association, and it is understood that a number of officers have made provision for such legacies in their wills. The form used by at least one officer is appended, and it will be observed that an effort was made therein to fix the legacy so that it would be available in any alteration in the organization of the Association, which may necessarily occur by reason of changes in legislation or factors now unforeseen.

FORM OF BEQUEST

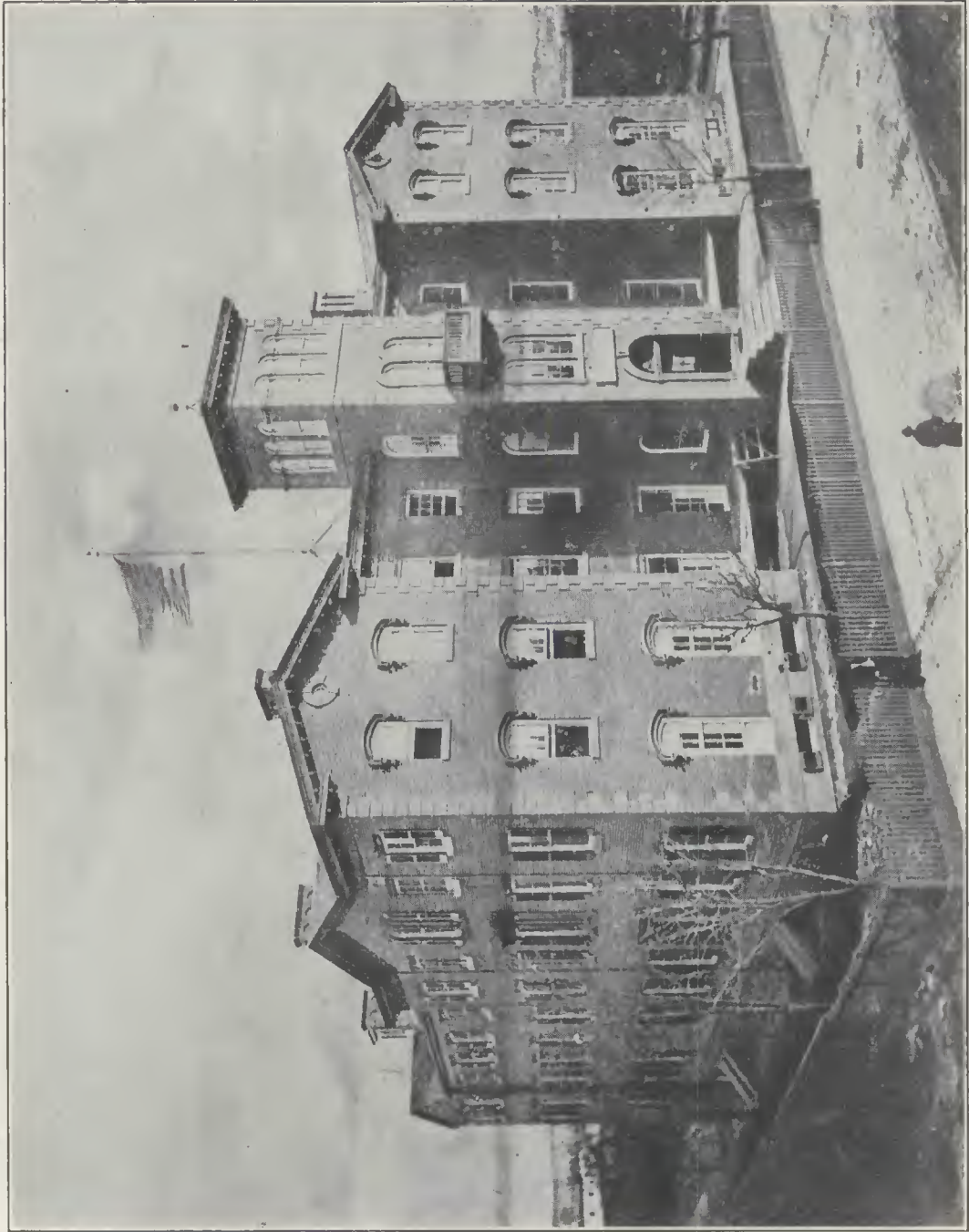
I give, devise and bequeath to the American Foreign Service Association, or any association or

organization which may later succeed it with substantially the same relationship to the Foreign Service of the United States, to be held in trust by the Executive Committee of said Association, or such other board or committee as may later have general supervision over the management of the Association or its successor, the sum of \$1,000 to be paid from the general assets of my estate: Provided, however, that the trustees of said fund shall have authority to invest and reinvest it in interest-bearing securities and use only the income thereof for any beneficent, educational, or utilitarian purposes connected with said Association. This bequest, though modest in amount, is appropriate to my circumstances, and is made in the hope that it may gain the approval of other officers of the Foreign Service of the United States and result in other similar bequests.



FOREIGN SERVICE CLASS

First row, left to right: James B. Stewart, Herbert Hengstler, William R. Castle, Jr., Wilbur J. Carr, Homer M. Byington
Second row: Warren H. Kelchner, Edward Anderson, Jr., Charles A. Converse, Hugh Corby Fox, Lucius J. Knowles, Bernard Gufler and William K. Ailshie
Third row: Easton T. Kelsey, Thomas A. Hickok, Claude B. Chipperfield, Wm. Ware Adams and James H. Wright



WASHINGTON CITY ORPHAN ASYLUM, FOURTEENTH AND S STREETS N. W., 1866-1875
Photo from Wm. McNeir Collection

Homes of the Department of State

VIII

In October or November, 1866, it was necessary for the Department of State to move from the old Northeast Executive Building, at the corner of Fifteenth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue northwest, to make way for the erection on that site of the north wing of the present Treasury Department.

Apparently difficulty was encountered in finding a suitable accommodation, for in an article in the *Washington Star*, of October 21, 1928, it is stated that the State Department "moved for a brief period to the southwest corner of Thirteenth Street and Pennsylvania northwest, which building later became the Census Office and now (1928) forms a part of the site of the Southern Railway Building." This is all that is now known of this temporary move, but confirmation of the fact is found in the Washington City Directory for 1866-67, which gives the location of the State Department at that corner of Pennsylvania Avenue.

The above-mentioned article in the *Washington Star* proceeded as follows: "Evidently these quarters were not satisfactory for in October of the same year the Government leased the new building erected for the Washington City Orphan Asylum at Fourteenth and S Streets northwest and took immediate possession."

Dr. William Tindall, the well known authority on old Washington and the author of the "Standard History of the City of Washington" (H. W. Crew & Co., Knoxville, Tenn., 1914), stated in conversation a few days ago that he recollected that when he was secretary to Governor Bowen, of the Territory (now District) of Columbia, that about 1866 the Government offered to purchase the Franklin High School Building, facing Franklin Square on Thirteenth Street northwest, between I and K Streets, but the offer was finally declined. Failure to obtain that building, which was the only one close in town sufficiently large and dignified enough to suit the requirements of the State Department was the cause of removal to what was then rather a remote location.

Wilhelmus Bogart Bryan in his "History of the National Capital" (McMillan Co., New York, 1916), has the following interesting statement:

"A year after the war building began to be active and increased in volume until checked by the general prostration of business due to the panic of 1873. A large section of the northern city area was still inclosed and under cultivation, as the streets existed only on paper.

In addition, owing to lack of natural drainage, some portions were swampy, a condition suggestive of the earlier days when the great stretch north of H Street and west of Tenth Street was known as the Slashes. So extensive was this unbuild area that in spite of the five years of a rather steady pushing northward of building improvements, as late as 1871 the building erected for the Washington City Orphan Asylum at the southeast corner of Fourteenth and S Streets, and occupied as soon as it was finished in 1866 by the State Department, was described as 'a suburban building.' This phrase was used in an account of the meeting there of the distinguished group of men that constituted the High Joint Commission to consider the Alabama claims and other differences between the United States and Great Britain growing out of the Civil War."

No charitable institution in Washington has finer traditions than the Washington City Protestant Orphan Asylum. It was founded in 1812 largely through the efforts of Marcia (Burns) Van Ness, wife of General Robert P. Van Ness. Mrs. Monroe, wife of the President, was one of the early benefactors, and Mrs. James Madison was the first directress, Marcia Van Ness being the second directress. The asylum at first leased temporary quarters, but for many years was on H Street northwest between Ninth and Tenth Streets. Finally Mr. W. W. Corcoran, the well known banker and philanthropist, deeded to the asylum 55,350 feet of land at the corner of Fourteenth and S Streets northwest. Under plans prepared by John C. Harek, erection of a building began, but in 1866 when it was completed Secretary Seward requested the use of it as accommodation for the State Department. The trustees assented and it was used by the State Department until July 1, 1875.

The picture of the building given in this issue is, like all the others in this series, from the William McNeir Collection, and shows the asylum as it was when it housed the Department of State. The building is now hidden from view by stores which have been built around it, so that as one passes up the busy commercial thoroughfare of Fourteenth Street no trace of it is seen.

The asylum, in the summer of 1927, moved to beautiful substantial quarters at Nebraska Avenue and Loughboro Road northwest. Here upon a 14-acre plateau, a site said to be the highest in the District of Columbia, is situated "Hillcrest," a children's village, where the work, so dear to the bereaved heart of Marcia Van Ness, of sheltering fatherless, motherless and homeless little ones is carried on under ideal conditions.



THE AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL

Vol. VII AUGUST, 1930 No. 8

PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATION, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The American Foreign Service Journal is published monthly by the American Foreign Service Association, and is distributed by the Association to its members gratis. The Journal is also open to private subscription in the United States and abroad at the rate of \$4.00 a year, or 35 cents a copy, payable to the American Foreign Service Journal, care Department of State, Washington, D. C.

Copyright, 1930, by the American Foreign Service Association.

The American Foreign Service Association

Honorary President

HENRY L. STIMSON.....Secretary of State

Honorary Vice-Presidents

JOSEPH P. COTTON.....Undersecretary of State
WILBUR J. CARR.....Assistant Secretary of State
W. R. CASTLE, JR.....Assistant Secretary of State
FRANCIS WHITE.....Assistant Secretary of State

RALPH J. TOTTEN.....President
G. HOWLAND SHAW.....Vice-President

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

HOMER M. BYINGTON, Chairman, WALTER C. THURSTON, Vice Chairman, PIERRE DE L. BOAL, ORSEN N. NIELSEN and JAMES J. MURPHY, JR.

Alternates:

CHARLES S. WINANS RICHARD FORD
RICHARD M. DE LAMBERT

MAXWELL M. HAMILTON
Secretary-Treasurer of the Association

Entertainment Committee: A. DANA HODGDON, Chairman; H. A. FLOOD and WALTER T. PRENDERGAST

JOURNAL STAFF

AUGUSTUS E. INGRAM.....Editor
JAMES B. STEWART.....Consulting Editor
PAUL H. ALLING.....Associate Editor
CHARLES BRIDGHAM HOSMER.....Business Manager
RELLIN R. WINSLOW.....Associate Business Manager
MARSHALL M. VANCE.....Treasurer of Journal

The American Foreign Service Association is an unofficial and voluntary association embracing most of the members of The Foreign Service of the United States. It was formed for the purpose of fostering esprit de corps among the members of the Foreign Service, to strengthen service spirit and to establish a center around which might be grouped the united efforts of its members for the improvement of the Service.

RENT ALLOWANCES

The law approved June 26, 1930, with respect to furnishing living quarters, heat, light, and fuel in the Foreign Service requires that the head of the Department shall prescribe regulations that shall have the approval of the President. A draft of the regulations is now receiving consideration. The Secretary of State signed on June 30, 1930, an order classifying the several posts in the Service and prescribing a schedule on which the amount of the allowance to the several officers will be based. Copies of this order will be mailed in the near future.

In brief, under this order, allowances will be based upon:

(1) Location and type of post from the comparative standpoint of cost of rent, heat, fuel, and light, posts being divided into five classes.

(2) Status of officer; i. e., whether in charge or not, and whether married or single.

It is probable allotments will not permit payment of all actual expenditures in many cases, since allotments must be within available appropriations, but will, in a majority of cases, cover a goodly proportion of such expenditures.

H. C. H.

BY THE WAY

Attention is invited to the minutes of the annual meeting of the Association on June 30, 1930, and also the report by the Executive Committee of the Association for the past fiscal year. This latter gives a slight idea of the many activities of the committee. Comments are requested from the members of the Association in regard to the two questions mentioned in the annual report which might call for amendments to the articles of association.

The article by Vice Consul Bernard Gufler on the visit of the Foreign Service School to the Department of Commerce might be read with profit by every member of the Service, as the Cicerone took great pains to see that the very latest information on many practical details of consular commercial work were given.

The new fiscal year should remind us all that a remittance in payment of our annual dues to the Association should be sent in promptly. Those who do so without further solicitation will help to eliminate much clerical work.

Photographs of offices and staffs are always welcome.



ITEMS



During the past session Congress appropriated funds to reconstruct the State, War and Navy Building with a view to making it harmonize with other Government buildings in Washington. During the past few weeks Government architects have visited the Department on several occasions to make preliminary studies and it is expected that actual construction will be started in the near future. Several offices of the War Department, which had been in the building left on July 1 and it is understood that additional War Department units will move in the near future. These moves are necessary in order to permit changes of State Department offices to be made from one part of the building to another during the building process.

The Undersecretary of State, Mr. Joseph P. Cotton, left early in July for several weeks vacation at his summer home at Bedford Hills, N. Y.

The return of William R. Castle, Jr., to his old desk in the State Department after his successful mission as special Ambassador to Japan for the duration of the London Naval Conference, led Frederic William Wile, in his notes in the *Washington Star*, to remark that Mr. Castle not only ingratiated himself to a high degree with the Japanese authorities and people but that his mission had given him so thorough an appreciation of the fundamentals in the Japanese-American situation as to render him a very valuable adjutant on Secretary Stimson's staff. Mr. Wile added that "one of Mr. Castle's earliest jobs will be to put W. Cameron Forbes through a course of Japanese sprouts. The Bostonian Ambassador designated to Tokyo will probably not go to his post till Fall, in time for the annual return to his capital of the Japanese Emperor?"

Hearty good wishes accompany Dr. Dana G. Munro, former chief of the Division of Latin-American Affairs, Department of State, and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Foreign Service Association, on his mission as Minister to Haiti, with (as stated in the *New York World*) "full responsibility to establish

the Republic of Haiti on a firm foundation of peace, industry and education."

Announcement of the death of the Honorable Stephen G. Porter is made elsewhere in this issue. His indefatigable and valuable services in connection with the Foreign Service Buildings Commission won for him the deep and lasting regard of the Service, and it was eminently fitting that Secretary Stimson chose Mr. Keith Merrill, chief of the Foreign Service Buildings Office, to represent him at the funeral on June 30. The President also sent one of his aides, and the Secretary of Commerce likewise sent a personal representative.

Consul General Joseph W. Ballantine, with Mrs. Ballantine and their three little daughters, left Washington on July 8 for Pasadena, California. They plan to remain there until September 8 when they sail from Los Angeles on the S. S. President Jefferson for Mr. Ballantine's new post at Canton.

E. M. Lawton, F. S. O. Retired, spent a week in Washington the latter part of June. Consul General and Mrs. Lawton, since leaving Sydney, Australia, have been touring in Europe, but are now on their way to California, after visiting Cincinnati and other points. Their address in California is 4652 Maplewood Avenue, Los Angeles.

Consul General Kenneth Stuart Patton, after a visit to his home in Virginia, left for Banff the end of June. He plans to sail for his new post at Batavia on the S. S. President Polk, leaving San Francisco July 25.

Vice Consul Thomas A. Hickok is sailing for his new post at Beirut on the S. S. George Washington, August 19.

John Hays Hammond, on his return recently to this country from a lengthy trip to South America and Europe, is reported to have said that the outstanding observation of his trip was that the American diplomatic and consular service appeared to him to be on a much higher plane than before.



On June 26, 1930, the President signed H. R. 11371, "An Act to provide living quarters, including heat, fuel and light, for civilian officers and employes of the Government in foreign countries." On the following day the President signed H. R. 10919, "An Act for the relief of certain officers and employes of the Foreign Service of the United States, and of Elsie Steiniger, housekeeper of Consul R. A. Wallace Treat, at the Smyrna Consulate, who, while in the course of their respective duties, suffered losses of Government funds and/or personal property by reason of theft, warlike conditions, catastrophes of nature, shipwreck, or other causes." The full text of the first mentioned Act appears elsewhere in the Journal.

In the last issue of the Journal information was given with respect to the action of the Senate and House in appointing members to confer on the Linticum Bill (H. R. 9110.) The conference committee made no report with respect to this bill before the adjournment of Congress on July 3.

The House of Representatives on June 30, 1930, passed the following House Resolution:

"Resolved, That the Hon. Henry W. Temple, of Pennsylvania, be and he is hereby appointed Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, vice the late Hon. Stephen G. Porter."

Mr. Temple, who is from Washington, Pennsylvania, is a Republican and represents the Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania District. He was born at Belle Center, Ohio, March 31, 1864; he was graduated with the degree of A. B. from Geneva College in 1883 and from the Covenanters Theological Seminary at Allegheny in 1887. On April 14, 1892, he married Miss Lucy Parr, of Leechburg, and has four sons and one daughter. In 1898 he became adjunct professor of political science in Washington and Jefferson College and professor of history and political science in 1905. He remained at Washington and Jefferson College until his election to Congress in 1912. He has been a member of the Sixty-third and each succeeding Congresses.

Franklin D. Hale, formerly a member of the American consular service, has published a book of verse entitled, "Reveries of Vermont and other Poems." Clarence H. Dempsey, Commissioner of Education in Vermont, says "in these verses the author not only deals with his themes in a masterly fashion, but he also reveals his own soul." The publishers, The Tuttle Company, Rutland, Vt., say: "You'll enjoy this book."

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Lee Washington are spending part of the summer in England. Their daughter, Miss Helen Lee Washington, was presented at the British Court in Buckingham Palace recently, with several other American ladies, among whom were Mrs. Davis, wife of Consul Nathaniel P. Davis, and Mrs. Baker, wife of Consul Roy Baker, now on duty at London. Mr. and Mrs. Washington on their return to Washington in the Fall will occupy the house at 2200 R Street N. W., formerly the home of former Senator and Mrs. Marion F. Butler.

The Division of International Conferences and Protocol gave a tea party on June 24 to bid farewell to Vice Consul Edward Thompson Wailes, who was leaving for Shanghai and who while on duty in that office had made many friends.

Thomas D. Bowman, American Consul General at Belfast, addressed the Rotary Club at St. Louis, Missouri, on June 12. At the head table were seated only persons having Irish names. On the following afternoon Mr. Bowman delivered a radio talk over station KMOX and a special feature was a program of Irish music which the Station Director built around Mr. Bowman's talk.

R. Horton Henry, Vice Consul at Antilla, Cuba, who was successful in the recent Foreign Service examination, resigned from the Service last month, having received an appointment from the Department of Commerce as Assistant Trade Commissioner at Habana.

Mr. Ancel Newel Taylor, who made many friends while on duty in Room 115, Division of Foreign Service Administration, was married on July 9 at Manti Temple, Salt Lake City, to Virginia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel E. Borg, of that city. Mr. Taylor returns to duty in the State Department next month.

Mrs. T. W. Nelson, of the Division of Foreign Service Administration, was married on July 3, 1930, to Ellsworth Wood, of Washington, D. C. Mrs. Nelson after a brief honeymoon, returned to her duties in the Department.

The University Club in Washington, at 15th and I Streets N. W., is adding new stories to its building to accommodate increased membership. The enlarged quarters will provide additional living quarters, dining rooms, billiard, pool and card rooms, and a variety of athletic features such as squash racket courts, gymnasium, showers, etc. There will also be a roof garden for summer



parties. The attention of Foreign Service officers is called to the Club's offer to them of guest privileges and special membership fees, published in the March, 1930, issue of the Journal.

Edward ("Eddie") Savoy, who since 1889 has ushered dignitaries and diplomats into the office of the Secretary of State, has now, by the personal request of Secretary Stimson to the Civil Service Commission, been granted permission to continue his duties for another year beyond the retirement period prescribed by law. "Eddie" recently celebrated his 75th birthday. He entered the State Department in 1871. This is the third extension he has had and will probably be the last.

FROM THE VISITORS' REGISTER, ROOM 115, DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Table listing visitors to Room 115, Department of State, with names, locations, and dates.

Table listing visitors to Room 115, Department of State, with names, locations, and dates.

VISIT OF AMBASSADOR WALTER E. EDGE AT A RAYON FACTORY AT LYONS

The good-will tours made by Ambassador Edge the early part of this year to various districts of France were reported in the June and July issues of the JOURNAL. In this picture Ambassador Edge is shown looking at the children of the women workers, who evidently, from their bibs and tuckers, are about to have their dejeuner. The members of the party are as follows:

Left to right: Monsieur Gillet, owner of the factory; Ambassador Walter E. Edge, Consul General Leo J. Keena, and Acting Commercial Attaché Daniel J. Reagan. In rear, at left, Consul H. H. Watson.



Photo from Consul Damon C. Woods



News Items From The Field

LONDON, ENGLAND

JUNE 23, 1930.

Addison E. Southard, Minister Resident and Consul General at Ethiopia, who is returning to his post, was a recent visitor at the Embassy and Consulate General.

Consul General Horace Lee Washington, who is spending a holiday in London, has recently called at the Embassy and Consulate General.

CONSUL NATHANIEL P. DAVIS.

SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND

JULY 10, 1930.

Recent notable visitors at Southampton included Ambassador Charles G. Dawes, Minister Addison E. Southard en route to Ethiopia via London, Consul and Mrs. N. P. Davis of London, Representatives B. H. Snell and Sol Bloom, Norman Armour, Counselor of Embassy at Paris and Mrs. Armour, who spent part of their leave in Southern England, Mrs. Buxton, mother of Consul General Roger C. Tredwell, en route to London, Henry Carter, charge d'affaires at Monrovia who spent a month's leave in England, Admiral and Mrs. B. F. Sellers, and Donald Renshaw, Acting Commercial Attache at London.

On July 1, the Duke of York made a ceremonial visit to Southampton and laid the cornerstone for a new civic center and art gallery.

Vice Consul Franklin J. Kelley left Southampton for his new post at Cobh on June 6. Mr. Kelley has a wide circle of friends and gained great distinction in athletics while at Southampton. He won the pole vault championships of Great Britain in 1926 and 1928, and of Belgium in 1927. He is still the holder of the British pole vault record of 12 ft. 7 in. He also gained distinction in the sprints and broad jumps.

Among the invoices for "returned American goods" at Southampton for June, was the Walker International Golf Trophy.

Capt. Wm. H. Wilkinson and six of his crew reached Southampton on July 7 on the Norwegian S. S. Evina which had rescued them from the

American schooner Mary G. Maynard, 735 tons. Running into three bad gales after leaving New York, the Mary G. Maynard sank near the Bermuda coast on June 25, and all of the crew were rescued. They returned to New York by the S. S. Republic, leaving Southampton July 11.

—CONSUL JOHN H. BRUINS.

THE HAGUE, NETHERLANDS

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph A. Graves, of the National Geographic Society, were house guests of Consul and Mrs. Carol H. Foster in The Hague recently. Mr. Graves was a delegate of the Bureau of Education and the Geographic Society to the Spanish-American Congress of Geographers at Seville May 2 to 8.

Mrs. Fred Wren, wife of the Technical Adviser at the Rotterdam Consulate, is returning for a visit of several months with her parents in Maine. Mr. Wren expects to have home leave from the middle of August to the 1st of November.

Mr. Dabney Keblinger was a guest of the Fosters the latter part of June and early part of July. He is spending the summer in The Hague attending the Academy of International Law there.

Mr. Eugene Nabel returned to Rotterdam June 16 after spending a week's vacation in the southern part of England.

IDA H. FOSTER.

BARCELONA, SPAIN

Ambassador Robert Woods Bliss, who recently paid a hurried visit to Spain stopped in Barcelona on June 14 and 15 to visit the Exposition while on his way from Madrid to Paris en route to his post in Buenos Aires.

Ambassador and Mrs. Irwin Laughlin and Miss Laughlin, who were en route to France by automobile, paid a visit to Barcelona on June 15 and 16 to see the Exposition. The Ambassador and Mrs. Laughlin were entertained on the 15th at the home of Consul General and Mrs. Stewart, where a large number of the American colony in Barcelona were privileged to meet their country's chief representative in Spain.



The Consulate General lost its last bachelor officer on June 4, 1930, through the marriage of Consul Thomas McEnelly to Mrs. Norma F. Stauffer, of Salt Lake City. The wedding was a quiet one, celebrated in the church of Bonanova in Barcelona, and was witnessed by Consul General and Mrs. Stewart, Consul and Mrs. Henry, Consul and Mrs. Jordan, and a few other friends of the couple. The next day Mr. and Mrs. McEnelly departed on a motor trip to the Black Forest region of Germany, and other points in northern Europe.

On Monday, May 19, 1930, the Consulate General had the pleasure of a flying visit from Vice Consul and Mrs. Keith from Seville, who were on their way to France accompanied by Mr. Keith's parents. During their short stay of one day the party visited the Barcelona Exposition, which they pronounced magnificent.

CONSUL GENERAL NATHANIEL B. STEWART.

"Transatlantic Trade," published by the American Chamber of Commerce in Germany, in its issue of June, 1930, announced that on May 27 at a luncheon given by the Chamber in honor of Consul General G. Bie Ravndal upon the occasion of his retirement from active service, a certificate of life honorary membership in the Chamber was presented to him. The same publication also announced, with deep regret, the transfer of Consul Edward A. Dow from Frankfort-on-Main to St. John's, Newfoundland. Mr. Dow was elected to honorary life membership in the Chamber early this year.



TORONTO, CANADA

Consul Emil Sauer left Toronto on vacation early in July to be away until the beginning of September. Accompanied by Mrs. Sauer and their family, Mr. Sauer will visit Lake Placid, N. Y., staying at the Lake Placid Club, and then going on to Ottawa, Montreal, and Quebec City. During Mr. Sauer's absence, Consul C. M. Ravndal will be in charge of the Consulate.

Before leaving Toronto, Mrs. Sauer entertained the new executive officers of the American Women's Club at tea at the Royal Canadian Yacht Club.

—CONSUL EMIL SAUER.

SHANGHAI, CHINA

JUNE 12, 1930.

Vice Consul George Bliss Lane, assigned to the Consulate General at Hongkong, passed through Shanghai on May 16 en route to his post.

Vice Consul J. L. Pond, assigned to the American Legation at Peiping as a Language Officer, passed through Shanghai on May 20 to take up his new duties.

On the evening of May 22 Minister Nelson Trusler Johnson was entertained at a dinner by the American University Club at the Astor House Hotel.

Consul Paul W. Meyer from Nanking paid a short visit to Shanghai during the last week of May.

CONSUL J. E. JACOBS.

BUENOS AIRES

The new American Embassy at Buenos Aires is one of the finest residences in the Argentine capital. It was purchased from Dr. Ernesto Bosch, who has held the position of Minister of Foreign Affairs. The Embassy faces the broad Avenida Alvear and Palermo Park. It possesses, however, an extensive and beautiful garden, a portion of which is shown in the photograph.

ORME WILSON.



AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND

JUNE 10, 1930.

The annual dinner of the Consular Corps was held on the 2d of June, the eve of the King's birthday. This year our festive board was graced by the presence of the ladies. The Dean, M. Paul Serre, Consul for France, presided, and was, as usual, both eloquent and humorous.

Mrs. Bernard Gotlieb, wife of Consul Gotlieb, of Wellington, was a visitor during the month.

Miss Enid Hosking, of the staff of the Auckland Consulate, was the star performer in a recent amateur dramatic performance, the presentation of which was honored by the presence of the Governor General and Lady Bledisloe. Miss Hosking is just returning from a month spent in Wellington.

Consul and Mrs. Boyle were dinner guests at Government House during the latter part of May.

and on the King's birthday attended the ball given by the Governor General and Lady Bledisloe.

WALTER F. BOYLE.

CALCUTTA, INDIA

JUNE 12, 1930.

Consul General Robert Frazer, Mrs. Frazer, and her daughter, Miss Gertrude Howard, plan to leave Calcutta by July 1 en route to Consul General Frazer's new post in Mexico City. Mrs. Frazer and Miss Howard have recently returned from a stay of several weeks in Darjeeling.

Consul Richard R. Willey is back from a month spent on duty at Simla, the capital of India during the hot weather.

Consul General Frazer, upon his departure, will also leave his position as president of the Calcutta Rotary Club. He was elected in March. This is considered an unusual honor for one neither British nor Indian.



STAFF OF THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL AT CALCUTTA, MAY, 1930

Back row: S. C. Datta, Prionath Dutt, B. Basu, Mrs. Gertrude Lefranc, Miss Jessie Grenyer, Miss Irene Heberlet, Miss Florence Joakim, B. K. Dass, J. C. Dass, and A. J. Mallik

Middle row: Dr. W. S. Allan (consular physician for over 20 years), Vice Consul G. M. Abbott, Consul R. Y. Jarvis, Consul General Robert Frazer, Consul R. R. Willey, Vice Consul L. R. Stuyvesant, and Vice Consul D. G. Fisher

Front row: Office bearers



Vice Consul Dorsey G. Fisher recently spent some time on duty in Delhi, and later took a trip through the native states of Central India up to Peshawar and the Khyber Pass and into Kashmir.

Vice Consul Richard S. Huestis unfortunately arrived in Calcutta too late to be included in the photograph of the office staff appearing in this issue of the JOURNAL. He had an interesting trip out by way of Marseille, Colombo and Madras. Vice Consul George M. Abbott, who is included in the picture, has since sailed for home on leave.

VICE CONSUL DORSEY G. FISHER.



VISIT OF CURTISS-WRIGHT AVIATION MISSION TO KOVNO, LITHUANIA, JUNE 20, 1930

Left to right: Maj. George E. Arneman, Military Attaché, American Legation, Riga, Latvia; Colonel Pundzevicius, Chief of the Lithuanian Army Air Corps; Mr. Goulding, of the New York Office of the Curtiss-Wright Export Corporation; Lieutenant Doolittle, Maj. Melvin Hall in command, and Lieutenant Parker, all well-known American pilots; and Hugh S. Fullerton, Chargé d'Affaires, American Legation, Kovno, Lithuania

HANKOW CONSULAR DISTRICT

In the February, 1930, issue of the Journal (p. 55), a contributor described the Adelaide Consular District as perhaps comprising the largest area of any American Consular District. The Consulate General at Hankow, China, submits the data below as a possible basis of establishing the claim for having the largest number of square miles and the largest population of any Consular District, embracing approximately an area two-thirds the size of the continental United States and about 60 million more population than the entire country. The figures furnished by the Hankow Consulate

General, in whose territory the former Changsha and Chungking Consular Districts have now been merged for about three years, are as follows:

Province	Area Sq. Miles	Population
Honan (South of Yellow River)	60,000	24,000,000
Hunan	83,400	28,400,000
Hupeh	71,400	27,200,000
Kansu	125,500	5,900,000
Kiangsi	69,500	24,500,000
Kweichow	67,200	11,100,000
Shensi	75,300	9,500,000
Szechwan	218,500	49,800,000
Sinkiang (Chinese Turkestan)	400,000	2,000,000
Tibet (Including Kokonor Region)	850,000	3,000,000
Total	2,020,800	185,400,000

Banking Service To Foreign Service Officers



With over thirty-eight years experience in banking and trust business, we offer every financial facility to those in the Foreign Service.

A banking connection in Washington with this Institution will be a source of satisfaction while on duty at a foreign post.



AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY

15th and Penna. Ave.

Four Branches

Capital, \$3,400,000

Surplus, \$3,400,000

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST
TRUST COMPANY



FOREIGN SERVICE CHANGES

Released for publication June 21, 1930

The following changes have occurred in the American Foreign Service Since June 7:

Joseph W. Ballantine, of Amherst, Mass., American Consul now detailed to the Department of State, assigned American Consul General at Canton, China.

Howard Bucknell, Jr., of Atlanta, Ga., Second Secretary of Legation at Peiping, China, designated Second Secretary of Legation at Panama.

Albert H. Cousins, Jr., confirmed as Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified and as Vice Consul of Career and as a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service. He has been assigned as Vice Consul at Vancouver, British Columbia.

H. Percival Dodge, of Boston, Mass., formerly American Minister to Copenhagen, Denmark, detailed to the Department of State for duty.

Cornelius Van H. Engert, of Berkeley, Calif., First Secretary of Legation at Caracas, Venezuela, designated First Secretary of Legation at Peiping, China.

Robert Frazier, of Philadelphia, Pa., now American Consul General at Calcutta, India, assigned American Consul General at Mexico City.

Taylor W. Gannett confirmed as Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, and Vice Consul of Career and as a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service. He has been assigned as American Vice Consul at Habana, Cuba.

Winthrop S. Greene, of Worcester, Mass., Third Secretary of Embassy at Santiago, Chile, has been designated Third Secretary of Legation at Berne, Switzerland.

Calvin H. Oaks confirmed as Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, and Vice Consul of Career and as a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service. He has been assigned as American Vice Consul at London, England.

Edward Page, Jr., of Ardmore, Pa., Third Secretary of Embassy at Tokyo, Japan, assigned to the Consulate at Harbin, China, for language study.

James K. Penfield, of San Francisco, Calif., now American Vice Consul at Ciudad Juarez, Mexico, assigned American Vice Consul at Progreso, Mexico.

Edward B. Rand, of Shreveport, La., now American Vice Consul at Valparaiso, Chile, assigned American Vice Consul at Arica, Chile.

Samuel Reber, Jr., of New York City, a Foreign Service Officer of Class 8, now assigned to the Department of State, designated as Secretary of Legation and Consul, Monrovia, Liberia.

Kenneth S. Stout, of Portland, Oreg., now American Vice Consul at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, assigned American Vice Consul at Nassau, Bahamas.

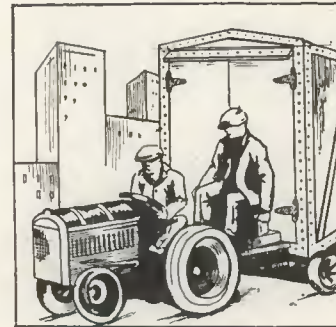
Non-Career

Rudolph J. Blais, of Cohoes, N. Y., American Vice Consul at Havre, France, has resigned.

George C. Cobb, of Americus, Ga., now American Vice Consul at Dakar, Senegal, French West Africa, appointed American Vice Consul at St. John's, Newfoundland.

Henry T. Dwyer, of Providence, R. I., now American Vice Consul at Maracaibo, Venezuela, appointed American Vice Consul at Fort William and Port Arthur, Ontario.

The services of André Gradvohl, acting American Consular Agent at Ceara, Brazil, terminated upon the appointment of his brother, Leon Gradvohl, as acting Consular Agent at that post.



There are very few places where Foreign Service Officers are stationed to which we have not sent shipments of household goods, either in cases or in Security (Steel) vans, and in which there will not be at least one Officer who has been a customer of this Company.

Please communicate direct to the Washington or Paris office, orders or enquiries concerning removals, shipments, or marine and transit insurance, rather than to our agents in the various cities.



Security Storage Company

1140 Fifteenth St. Cable "Storage"
4½ Blocks North of the White House
WASHINGTON, D. C.

31 Place du Marche St. Honore PARIS
Telegrams "Medium"
Telephone Central 30-89

for 40 years providing SECURITY for household goods, silverware, works of art, furs, clothing, rugs, tapestries, motor cars, in

Storage, Shipping & Moving

C. A. ASPINWALL, *President.*

Harry D. Myers, of Litchfield, Ill., now American Vice Consul at Colon, Panama, appointed American Vice Consul at Buenaventura, Colombia.

George L. Tolman, of New York City, now American Vice Consul at Helsingfors, Finland, appointed American Vice Consul at Sarnia, Ontario.

Released for publication June 28, 1930

The following changes have occurred in the American Foreign Service since June 21:

George L. Brandt, of Washington, D. C., now American Consul at Beirut, Syria, assigned American Consul at Cologne, Germany.

Hedley V. Cooke, Jr., of East Orange, N. J., now American Vice Consul at Edinburgh, Scotland, assigned American Vice Consul at Caracas, Venezuela.

William E. Flournoy, Jr., confirmed as Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, and as Vice Consul of Career and as Secretary in the Diplomatic Service. He has been assigned as American Vice Consul at Tampico, Mexico.

Edwin N. Gunsaulus, Sr., of Ohio, Foreign Service Officer, retired, died on June 11.

W. Stanley Hollis, of Chevy Chase, Md., American Consul General assigned to the Department, died on June 8.

John B. Ketcham, of Brooklyn, N. Y., American Vice Consul at Singapore, Straits Settlements, assigned American Vice Consul at Surabaya, Java.

Mason Mitchell, of New York, Foreign Service Officer, retired, died on June 16.

John Farr Simmons, of New York City, American Consul now assigned to the Department, confirmed as a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service, and designated as First Secretary of Embassy at Mexico City.

Ralph J. Totten, of Nashville, Tenn., now serving as Minister Resident and Consul General at Cape Town, Union of South Africa, confirmed to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Union of South Africa.

Clifton R. Wharton, of Boston, Mass., former Chargé d'Affaires at Monrovia, Liberia, now detailed to the Department, has been assigned as American Consul at Las Palmas, Canary Islands. His assignment to Martinique, French West Indies, is cancelled.

Non-Career

The services of Patrick James McAndrews, Vice Consul at Prescott, Ontario, terminated upon the closing of that office.

Released for publication July 12, 1930

The following changes have occurred in the American Foreign Service since June 28:

William A. Bickers, of Culpeper, Va., now American Consul at Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic, assigned American Consul at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

Edward Caffery, of Franklin, La., now American Consul at San Jose, Costa Rica, assigned American Consul at Port Limon, Costa Rica, where he will serve temporarily during the absence of Vice Consul Thomas J. Maleady.

Gerald A. Drew, of San Francisco, Calif., now Vice Consul at Para, Brazil, has been designated as Third Secretary of Legation at Port au Prince, Haiti.

Leo P. Hogan, of East Orange, N. J., American Vice Consul now on duty in the Department of State, has been assigned American Vice Consul at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

F. B. KEECH & COMPANY

We maintain complete departments and private wires for the execution of orders in

STOCKS	BONDS
GRAIN	COTTON
COFFEE	RUBBER
SUGAR	COCOA

**H Corner 17th St., N. W., Washington
52 Broadway, New York**

Chicago Philadelphia Providence Brooklyn

Members of

New York Cotton Exchange
New Orleans Cotton Exchange
Liverpool Cotton Exchange, Ltd. (*Assoc. Members*)
Bremen Cotton Exchange (*Assoc. Members*)
Winnipeg Grain Exchange Chicago Board of Trade
N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange, Inc.
Rubber Exchange of New York, Inc.
New York Stock Exchange Washington Stock Exchange
New York Curb Market Chicago Stock Exchange

Douglas Jenkins, of Greenville, S. C., now American Consul General at Canton, China, assigned American Consul General at Hong Kong.

James P. Moffitt, of New York City, American Consul assigned to the Department of State, has been assigned as American Consul at Marseilles, France.

John J. Muccio, of Providence, R. I., now American Consul at Hong Kong, assigned American Consul at Foochow, China.

Dana G. Munro, of Princeton, N. J., Foreign Service Officer of Class 2, now on duty in the Department of State, has been confirmed to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Haiti.

Charles A. Page, of Sherborn, Mass., Third Secretary of Embassy at Habana, has been designated Third Secretary of Legation at Quito, Ecuador.

Elvin Seibert, of Elkhart, Ind., Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, now on duty in the Department of State, has been assigned as American Vice Consul at Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic. His assignment as Vice Consul at Kobe, Japan, has been cancelled.

Milton P. Thompson, of Griffin, Ga., Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, now assigned to the Foreign Service School, has been assigned as American Vice Consul at Mexico City, Mexico.

The following promotions have been made in the Foreign Service, effective July 10:

Unclassified—\$2,500 to \$2,750

Hiram Bingham, Jr., of Cambridge, Mass., now American Vice Consul at Tokyo, Japan.



SINCE 1889
41 YEARS AGO

WASHINGTON'S
Florist and Floral Decorators

We Telegraph Flowers

Gude Bros. Co.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Main Store 1212 F Street N. W.

Three Branch Flower Shops

Charles E. Bohlen, of Clayton, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Prague, Czechoslovakia.

Daniel M. Braddock, of Little Rock, Ark., now American Vice Consul at Medan, Sumatra.

Claude A. Buss, of Sunbury, Pa., now American Vice Consul at Peiping, China.

Warren M. Chase, of Chicago, Ill., now American Vice Consul at Amsterdam, Netherlands.

Norris B. Chipman, of Washington, D. C., now American Vice Consul at Riga, Latvia.

Sydney G. Gest, of Philadelphia, Pa., now American Vice Consul at Habana, Cuba.

Archibald E. Gray, of Bethlehem, Pa., now American Vice Consul at Callao-Lima, Peru.

H. Livingston Hartley, of Boston, Mass., now American Vice Consul at Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Frederick P. Latmer, Jr., of New London, Conn., now American Vice Consul at San Salvador.

Robert G. McGregor, Jr., of East Orange, N. J., now American Vice Consul at Jerusalem, Palestine.

Ralph Miller, of New York City, now American Vice Consul at Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Sheldon T. Mills, of Portland, Oreg., now American Vice Consul at La Paz, Bolivia.

James B. Pilcher, of Dothan, Ala., now American Vice Consul at Hankow, China.

R. Borden Reams, of Luthersburg, Pa., now American Vice Consul at Havre, France.

Arthur R. Ringwalt, of Omaha, Nebr., now American Vice Consul at Shanghai, China.

Horace H. Smith, of Xenia, Ohio, now American Vice Consul assigned as Language Officer to the Legation at Peiping, China.

L. Rutherford Stuyvesant, of Allamuchy, N. J., now American Vice Consul at Calcutta, India.

Llewellyn E. Thompson, Jr., of Las Animas, Colo., now American Vice Consul at Colombo, Ceylon.

Unclassified—\$2,750 to \$3,000

Glenn A. Abbey, of Dodgeville, Wis., now American Vice Consul at Johannesburg, Union of South Africa.

LaVerne Baldwin, of Cortland, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Santa Marta, Colombia.

Norton F. Brand, of Grandin, N. Dak., now American Vice Consul at Fernie, British Columbia.

Paul C. Daniels, of Albion, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Cali, Colombia.

Horace J. Dickinson, of Little Rock, Ark., now American Vice Consul at Antilla, Cuba.

Terry S. Hinkle, of New York City, now American Vice Consul at Singapore, Straits Settlements.

Cloyce K. Huston, of Crawfordsville, Iowa, now American Vice Consul at Aden, Arabia.

Bruce Lancaster, of Worcester, Mass., now American Vice Consul at Kobe, Japan.

John S. Littell, of Yonkers, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Tientsin, China.

Andrew G. Lynch, of Utica, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Mukden, China.

Charles A. Page, of Sherborn, Mass., now Third Secretary of Embassy at Habana, Cuba.

Hugh F. Ramsay, of Franklin, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Zurich, Switzerland.

Alan S. Rogers, of Santa Barbara, Calif., now American Vice Consul at Bangkok, Siam.

Thomas C. Wasson, of Newark, N. J., now American Vice Consul at Melbourne, Australia.

George H. Winters, of Downs, Kans., now American Vice Consul at Mexico City, Mexico.

W. Quincy Stanton, of Woodhaven, Long Island, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Lourenco Marques.

Non-Career

Adam Beumont, of Methuen, Mass., now serving as American Vice Consul at Naples, Italy, appointed American Vice Consul at Riviere du Loup, Canada.

Walter F. Dement, of Granada, Miss., now American Vice Consul at Saigon, French Indo-China, appointed American Vice Consul at Cape Town, Union of South Africa.

Eugene H. Johnson, of Black River Falls, Wis., now serving as American Vice Consul at Sydney, Nova Scotia, appointed American Vice Consul at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

Walter J. Linthicum, of Baltimore, Md., now American Vice Consul at Riviere du Loup, Canada, appointed American Vice Consul at Vienna, Austria.

Louis B. Mazzeo, of New York City, now serving as Clerk in the American Consulate at Chihuahua, Mexico, appointed American Vice Consul at that post.

William P. Robertson, of Jackson, Tenn., now American Vice Consul at Cartagena, Colombia, appointed American Vice Consul at Martinique, French West Indies.

Released for publication July 19, 1930

The following changes have occurred in the American Foreign Service since July 12, 1930:

George V. Allen, of Durham, N. C., now American Vice Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction. The course begins August 4, 1930.

Ralph J. Blake, of Portland, Oreg., now serving in the Department of State, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction.

William F. Cavanaugh, of Berkeley, Calif., now American Vice Consul at Mexico City, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction.

Edmund J. Dorsz, of Detroit, Mich., now American Vice Consul at Ottawa, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction.

J. Klahr Huddle, of Fort Recovery, Ohio, now American Consul at Cologne, Germany, has been confirmed Consul General and assigned to Warsaw, Poland.

Frederick C. Fornes, Jr., of Buffalo, N. Y., now American Vice Consul at Toronto, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction.

Charles A. Hutchinson, of Duluth, Minn., now American Vice Consul at Windsor, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction.



Donal F. McGonigal, of Troy, N. Y., now American Consul at Beirut, assigned American Vice Consul at Saloniki, Greece.

William D. Moreland, Jr., of Portland, Oreg., now American Vice Consul at Vancouver, assigned to the Foreign Service School for instruction.

Benjamin Muse, of Petersburg, Va., now Second Secretary of Legation at Panama City, assigned First Secretary of Legation at Bogota, Colombia.

Frederick L. Thomas, of Rochester, N. Y., formerly American Consul at Malta, died the morning of July 17, 1930, at a Veterans Bureau hospital at Denver, Colo.

James H. Wright, of Chillecothe, Mo., now assigned to the Foreign Service School of the Department of State, assigned American Vice Consul at Cologne, Germany.

Non-Career

Morgan Atherton, of Los Angeles, Calif., now serving as Clerk in the American Consulate General at San Salvador, has been appointed Vice Consul at that post.

Arthur T. Flavin, of West Paris, Me., now serving as American Vice Consul at Leghorn, Italy, appointed American Vice Consul at Turin, Italy.

Raymond Whelan, of California, has been appointed Honorary Vice Consul at Medellin, Colombia.

William P. Shockley, Jr., now serving as American Vice Consul at Turin, Italy, has been appointed American Vice Consul at Leghorn. Mr. Shockley is from Dover, Del.

CONFIRMATIONS

The following executive nomination was confirmed by the Senate on June 28, 1930:

Dana G. Munro, of New Jersey, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Haiti.

NOMINATIONS

The following executive nominations were received by the Senate on the dates indicated:

June 26:

Julius Wadsworth, of Connecticut, now a Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, and a Vice Consul of Career, to be also a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service of the United States of America.

June 27:

R. Horton Henry, of Arizona, to be a Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified, a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service and a Vice Consul of Career.

Garret G. Ackerson, Jr., of New Jersey, now a Foreign Service Officer, Unclassified and a Vice Consul of Career, to be also a Secretary in the Diplomatic Service of the United States of America.

BIRTHS

A daughter, Clara Evelyn, was born on February 6, 1930, at Peiping, China, to Vice Consul and Mrs. Claud Albert Buss.

A son, Paulo Julio Cahn, was born on March

FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

Photographers to the
Diplomatic Corps and the
Consular Service

HARRIS & EWING

THE HOME OF
"NATIONAL NOTABLES"

1313 F Street N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.
Phone National 8700

16, 1930, at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, to Vice Consul and Mrs. Rudolph Edwin Cahn.

A son, David, Junior, was born on April 22, 1930, at Istanbul Turkey, to Third Secretary and Mrs. David Williamson.

A son, Owen Hartley, was born on May 7, 1930, at Asuncion, Paraguay, to Vice Consul and Mrs. John B. Faust.

A son, Jacques, was born on May 30, 1930, at Bellavista, Peru, to Vice Consul and Mrs. Archibald E. Gray. Mr. Gray is assigned as American Vice Consul at Callao-Lima.

A son, William Robert, was born on June 8, 1930, at St. Catherines, Ontario, to Consul and Mrs. Howard Karl Travers. Mr. Travers is now assigned as American Consul at Palermo, Italy.

A daughter was born on July 20, 1930, at Washington, D. C., to Consul General and Mrs. Frank C. Lee. Mr. Lee is now in charge at Halifax, Nova Scotia.

MARRIAGES

Karnes-Wilcocks. Married, at the residence of Consul and Mrs. Richard F. Boyce, at Laredo, Texas, on June 16, 1930, Vice Consul William Karnes (now stationed at San Luis Potosi), and Miss Crete Wilcocks, of St. Louis, Mo.

Juddson-Levitt. Married, in New York City, on May 23, 1930, Mr. Harte Montefiore Juddson and Miss Marion Levitt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Levitt. (Mr. Juddson, formerly Judelson, was connected with the American Consulate General at Istanbul, but is now living in Brooklyn, N. Y.)



NECROLOGY



Photo by Harris & Ewing

STEPHEN G. PORTER

The following statement was issued by the Secretary of State, Henry L. Stimson, on June 27, 1930, concerning the death of Congressman Stephen G. Porter at the Allegheny General Hospital in Pittsburgh, Pa., on June 27, 1930:

By the death of Congressman Stephen G. Porter, Pittsburgh, the Department of State and successive Secretaries of State have lost a powerful friend having a rare understanding of the foreign problems of this country. When on coming to Congress 19 years ago Mr. Porter became a member of the Committee of Foreign Affairs, he at once laid the foundation for the broad usefulness to his Government by traveling abroad to the more remote parts of the Far East and South America. His advice on Chinese and Philippine questions has been constantly welcomed by Secretaries of State since 1911, and these peoples had such confidence in his knowledge of their condition, and in his appreciation of their points of view, that they frequently consulted him to obtain the judgment of an unbiased, rugged American. In the time of President Coolidge, the Filipinos asked that he be appointed Governor General of the Islands.

Aside from his great work with Secretary Mellon to check illicit traffic in drugs, his most important single accomplishment with the Department of State was the

authorship and sponsoring of the Foreign Service Buildings Act, which passed both Houses of Congress in the Spring of 1926 and has for its object American Government ownership of residences and office buildings for American officials abroad. Because of his wide travels and his knowledge of the necessities of the Foreign Service, he was unanimously elected chairman of the Foreign Service Buildings Commission created under the act, and immediately set to work to learn about building sites for the Government by looking them over himself. In July and August, 1927, after Congress adjourned, he traveled through Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama, and Cuba, looking over possible building locations in these countries, and subsequently sailed for Europe, where in Paris he initiated, with Congressman J. Charles Linthicum, of Baltimore, the negotiations for the acquisition by the Government of the corner for an office building on the Place de la Concorde, finally purchased in the summer of 1928.

This summer he was planning, when so suddenly stricken with his last illness, a trip to Egypt, Arabia, India, the Dutch Indies and the China Coast, to continue his work of personally examining Government sites.

Mr. Porter's constant sacrifice of himself, shown in his undertakings to travel between congressional sessions through the unhealthful regions at the hottest time of the year, exemplifies his ideal of trusteeship in public service. The Department and every member of the Foreign Service sustain in his going the very great loss of a loyal friend.

At a special meeting the Executive Committee of the American Foreign Service Association adopted the following resolution:

WHEREAS news of the death of the Hon. Stephen Geyer Porter has shocked and grieved the members of the American Foreign Service Association; and

WHEREAS the passing of one who for long years was a devoted and loyal friend of the Foreign Service and the Department of State, and whose genial comradeship and friendly counsel gave him a lasting place in the affection and memory of that wide group of members of the American Foreign Service Association whose privilege it was to know him, represents an irreparable loss: Now therefore be it

Resolved, That the American Foreign Service Association, through its Executive Committee, does hereby adopt this expression of its grief and directs that copies thereof be presented to Mr. Porter's daughter, Mrs. Richard Barou, of Newport, and to his eldest brother, Mr. Louis K. Porter, of Pittsburgh, to whom the Association conveys its sincere condolence.

The Foreign Service Buildings Commission also passed a similar resolution.

FREDERICK L. THOMAS

Frederick Lake Thomas, American Foreign Service officer, whose last post was at Malta, died at the Fitzsimmons General Hospital, near Denver, Colorado, on July 17, 1930, where he had been receiving treatment since last April.

Mr. Thomas was born in Rochester, N. Y., February 8, 1892. After graduation from the University of Rochester (B. S.) in 1916, he served in



the United States Army from June, 1916, to May, 1919, retiring as lieutenant. After two years in commercial life, he was appointed, after examination, Vice Consul of career of Class III, October 26, 1921. His first assignment was to Bombay, later to Calcutta, and then after promotion to Foreign Service officer of class eight he was assigned to Mukden, October 23, 1924, and to Shanghai on December 16, 1925. His health having suffered he went to Denver for hospital treatment, and in October, 1929, having been pronounced cured, he was sent to Lausanne, Switzerland, to relieve Consul Baldwin, and last December he was transferred to Malta. This spring, however, his health again compelled him to return to the United States for medical treatment.

Mr. Thomas was very popular with his colleagues and friends and was considered a very able and efficient officer. He was not married. Sincere sympathy is extended to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward O. T. Thomas, who reside at 240 Browncroft Boulevard, Rochester, N. Y., and to his two brothers.

COMMERCIAL WORK FOR JUNE

The volume of trade data received in the Commercial Office of the Department of State from Consular officers, excepting the offices in Great Britain and Northern Ireland, during the month of June, 1930, is indicated as follows:

	1930
Reports	1,766
Trade Letters	4,803
Trade Lists	249
World Trade Directory Reports.....	4,133
Trade Opportunity Reports.....	312

The officers whose posts and names follow prepared reports received during June, 1930, rated EXCELLENT: Calcutta, Consul General Robert Frazer (*political*); Habana, Vice Consul William B. Murray; Medan, Vice Consul Daniel M. Brad-dock; Prague, Consul John W. Bailey, Jr.; Tai-hoku, Vice Consul Charles S. Reed.

Trade letters (one letter from each post except where indicated parenthetically) received during the same period from the following named posts were accorded the rating of EXCELLENT: Berlin (6); Bombay; Bordeaux; Bremen; Breslau (3); Bucharest; Buenos Aires (4); Calais; Cognac; Copenhagen; Dresden; Frankfort on the Main (2); Guaymas; Hankow; Havre; London, Ontario; Milan (4); Montreal; Nantes; Pernam-

PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS SYSTEM—"PANAIR"



U. S. AIR MAILS TO SOUTH AMERICA, CENTRAL AMERICA, MEXICO, and WEST INDIES

PASSENGERS—AIR EXPRESS

WORLD'S LARGEST OPERATORS OF MULTI-ENGINEED AIR TRANSPORTS
18,000 MILES OF AIRWAYS—FLYING 80,000 MILES EVERY WEEK

Board of Directors

R. F. Hoyt, Chairman, S. S. Colt, Lyman Delano, S. M. Fairchild, G. B. Grosvenor, T. E. Hambleton, W. A. Harriman, Leonard Kennedy, Robert Lehman, Grover Loening, George Mixer, E. O. McDonnell, R. H. Patchin, F. B. Rentschler, J. T. Trippe, W. H. Vanderbilt, C. V. Whitney

President and General Manager, J. T. TRIPPE
Technical Advisor, COL. CHARLES A. LINDBERGH
Chief, Foreign Relations, EVAN E. YOUNG
Washington Representative, P. E. D. NAGLE

GENERAL OFFICES: 122 E. 42nd St., NEW YORK CITY

buco; Prague; Rio de Janeiro; Rotterdam; Shanghai; Tallinn; Tientsin; Turin; Wellington (2).

Distribution of reports or of excerpts therefrom were made by the Commercial Office as follows:

To Department of Commerce.....	1,543
To Chamber of Commerce.....	412
To Department of Agriculture.....	340
To Treasury Department	230
To Military Intelligence Division.....	121
Loaned to other departments	172

During the same period there were received from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce 717 requests for specific commercial reports from Consular offices.

SHIPPING REPORTS

During the month of June the Shipping Section of the Division of Foreign Service Administration accorded the rating EXCELLENT to a shipping report submitted by Vice Consul Paul C. Daniels, Buenaventura, Colombia.



FOREIGN SERVICE SCHOOL VISIT TO DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

On July 7 and 8 the student officers attending the Foreign Service School were given a course in commerce at the close of their regular course in the school when Consul James J. Murphy, Jr., the instructor in commercial work, took them on a tour of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Mr. Cooper, the director, extended the greetings of the bureau and Dr. Klein, Assistant Secretary of Commerce, gave a talk on the importance of proper commercial representation abroad. Calls were made on the chiefs of the following divisions who gave short talks on the work of their divisions: Mr. Rastall, machinery; Dr. Furness, minerals; Mr. King, specialties; Mr. Chalmers, foreign tariffs; Mr. Page, leather; Mr. Childs, automotive; Mr. Oxholm,

lumber; Mr. Becker, iron and steel; Mr. Hall, finance; Mr. North, motion pictures; Mr. Junkin, commercial laws, and Mr. Hillyer, commercial intelligence. Talks were given on trade letters by Mr. Brookhart, on the district officers by Mr. Matthews, and on commerce reports by Mr. Evans.

Mr. Rastall, of the Machinery Division, gave a short talk on the importance of machinery in modern life, demonstrating by comparisons of wage scales and horse-power used in industry in various countries, the importance of machinery in raising the buying power and standard of living of a nation. He stated that the United States was a world leader in the development of power machinery and pointed out the fact that in 1929 the machinery exports of the United States amounted to approximately \$1,000,000 a day.

Mr. King, of the Specialties Division, impressed upon the class the importance of newsworthy reports, made up not merely of dry statistics, but



STAFF OF THE AMERICAN CONSULATE AT TORONTO, APRIL, 1930

Front row seated, left to right: Vice Consul F. A. Bohne, Vice Consul T. A. Hickok, Consul C. M. Ravndal, Consul Emil Saner (in Charge), Consul C. P. Fletcher, Vice Consul F. C. Farnes, Jr., Vice Consul F. H. Larned
Second row: Miss May Athersieh, Miss Grace Athersieh, Miss Sarah Brook, Miss Mary Smith, Miss Dorothy Davis, Miss Lucy Clark, Miss Dorothy Latchford, Miss Gweneth Waite
Third row: Miss Irene Sheridan, Mr. R. Harding, Mr. F. Baigent, Vice Consul Edwin McKee, Mr. M. Chilton, Mr. J. McGovern



containing human interest items. Mr. Oxholm, of the Lumber Division; Mr. Child, of the Automotive Division, and Mr. Evans, editor of Commerce Reports, also stressed the importance of human interest in reports, pointing out that statistics alone do not make good reading. Mr. Child and Mr. Oxholm also emphasized the importance of keeping trade lists and reports on business houses up to date. The Lumber Division keeps a card index of about 4,000 firms. This index is more comprehensive than that in the possession of any bank, since banks only have general credit information and the Lumber Division index contains full data as to the special qualifications and distributing capacity of each agent for various kinds of American lumber.

Mr. Hillyer, of the Commercial Intelligence Division, explained the use made of World Trade directory reports and their importance to American business men. In the four business days of the week from June 30 to July 5 the Division had 1,900 inquiries from exporters for information about foreign firms. He also told the class that the Bureau stood ready and willing to assist the Consul in the field where he was placing an agency by giving him complete data as to the general standing and responsibility of the American exporter, so that the foreign merchant could know the type of firm with which he was about to enter into business relations.

Dr. Furness, of the Minerals Division, explained the interdependence of nations for the supplying of their needs for metals and ores and emphasized the importance of good reports by means of which the Bureau may be kept informed of developments in mines and minerals throughout the world.

Mr. Chalmers, of the Foreign Tariffs Division, asked that the officers form helpful contacts abroad and be alert to report changes in the tariff systems of the various countries. Mr. Junkin, of the Commercial Laws Division, pointed out the importance of keeping files of information about various foreign laws for the benefit of American exporters, who do not have facilities for keeping themselves informed about the laws of foreign countries, and must necessarily depend on the Bureau for their information.

Mr. Brookhart discussed trade letters from the point of view of the Department of Commerce, which has recently changed its system of handling them. Letters written by field officers are sent to the District offices in the United States in duplicate. The original is examined by the District Manager and, if in proper form, is sent to the American firm. The duplicate is kept in the



A Quiet Exclusive Hotel
In New York's Social
Centre

THE LANGDON
2 EAST 56TH ST
NEW YORK

PATRONIZED BY MEMBERS OF THE
AMERICAN FOREIGN SERVICE

RATES: SINGLE \$4.00, DOUBLE \$5.00

ALL ROOMS WITH BATH

CABLE: LANGDON, NEW YORK

files of the District office. A copy is also sent to the Bureau for its files.

The students left the Bureau impressed with the real importance of careful and readable trade reporting and pleased with the appreciation of Consular work shown by the officials of the Department of Commerce.

BERNARD GUFLER.

PRAGUE INTERNATIONAL SAMPLE FAIR

By ARTHUR C. FROST, *American Consul General,
Prague, Czechoslovakia*

Responsive to the interest manifested in the consular exhibit at the Prague International Sample Fair, held in March, 1929, the American Consulate General at Prague arranged a much larger exhibit for the twentieth fair, held during the week of March 16-23, 1930. Whereas only one showcase was used in 1929, the Consulate General utilized an entire room for the present fair, kindly supplied through the courtesy of the Prague Sample Fair authorities.

The exhibit comprised displays of leading American trade journals, recent catalogues of American goods, tourist literature, and travel information. Interesting features of the exhibit were splendid photographs of American modern roads, post offices and other public buildings, photographs of Government buildings already constructed or planned in the National Capital, the headquarters of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, views of our national parks, posters of American scenery, and skyscrapers. Of particular interest to Czechoslovak farmers were views of American agricultural machinery of the latest type, various crop scenes showing farming methods and irrigation developments in the Far West, a model dairy, and prize livestock. The



Consulate General's various commercial reference books were placed at the disposal of the public. The visitors showed particular interest in publications on business efficiency and in American trade publications, of which a large number were on display.

It is estimated that the fair was visited, during the week, by over one-half million persons, a large number of whom viewed the exhibit of the American Consulate General. Members of the staff were in constant attendance from 9 to 5 during the week, and specific services were offered to nearly 1,000 persons who expressed an interest in American trade or desired information respecting the United States. The exhibit was arranged without any expense to the Government.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Walter L. Miller, Chief of the Foreign Service Division, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Com-

merce, Department of Commerce, in a letter dated July 12, 1930, kindly gave the following personal notes on their field representatives:

Among the recent additions to the Foreign Service of the Department of Commerce are the following:

Mr. R. P. Hendren has been appointed a Trade Commissioner to Batavia to succeed Mr. T. C. Barringer, who has been assigned to the New York District Office. Mr. Hendren received his education at Bucknell University. He has been with the Bureau in the New York District Office since December, 1928. He is scheduled to sail on the *President Polk* on July 25.

Mr. Paul L. Hopper, a graduate of Georgetown School of Foreign Service, and recently secretary to Representative Holaday, has been appointed as Assistant Trade Commissioner at Bombay, to succeed Mr. Stow, resigned.

Mr. C. T. Langdon, a graduate of Brown University, and who has traveled extensively abroad for several American firms, has been assigned to Bogota as Assistant Trade Commissioner.

Mr. David Maynard, with degrees from Princeton, Columbia University, and University of Chicago, and recently professor of political science at Lake Forest College, has been assigned as Assistant Trade Commissioner at Hongkong. He taught in Peking at one time. He will sail for his post on the *President Polk* on July 25.



CONSULAR STAFF AT MILAN

Left to right seated: Vice Consul F. C. Niccoli, Vice Consul James W. Gantenbein, Consul Homer Brett, Vice Consul Linton Crook

Left to right standing: Mrs. Binkowski, Mr. Morabia, Guillermo Zauchi, Mr. Cordero, Miss Zoepgni, Miss Edmiston, Miss Otten, Sebastiano La Rosa, Mrs. Burke and Mr. Villa

Mr. G. L. Thrall has been appointed an Assistant Trade Commissioner to Calcutta. He is a graduate of Colgate University and has had four years' experience with the National City Bank of New York and General Motors Export Company in India.

Mr. Joe D. Walstrom has been appointed an Assistant Trade Commissioner to the new office at Bangkok. He is a graduate of George Washington University and has had prior experience in the Bureau in the Accounting Division and in the Guatemala Office. He will sail for his new post July 11 on the *President Garfield*.

Mr. G. M. Southworth, of the Commercial Intelligence Division, has been assigned as Clerk to the Commercial Attaché at London. He is scheduled to sail July 16 on the *President Roosevelt*.

U. S. NAVAL ATTACHES

Capt. H. A. Baldrige, U. S. N., Director of Naval Intelligence, Navy Department, in a communication dated July 11, 1930, kindly stated that the following changes have been made recently in the list of U. S. Naval Attachés designated to foreign countries:

Argentina. Commander Leland Jordan, U. S. N., assumed duty as Attaché in May, 1930. Capt. C. L. Arnold was detached from this post in February, 1930, subsequently returning to the United States and retiring.

Germany. Capt. K. G. Castleman, U. S. N., assumed duty as Attaché on May 31, 1930, relieving Capt. G. M. Baum, U. S. N.

Italy. Capt. M. Milne, U. S. N., assumed duty as Attaché June 30, 1930, relieving Capt. R. S. Holmes, U. S. N.

A complete list of U. S. Naval Attachés and their assistants on duty at the present time in foreign countries follows:

London, England. Capt. W. W. Galbraith, U. S. N., July 13, 1928. Assistants, Lt. Comdr. H. F. Kingman, U. S. N., September 19, 1928; Comdr. R. T. Hanson (C.C.), U. S. N. (accredited also to Paris, The Hague, and Berlin), July, 1929; Lt. Comdr. G. D. Murray, U. S. N. (accredited also to Paris, Madrid, and Lisbon), January, 1930.

Hotel Lafayette

Corner 16th and Eye Streets, N. W.



Only three minutes from the State, War and Navy Departments, the White House, and all Clubs, and is the center of all that is worth while

SPECIAL RATES
TO THE DIPLOMATIC AND
CONSULAR SERVICE

Paris, France (accredited also to Madrid and Lisbon). Capt. G. W. Steele, U. S. N., July, 1928. Assistants, Commander H. P. LeClair, U. S. N., July, 1928; Lt. Comdr. W. D. Thomas, U. S. N., September, 1928.

Berlin, Germany (accredited also to Oslo, Copenhagen, and Stockholm). Capt. K. G. Castleman, U. S. N., May 31, 1930. Assistant, Lieut. J. O. Huse (accredited also to The Hague, Rome, Paris, and London), June 20, 1929.

The Hague, Netherlands. Commander A. A. Corwin, U. S. N., July, 1929.

ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN CLAIMS and all other WAR CLAIMS

in connection with confiscated properties by former allied or central governments

Miscellaneous Collections here and abroad, New Financing, Funding of Debts, Re-organization of Foreign Firms, Incorporations under American Laws, Financial Investigations and Credit Information

CARL M. J. von ZIELINSKI

Foreign Trade and Financial Adviser
90 WALL STREET
NEW YORK

Cable Address: "Zielinski"

Agents and Correspondents in practically all parts of the world.

All Standard Codes Used



Rome, Italy. Capt. M. Milne, U. S. N., June 30, 1930. Assistant, Commander P. N. I. Bellinger, U. S. N., June 24, 1928.

Bucnos Aires, Argentina. Commander Leland Jordan, U. S. N., May, 1930.

Santiago, Chile. Commander I. H. Mayfield, U. S. N., December 13, 1928.

Mexico City, Mexico. Capt. L. B. McBride, U. S. N., February, 1928.

Tokyo, Japan. Capt. J. V. Ogan, U. S. N., December, 1928. Assistant, Lt. Comdr. F. P. Melendy, U. S. N., May, 1930.

Peiping, China. Commander C. C. Hartigan, U. S. N., August, 1929.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras (accredited also to Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Panama, and El Salvador). Lt. Col. R. B. Farquharson, U. S. M. C., August, 1929.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

In the Lists of Changes of Duties and Stations of Officers of the United States Public Health Service, received since the July issue of the JOURNAL, there have not been any items in regard to posts outside of the United States.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER NO. 491 1/2

There shall henceforth be two Assistant Chiefs of the Division of Western European Affairs.

Pierre de L. Boal, Foreign Service Officer of Class IV, and John D. Hickerson, Foreign Service Officer of Class V, now detailed to the Department, are hereby appointed Assistant Chiefs of the Division of Western European Affairs, effective today.

HENRY L. STIMSON.

Department of State, June 24, 1930.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER NO. 493

Mr. Anderson Dana Hodgdon, Foreign Service Officer of Class VII, is hereby designated as Chief of the Visa Office, effective July 1, 1930.

Mr. Eliot B. Coulter is hereby designated as Assistant Chief of the Visa Office, effective July 1, 1930.

HENRY L. STIMSON.

Department of State, June 28, 1930.



DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR OFFICERS

WILL ENJOY

THE WILLARD

with its large rooms, high ceilings and outside bathrooms. Within the past few months the rooms have been newly decorated; with their bright and attractive chintzes; they are charming in appearance and provide the utmost in comfort.

The cuisine is in charge of a celebrated Chef, formerly at the Ritz Hotel in London, and the service is that to be properly expected of a highly trained and competent staff.

25% discount on room charges to members of the United States Foreign Service

On Famous Pennsylvania Ave. at Fourteenth and F Sts.

FRANK S. HIGHT, *President.*



AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE

During the decade prior to 1914, 10 percent (in value) of our American foreign trade was carried in American vessels.

During the past decade American flag ships carried over 35 percent.

Considering the increase of the value of our foreign trade carried in American ships which, during the decade prior to 1914, averaged \$300,000,000 annually as compared with the past decade, when it averaged \$2,600,000,000, the carriage of American foreign trade by American ships shows a substantial increase.

In 1914 six American flag ships of 70,000 gross tons were operated in our foreign trade with Europe. Today there are 232 ships of a million and a half gross tons operating in this trade.

In 1914 there were five American flag ships of 23,000 tons operating in the trade between the United States and South America. Today we have 90 ships of 550,000 tons operating in this trade.

In 1914 we had no American flag ships to the African continent. Today we have 22 ships of 125,000 gross tons.

In 1914 there were five American flag ships operating from Pacific coast terminals to the Far East. Today we have 140 American flag ships of 1,000,000 gross tons operating in the trade with Asia.

Expansion in our foreign trade with these regions shows a substantial increase. Comparing the 1910-14 period with that of today, our trade with Europe has increased 50 percent, with South America 200 percent, with Africa 325 percent, and with Asia 380 percent.

In our established services in the foreign and non-contiguous trades there are now employed nearly 700 vessels of almost 4,000,000 gross tons and nearly all of these vessels are of 2,000 gross tons and over.

Of the 52 passenger and freight services originally established by the United States Shipping Board, through consolidations and sales to private American owners, there remain only 18 lines under the jurisdiction of the Board.

At the peak of its activities the United States Shipping Board had under its jurisdiction in vessels requisitioned, commandeered, chartered, purchased, seized and under contract to build 4,500 ships of 17½ million gross tons.

The United States Shipping Board built 2,313 ships of over 13,600,000 deadweight tons. It has reduced this total by sale and otherwise to 482

To Members of the Foreign Service



Photograph by Karl Obert

WEDDING PARTY IN THE BLACK FOREST, BADEN

Make Your Spare Hours Profitable

Wedding customs are a matter of universal interest. So are a dozen and one other traditions, habits and ways of living of the people around your post.

Your descriptions of the work and play of the people in your locality, or your photographs picturing their modes of life, may well be of surpassing interest to your countrymen. The National Geographic Magazine, which has as its purpose the increase and diffusion of humanized geography of every land, is constantly in the market for such manuscripts and photographs.

The Magazine offers you, therefore, an opportunity to increase your income. You are invited to submit your manuscripts and photographs for consideration. Liberal rates will be paid for all material accepted. Write today for our illustrated booklet describing the type of photograph wanted. Make your hobbies pay their way.

National Geographic Magazine

Washington, D. C.



Photo from Prescott Childs

VISA APPLICANTS

Vice Consul Prescott Childs, Montevideo, Uruguay, sent this photograph last March, saying it was a group of recent applicants at that Consulate for temporary visitors' visas. The visas were granted and some of our readers may have seen these visitors, as they were in Ringling Brothers' Circus. They are not Uruguayans but from French Equatorial Africa

As a result of the Merchant Marine Act of 1928, shipbuilding activities in American yards have been greatly stimulated. Contracts for 17 ships have been awarded, totaling nearly \$70,000,000. These, together with additional ships to be constructed under the mail contracts to be awarded, will make a total of 52 ships, costing approximately \$235,000,000, most of which are to be built in the next five years. They will all be of the most modern types and comparable to any in the world.

The purpose of this résumé is to point out some of the high spots of what has been accomplished by the United States at the close of the first decade since the passage of the Merchant Marine Act of 1920, which mandated an adequate merchant ma-

ships of about 4,000,000 deadweight tons, of which 227, or about 2,000,000 deadweight tons, are in active operation.

rine and contemplates that American shipping shall regain its prestige upon the seas.—Merchant Marine Bulletin, March, 1930.



POWER STATION

ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION

BUILDERS OF SUPERSTRUCTURES AS WELL AS SUBSTRUCTURES



IRRIGATION DAM

Office Buildings - Industrial Plants - Warehouses - Railroads and Terminals - Foundations Underpinning - Filtration and Sewage Plants - Hydro-Electric Developments - Power Houses Highways - River and Harbor Developments - Bridges and Bridge Piers - Mine Shafts and Tunnels

THE FOUNDATION COMPANY

NEW YORK

ATLANTA
PITTSBURGH

CHICAGO
SAN FRANCISCO

LOS ANGELES
MONTREAL

LONDON
MEXICO CITY

LIMA
CARTAGENA

THE FOUNDATION COMPANY (FOREIGN)

NEW YORK

LONDON
PARIS

TOKYO

ATHENS
BRUSSELS



A POLITICAL BOOK SHELF

By JOHN CARTER, *Department*

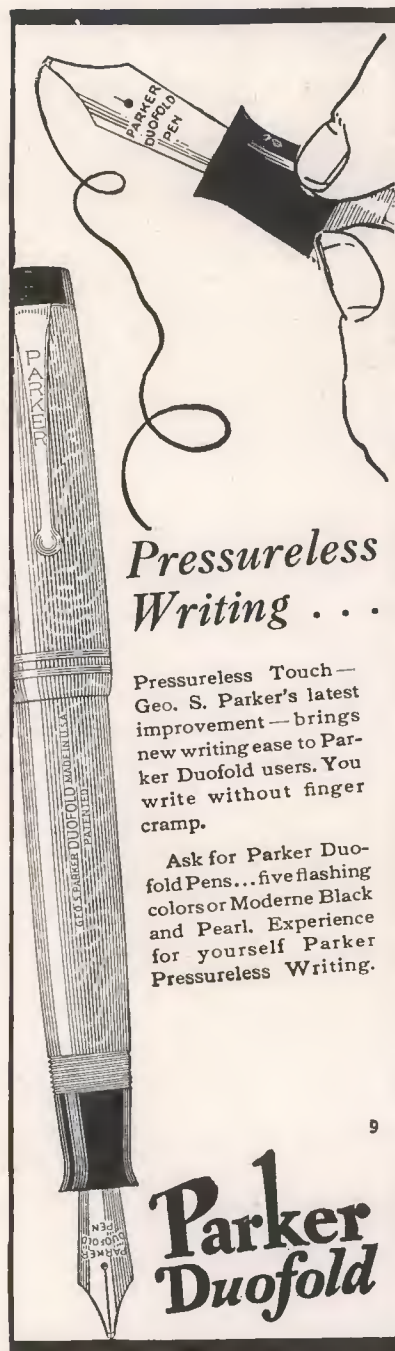
The rising tide of color is beginning to arouse apprehensive literature on behalf of the submerged whites. An extraordinary and stimulating book by Lieut. Col. Arthur Osburn, "Must England Lose India? The Nemesis of Empire" (Knopf, \$2.75) affords a unique theory of the current unrest in Hindostan. The author is a British officer long stationed in India. He claims that India is being lost on the playing fields of Eton, that the "public school complex," the bullying, fagging tradition of British upper class education—as revealed in "Stalky & Co" and generally in the philosophy which Kipling preached—is responsible for Indian resentment. He cites cases of brutality to natives, which he claims to have witnessed or to have known about which bear out his assertions. In brief, he argues, the trouble in India is not so much constitutional but personal, the arrogance and unsympathetic tactlessness of the individual British administrators. It is reported that his book has been banned in India. It is an intimate indictment of the Anglo-Indian community, which, if left unrefuted, will do much to alienate sympathy from the bearers of the White Man's Burden south of the High Pamirs.

Another book, equally disquieting, is H. L. Wilkinson's "The World's Population Problems and a White Australia" (London, P. S. King and Son, 18 shillings). The author summarizes the problems of population principally in the Pacific region. Among his conclusions is the statement that—

"War may not have been used to solve over-population problems during the past few hundred years, but there is nothing to prove that desperate men and nations will not return to a practice which solved pressure of population difficulties for countless centuries."

More on the "symposium" order is "Population," by Corrado Gini, Shiroshi Nasu, Olive E. Baker, and Robert R. Kuczvnski (University of Chicago, \$3). For those inflamed by Osburn or alarmed by Wilkinson, it offers a suave and measured statement of the entire problem.

Four recent publications of specialized appeal may be added as a footnote to population problems. Shepard B. Clough's "History of the Flemish Movement in Belgium" (Richard R. Smith, New York, \$3) is a complete, reliable and impartial account of Flemish nationalism. Unusual interest attaches to Salvador de Madariaga's "Spain" (Scribner's, \$5). The author has won an international reputation for his biting irony and



Pressureless Writing . . .

Pressureless Touch—Geo. S. Parker's latest improvement—brings new writing ease to Parker Duofold users. You write without finger cramp.

Ask for Parker Duofold Pens... five flashing colors or Moderne Black and Pearl. Experience for yourself Parker Pressureless Writing.

Parker Duofold

SOLD BY GOOD STORES EVERYWHERE
Distributors in all principal cities



STEEL

Rolled and Heavy Forged Products

RAILS, SHAPES, "CARNEGIE" BEAMS, PLATES
CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

Wire and Wire Products

WIRE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, NAILS, STAPLES,
SPRINGS, WIRE ROPE, FENCING, COPPER
ELECTRICAL WIRE AND CABLES

Tubular Products

"NATIONAL" WELDED AND "NATIONAL-SHELBY" SEAM.
LESS PIPE, STANDARD PIPE, OIL COUNTRY
GOODS, BOILER TUBES, CYLINDERS

Sheet Steel Products

BLACK AND GALVANIZED SHEETS, TIN AND TERNE
PLATE FOR ALL KNOWN USES

Fabricated Steel Structures

BRIDGES, BUILDINGS, TOWERS, TURNTABLES, WELDED
OR RIVETED PLATEWORK, BARGES, TANKS

Trackwork

"LORAIN" FROGS, SWITCHES, CROSSINGS AND
SPECIAL TRACKWORK

Specialties

INDUSTRIAL CARS, FORGED GRINDING BALLS, STEEL
CASTINGS, PIG IRON, COAL, COKE, PORTLAND
CEMENT, ATLAS WHITE PORTLAND CEMENT,
ATLAS LUMNITE CEMENT

BRANCH OFFICES, REPRESENTATIVES, AND
CORRESPONDENTS THROUGHOUT
THE WORLD

United States Steel Products Company

30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

COLUMBIA DEPARTMENT

Russ Building, 235 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, Calif.

Export Distributors of the Products of

Carnegie Steel Company, The Lorain Steel Company, National
Tube Company, Illinois Steel Company, American Bridge
Company, American Steel & Wire Company, American
Sheet & Tin Plate Company, Tennessee Coal, Iron
& Railroad Company.

for his criticism of British and American policy towards disarmament. His book is brilliant, readable and comprehensive. His summary of Spanish politics is that "the ambition of every Spanish general is to save his country by becoming her ruler." "Hindenburg—The Man and the Legend" (New York, Morrow, \$3.50), by Margaret Goldsmith and Frederick Voigt, is an amusing attempt to debunk the victor of Tannenberg. In spite of some rather shrewd criticisms of his military career, the book leaves the President of the Reich a pretty big man. "Peter's City," by Thomas Ewing Moore (Macmillan, \$4) is a strongly pro-Vatican account of the Holy See's relations with the Kingdom of Italy by a former Secretary of the American Embassy, Rome. He even goes so far as to liken the pre-Fascist Italian democracy to Soviet Russia. His partisanship, however, does not prevent his book from supplying a good account of the settlement of the "Roman Question."

The chief interest in this question is its illustration of the persistence of historical problems. Nothing is ever settled in diplomacy. Problems buried for centuries bob up the moment political pressure is removed. Hence no American diplomat can afford to ignore the historical aspirations of such peoples as those of Spain, Germany and Flanders. Sooner or later they will clamor for settlement, and eventually they will be solved.

A TOAST TO TOTTEN

(A toast to Ralph J. Totten, American Consul General at Large, at a luncheon given in his honor by Consul General Francis B. Keene at Geneva, Switzerland, December 5, 1915.)

When an Argus-eyed inspector,
An itinerant detector,
Bearing mandate from our masters, with your orbit intersects,
In your boots you may be quaking,
And your heart be palpitating,
Lest he find you are deficient in what Washington expects.

When he makes suggestions kindly
As to errors you made blindly,
And you find in him a critic with the spirit of a friend,
While his insight you admire,
You see talent even higher,
For with diplomatic tact it is in admirable blend.

So my toast is Ralph J. Totten,
From the sunny land of cotton,
Poet, Sportsman, Master Consul, who deserved to rise,
and rose,
Service spirit stimulating,
Duty's norm impersonating,
He has bettered us by coming; we're regretful when he goes.

FRANCIS B. KEENE,
American Consul General, Zurich, Switzerland.



(PUBLIC—No. 445—71ST CONGRESS)
(H. R. 11371)

An act to provide living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, for civilian officers and employes of the Government stationed in foreign countries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That under such regulations as the heads of the respective departments concerned may prescribe and the President approve, civilian officers and employes of the Government having permanent station in a foreign country may be furnished, without cost to them, living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, in Government-owned or rented buildings and, where such quarters are not available, may be granted an allowance for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1765 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 70): *Provided*, That said rented quarters or allowances in lieu thereof may be furnished only within the limits of such appropriations as may be made therefor, which appropriations are hereby authorized: *Provided further*, That the provisions of this act shall apply only to those civilian officers and employes who are citizens of the United States.

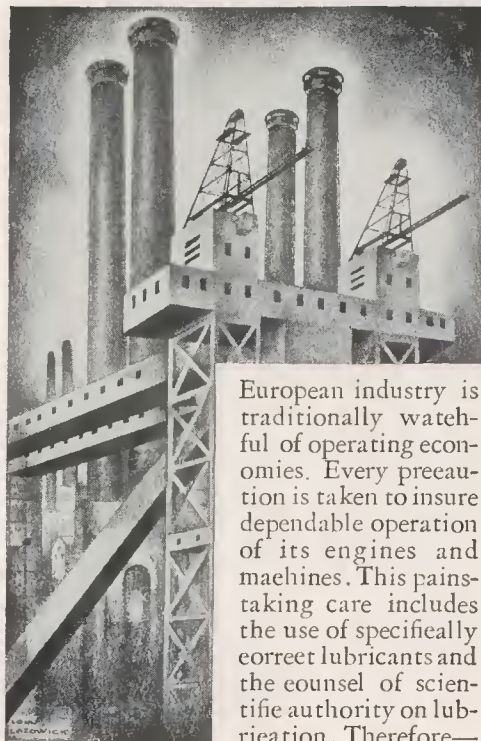
Approved, June 26, 1930.

TRADE DETAILS

During the period between April 20 to July 20, 1930, the officers named below were, according to a statement kindly furnished by the Division of Foreign Service Administration, sent on the following trade details or conferences:

Consul Walter A. Foote (Medan): Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland (Oregon), Seattle, St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Akron, New York, New Orleans; *Consul George C. Hanson (Harbin)*: Boston; *Consul Walter A. Leonard (Bremen)*: Chicago, New York; *Consul Jay C. Huston (Shanghai)*: Los Angeles, San Francisco, Denver, St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Akron, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia; *Consul John G. Erhardt (Department)*: Los Angeles; *Consul Lynn W. Franklin (Saltillo)*: Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Indianapolis, Memphis, Houston, Galveston; *Consul General Thomas D. Bowman (Bel-fast)*: New York, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Portland (Oregon), Vancouver, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles; *Consul Clarence E. Macy (Port Elizabeth)*: St. Louis; *Consul J. Rives Childs (Bucharest)*: New York; *Consul Erik W. Magnuson (Halifax)*: New York; *Consul Joel C. Hudson (Sydney, Australia)*: San Francisco, Portland (Oregon), St. Louis; Chief, Division of Foreign Service Administration, *Herbert C. Hengstler (Department)*: Los Angeles.

DO YOU WANT A BINDER? In last month's issue readers were asked to write and say if a binder for the JOURNAL, as there described, was desired by them. So far only three letters have been received expressing such a desire; and unless a much larger number of subscribers is heard from, the proposition will have to be abandoned for the time being.



European industry is traditionally watchful of operating economies. Every precaution is taken to insure dependable operation of its engines and machines. This painstaking care includes the use of specifically correct lubricants and the counsel of scientific authority on lubrication. Therefore—

of the foremost industrial companies in Europe, 80% use Vacuum Oil Company lubricants for their exacting requirements.

The practical help of Vacuum Oil Company lubrication engineers is available to industrial officials and plant managers in every industry in every civilized country.



Lubricating Oils

VACUUM OIL COMPANY



In Office, Factory and School

In the commercial centers—in the cities and far-off corners of the earth—in the schools of every nation—in fact wherever human thoughts and deeds are recorded—there you will find the Underwood the standard of typewriter efficiency.

Stenographers and typists realize that "Underwood" means fast and accurate typewriting—with less fatigue and better work. The executive, too, appreciates the value of "Underwood" work—clear, clean-cut letters down to the last carbon, and he knows that when a letter is "Underwood" typed it represents the company's highest standard.

A demonstration on the "Underwood" will place you under no obligation.

Underwood

Standard, Noiseless and Portable Typewriters—Bookkeeping Machines

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER COMPANY

Division of Underwood Elliott Fisher Company

1413 New York Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.

"UNDERWOOD, ELLIOTT-FISHER, SUNDBRAND—SPEED THE WORLD'S BUSINESS"

UNDERWOOD

Speeds the World's Business

FOREIGN SERVICE BLUES

By JOHN CARTER, *Department*

(The "blood-curdling poem" sung at the Department of State's Spring Show, April 11, 1930; see JOURNAL, May, 1930.)

Now Mister Homer Byington's come to our house to stay,
To mop the little Consuls up and send the boys away
To Singapore and Lagos and to Boma and to Bath,
No Foreign Service Officer dares face the F. P. wrath.
But sometimes in the evenings, when the clerks have gone
to bed,

He sits alone a-worrying and a-thinking in his head
Of brand-new ways to shunt the Consul Generals all
about,
For Byington will get you ef you don't watch out.

Once there was a fungus by the name of Percy Fyffe,
Who wore pink spats and never ate potatoes with a
knife.

He talked of deah old Hahvahd, twirled a malacca cane,
And performed his lowly duties with an air of well-
bred pain.

One morning as he tottered in at half-past 10 or so,
With a lily in his button-hole, he learned that he must go
To a pestilential jungle on the horrid Afric coast,
Where they eat quinine for breakfast instead of buttered
toast,
And you have to bring your coffin—Oh, believe without
doubt

That Byington will get you ef you don't watch out.

The Service held a diamond (rough) by name of Blodgett
Blink,

Who thought these Aide Memoirees were a kind of
fancy drink.

He had never been to college and he talked like comic
strips,

And he thought that savoir-fairy was a dago word for
hips.

One morning when he swaggered in to do his daily stunt
He surprised the gallant messengers with words unfit
to print.

The order lay before him, most horrible of shames,
Blink was to represent us at the Palace of St. James.
It all went blank before him, and he perished with a
shout,

For Byington will get you ef you don't watch out.

So all you little Consuls, just mind your P's and Q's,
Don't go wearing fancy garters and lay right off the
booze.

Don't dress like Piccadilly nor yet like Rogers Peet,
And don't use canes to help you to get across the street.
But always be respectful and do your work—and mine—
Or I'll live to see you ordered to some post below the
Line.

It may be Pernambuco or Suva or Tangier,
But you can bet your pay-check it won't be nice or near,
And you'll get black-water fever or leprosy or gout,
For Byington will get you ef you don't watch out.



HOW WOULD YOU SEAT HIM?

By MAURICE P. DUNLAP, *Consul, Stockholm*

Such a discussion was in the air;
Diplomats running here and there,
Dowagers shaking their feathered heads,
Butlers whisp'ring to chamber-maids,
The Foreign Office completely upset—
A dinner the cause of all this fret
With a question of *rank* disturbing it:
Where should the Consul's husband sit?

As for the Consul, *her* place must be
Two to the left of the host, you see—
Next to another lady, true—
But what could the Social Adviser do
When sex and position no longer gibe,
One lady a doctor, another scribe
With husbands all making the best of it—
(Oh, *where* shall the Consul's husband sit?)

The official hostess shook her head—
She sipped some grape-juice—and so, to bed;
But the Social Adviser winked his eye
(A dapper young man who was really shy)
To all the invited guests he'd call:
"There'll be no dinner—only a *ball*."
So 'twas decided—a clever hit:
The Consul's husband could dance *or* sit.

L'Envoi (for Consular Ladies)

A teapot tempest, perhaps you say,
But the question may come up any day,
And 'twill be up to You, if you're "in" at all,
To seat the husband—or give a ball.

THE NATIONAL GAME AND THE WAR

Scene, an American Consulate in a seaport of the United Kingdom. Enters a clerk who announces that the Military Intelligence Officer wishes to speak with the Consul on the 'phone. The Consul picks up the 'phone and the following conversation takes place:

Military Intelligence Officer speaking: "Is this the American Consul?"

"Yes."

"We have a suspect, without papers, on a steamer now in the dock but although we have interrogated him at length we are unable to decide whether he is lying or whether his remarkable tale is true. Would you mind coming down and questioning him so that we could have the benefit of your personal opinion in the matter as the man claims to be an American?"

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK

26 Broadway

New York



The Mark of Quality

Socony Products

Illuminating Oils

Lubricating Oils and Greases

Gasoline and Motor Spirits

Fuel Oil

Asphaltums, Binders and

Road Oils

Paraffine Wax and Candles

Lamps, Stoves and Heaters

Branch Offices in the Principal Cities of

Japan	Philippine Islands	Turkey
China	Straits Settlements	Syria
Indo-China	Netherlands India	Bulgaria
Siam	South Africa	Greece
India	Australasia	Jugoslavia



"Certainly."

"Then I will send my car up for you immediately."

The car having arrived and the Consul having proceeded to the dock he is met by the Military Intelligence Officer who expresses his appreciation of the trouble the Consul is taking and presents him to the man in question, whereupon the following conversation ensues:

"Are you an American?"

"Yes, sir."

"How old are you?"

"Thirty-one."

"Where were you born?"

"San Francisco, Calif."

"You probably know from the questions of these officers that you are under suspicion and if you are an American it is essential that you stick to the truth in order that I may be of any help to you. How long did you live in San Francisco?"

"Until I was 17."

"Did you go to school?"

"Yes."

"What school?"

"The public school."

"Besides the school work did you go in for sports?"

"Yes, sir."

"What sports did you play?"

"Baseball, football, and all games."

"What was your favorite sport?"

"Baseball."

"What position did you play?"

"All positions."

"Surely you must have had one position you played better than the others!"

"No, sir."

"You played baseball nearly all the time you were at school?"

"Yes, sir."

"Name me the positions on a baseball team."

Silence

"Can't you tell me any of the positions on a baseball team?"

"No, sir."

Military Intelligence Officer: "Thank you very much indeed Mr. Consul. I do not think we need take any more of your valuable time. We will just send this gentleman up to London for further investigation."

PASSPORT PROFANITY

Consul O. Gaylord Marsh, at Sydney, Nova Scotia, recounts the following humorous incident in connection with the final examination of an unsophisticated young lady who applied for an immigration visa, and who evidently thought that the questions on Form No. 256 were only a beginning of the investigation of her character.

Consul: "Do you swear to the——"?

Applicant (interrupting): "No, sir!"

Consul: "But, don't you, really?"

Applicant (blushing deeply): "Well, yes, sir; just a few little words."



JOHN L. MERRILL, PRESIDENT

- NORTH AMERICA
- CENTRAL AMERICA
- SOUTH AMERICA
- CUBA, PORTO RICO
- DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
- HAITI

"Via All America"

CABLE SERVICE

With its background of 50 years' experience in serving the Three Americas, with 47 offices in the principal Latin American cities, "Via All America" offers exceptionally fast, accurate and reliable communication service to Central and South America and the West Indies.

ALL AMERICA CABLES

INCORPORATED

NEW YORK

67 BROAD STREET

(WASHINGTON OFFICE, 1126 CONNECTICUT AVENUE)



POTATO DUMPLINGS

(Kartoffelklösse)

(Consul E. Talbot Smith, at Hamburg, recently sent this recipe to an inquirer in the United States who desired to know how these dumplings were made by better-class Germans 70 years ago in Hamburg; he added that the recipes vary according to taste and the different districts of the neighborhood.)

One soup-plateful of either raw or boiled potatoes, grated or rubbed; three wooden spoons-ful of flour (wheaten); two eggs; and one spoon-ful of hot fat or lard. Salt to taste.

If the potatoes have been boiled, let them stand until cold. Then mix with the flour and salt. Beat up the eggs, either together or yolks and whites apart. Roll balls between the palms of the hands, after adding the hot fat, and boil at once. The dumplings are ready when they come to the surface of the boiling water in the cooking pot. Drain and served with stewed pears or apples. May also be eaten with meat. If pre-

ferred, the dumplings may be boiled in hot fat instead of water.

Some families add nutmeg to taste. Others add sultana raisins or small cubes of bacon. Also, instead of wheaten flour, potato flour may be used.

MEDITATIONS OF THE MAIL CLERK

She came for mail, the blue-eyed maiden said,
Demure she waited,
Letters from home and many a schoolboy friend
With fond love freighted.

She called for letters; fat and fragrant ones
She scanned—meanwhile—
Yet as she sat and coyly glanced about,
Soft dimples smiling,

Her fair eyes strayed, as though the scenes of home
No longer haunted;
And then it dawned on him—'T was not the mail—
A male she wanted.

—C. S. R.

SPECIALLY EQUIPPED for EXPORT and IMPORT TRAFFIC



The Erie Railroad is geared for heavy duty. Its dependable road haul service, coupled with unsurpassed lighterage and terminal facilities in New York Harbor, make it the choice of exporters and importers.

H. F. Bell, Foreign Freight Traffic Manager
50 Church Street, New York

D. R. Thompson, Foreign Freight Agent
Utilities Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

C. E. Lodge, Foreign Freight Agent
Produce Exchange Bldg., New York

FOREIGN AGENCIES:

LONDON 4 Billiter Street LIVERPOOL 17 Brunswick Street BIRMINGHAM 1 Cannon Street GLASGOW 90 Mitchell St. HAMBURG Kirdorfhaus Ferdinandstr. 38/44 BREMEN Holzporte 10

ERIE RAILROAD SYSTEM

The Heavy Duty Railroad



SPORTS

By BOB CONSIDINE, *Washington Post*

I believed that my resignation from the Department of State promised halcyon days for the long suffering readers of the JOURNAL, but the generalissimo who corrals the JOURNAL's words each month, Mr. Augustus E. Ingram, tells me that he would like me to continue to contribute these notes.

This masterful bit of editorial strategy took place yesterday, with the temperature at 104. Today, relieved of my duties for the Department, things are different. It is 106. All this conspires to make this column duller than it has been for a long time. Perhaps a month.

The Department's tennis team has died of a combination of pediculous weather and inanition. Since the start of the Departmental League rain has visited Washington exactly five times. By some puzzling coincidence it happens that on these five occasions the Department's netmen were scheduled to play matches against the other racqueters laboring under the auspices of the Gentleman with Star Spangled Trousers.

That series of setbacks sapped what tennis enthusiasm had survived a sizzling summer. We turned in our franchise, and the Department find itself unrepresented in the healm of organized sport.

The Secretary has played a bit on the White House court, the last time with the British Ambassador, Sir Ronald Lindsay (whose imposing height should make him a wonderful server), Dr. Rowe and Francis White. Scores on application.

Other than that the column might just as well end. Little or no golf is percolating. Baseball is extinct. However, the morning papers tell of the flight of Ambassador Harry Guggenheim and Philip Melville from Habana to Mitchell Field in 12½ hours.

Send in some sport dispatches.

[EDITOR: Mr. Considine, perhaps owing to the heat or a feeling of modesty, fails to report that on July 12 he won the District of Columbia Singles Championship, the most important of local tennis honors.]



Photo from Wilbur Keblinger

AMERICAN AND JAPANESE BASEBALL TEAMS IN BOMBAY LEAGUE

(See item in the May issue of the JOURNAL)



LETTERS

(This column will be devoted each month to the publication, in whole or in part, of letters to the Editor from members of the Association on topics of general interest. Such letters are to be regarded as expressing merely the personal opinion of the writers and not necessarily the views of the JOURNAL, or of the Association.)

PRAISE FOR JOHN CARTER

WEST BARRINGTON, R. I., July 11, 1930.

Editor, American Foreign Service Journal:

DEAR SIR: As still a constant reader of the FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL, may I express my appreciation of Mr. Carter's monthly contribution on new books? Something of the kind ought to have been started long ago. I hope that Mr. Carter will be good enough to keep it up for a long time to come.

Cordially yours,

D. C. POOLE.

PUGSLEY SCHOLARSHIPS

Sheffield, England, June 24, 1930.

The Editor, Foreign Service Journal:

Sir: I have been informed by Mr. Chester D. Pugsley that Princeton University is giving a consular

scholarship in conjunction with Mr. Pugsley. This scholarship provides free tuition and a cash stipend of \$200 for the current academic year.

Mr. Pugsley has also given a similar scholarship at the University of Virginia, two at Earlham College in Richmond, Ind.; one at Illinois Woman's College at Jacksonville, Fla., and three at Rollins College.

It is very probable that you have this information, but in the event you have not, it may be of interest to the readers of your Journal.

Very respectfully yours,

WILLIAM J. GRACE,
American Consul.

COORDINATION

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Riga, Latvia, June 26, 1930.

The Editor, Foreign Service Journal:

Sir: The economies, and the closer coordination of the work of the Legation, the Consulate General and the office of the Commercial Attache at Budapest, achieved through their being housed together, of which Minister J. Butler Wright wrote so interestingly for the June issue of the FOREIGN SERVICE JOURNAL, can not but point to the greater results that would follow from the direct subordination of all the agencies of the United States at each capital to the United States Minister or Ambassador. This system is in smooth operation in this city

THIS FLEET is our Peacetime Protection



By Ewing Galloway, N. Y.

An American freighter steaming into New York

“MARKETS—more markets,” is the cry of America's industries. And, with domestic outlets glutted, the answer lies overseas—in new foreign markets, and ready access to them.

The markets are there. And access to them is amply provided by the new American Merchant Marine—a mighty fleet made up of the hundreds of speedy, modern, American-flag ships in the 16 United States Shipping Board lines and the many other lines developed by the Shipping Board.

No matter what you make, these American-flag lines can carry your products safely, swiftly, economically to new markets. Their experienced American operators will be glad to show you how they can aid your business. Write for information.

UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD
MERCHANT FLEET CORPORATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.



at the Legations of Germany, Denmark, Estonia, Italy, Japan, Poland, Sweden, Czechoslovakia, Turkey and Yugoslavia. Several countries maintain only Consulates here. Most of the rest have Honorary Consuls who combine Consular with commercial premises. With the exception of Poland, which nominates a Consul, but combines the Consulate and Legation premises, the above-named countries conduct all their services at Riga not only beneath a single roof and a single coat of arms, but under a sole head, the Minister. An officer, who may or may not have been a Consul at a non-diplomatic post immediately before his assignment to Riga, is charged with Consular functions; others act as Commercial Attache, Agricultural Attache, etc. The requirement of specialists is met by the appointing power, or powers, and these officers, all of whom have the titles of secretaries or attaches, may be sent to a non-Legation post after their turn of duty here. The staff is a unit. Translations and summaries from the press, the gathering of materials and the stenotyping are in common to all the services, including the Military, Naval, Agricultural or other Attaches' offices, and telephone central, messengers, and disbursing and accounting office are in common. These Legations are enabled to serve the needs of their governments with far smaller staffs than would be required if separate offices were maintained. If there is a press of work in one division, it can be done, as a rule, without embarrassing the others, which are unlikely to have similar emergencies at the same time. Such is the practice of ten countries which make no boast of their business organization and efficiency.

DAVID BELL MACGOWAN.

CONTENTS

	PAGE
THE VICTORY—By <i>J. Emerson Haven</i>	277
THE HALL MARK—By <i>Thomas D. Bowman</i>	278
PRIMO DE RIVERA—By <i>Marguerite Auld Edwards</i>	279
ANNUAL MEETING, ASSOCIATION.....	280
REPORT, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.....	281
LEGACIES TO ASSOCIATION.....	283
HOMES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, VIII	285
FOREIGN SERVICE CHANGES.....	294
BIRTHS and MARRIAGES.....	297
NECROLOGY	298
COMMERCIAL WORK FOR JUNE.....	299
FOREIGN SERVICE SCHOOL VISIT TO DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—By <i>Bernard Guster</i>	300
PRAGUE INTERNATIONAL SAMPLE FAIR—By <i>Consul General A. C. Frost</i>	301
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE CHANGES.....	302
U. S. NAVAL ATTACHES.....	303
A POLITICAL BOOKSHELF—By <i>John Carter</i> ..	307
A TOAST TO TOTTEN.....	308
PUBLIC NO. 445, LIVING QUARTERS, ETC... ..	309
FOREIGN SERVICE BLUES—By <i>John Carter</i> ..	310
HOW WOULD YOU SEAT HIM?—By <i>M. P. Dunlap</i>	311
SPORTS—By <i>Robert Considine</i>	314

*To the Foreign Service Officers
of the United States*

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company puts at your disposal its service in writing your bond. Special attention is given to the requirements of Foreign Service Officers, our Washington Manager, Mr. Chas. R. Hooff, having specialized in this service since 1912. When you have in mind any form of bond, this company will be pleased to serve you.

R. HOWARD BLAND, President.

United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company

ASSETS—OVER \$69,000,000.00

Washington Branch Office

Suite 327, Southern Building, 15th and H Streets, Washington, D. C.



ONE of the world's really distinguished hotels. Ten minutes from the center of Washington, from the White House itself. Yet as isolated from the complexities of city life as if it were miles away. An hotel of luxurious appointments. Deft, tactful service, with all the sports facilities of a modern country club. Tennis, riding, swimming at your door. Excellent golf near by. Eighteen hundred outside rooms, each bedroom with private bath.

Management

UNITED REALTIES, INC.

D. R. LANE, *President*

GEORGE E. ALLEN, *General Manager*

Wardman Park Hotel
Washington, D. C.



One more dive . . . then let's see what the market is doing!



Truly marvelous is the vast cycle of service which invests the passenger to Europe on the LEVIATHAN, World's Largest Ship. Distance cannot make him a victim of market upheavals! Less than sixty seconds from the famous Pompeion Pool is a completely equipped brokerage office . . . the

big beard . . . up-ta-the-minute quotations . . . experts to phane orders. Ship-to-shore telephone service to any American exchange . . . and a private phone in your stateroom. Yet withol this mammoth flyer is o pleasure ship . . . there's the gorgeous Club Leviathon . . . o sprightly Ben Bernie orchestro . . . "Talkies" . . . sun-swept decks for golf, tennis ond "sun-tonning" . . . an American cuisine that is on epicurean morvel . . . ond impeccable personal service from stewards who speak your own language. To Europe? Soil on the LEVIATHAN!

UNITED STATES LINES



For complete information see your local agent or our offices: New York, 45 Broadway; Atlanta, 714 Healy Building; Boston, 75 State St.; Chicago, 216 N. Michigan Avenue; Cleveland, Hotel Cleveland Building; Detroit, 1514 Washington Boulevard; St. Louis, Jefferson Hotel; Philadelphia, 1600 Walnut Street; San Francisco, 691 Market Street; Los Angeles, 756 South Broadway; Minneapolis, 312 Second Avenue, South; Seattle, 1337 Fourth Avenue; Pittsburgh, 705 Liberty Avenue; Washington, 1027 Connecticut Avenue; Little Rock, Wallace Building; New Orleans, Hibernia Bank Building. Berlin, Unter den Linden 9; Hamburg, Car. Alsterthar & Ferdinandstrasse; London, 14 Regent Street, S. W. 1.; Paris, 10 Rue Auber. THESE LINES OFFER A COMPLETE FREIGHT SERVICE — SPECIFY AMERICAN SHIPS FOR YOUR FOREIGN TRADE.